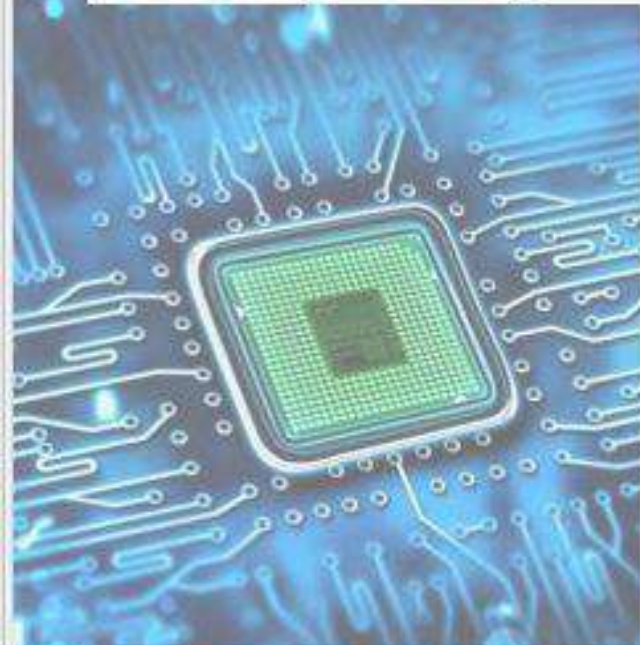




## **RF & MICROWAVE COMPONENTS**



**High-Q, Low ESR Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors**  
**High-Q High Voltage Custom Assemblies**





## Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

Passive Plus, Inc. (PPI) specializes in Magnetic & Non-Magnetic HI-Q Components, supplying reliable quality components to the Aerospace, Telecommunications, Medical Semiconductor, and Military industries.



*Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.*

PPI is an American (New York), Woman owned Business.

- PPI is ISO9001:2015 certified.
- S level reliability
- Mil C 55681
- Mil C 123
- EAR 99 Compliant
- No ITAR Issues
- Export Compliant
- RoHS and REACH Compliant

PPI has been audited by some of the largest and most successful companies in the world and has received extremely high audit ratings. We believe our audit ratings are best in class. PPI is known for Outstanding Customer Service and RF Engineering Support.



# Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

## Product Features

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance

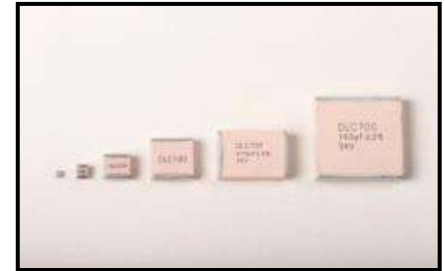
## Product Applications

### Typical Functional Applications:

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

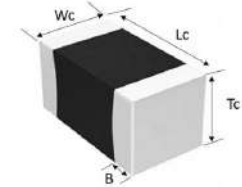
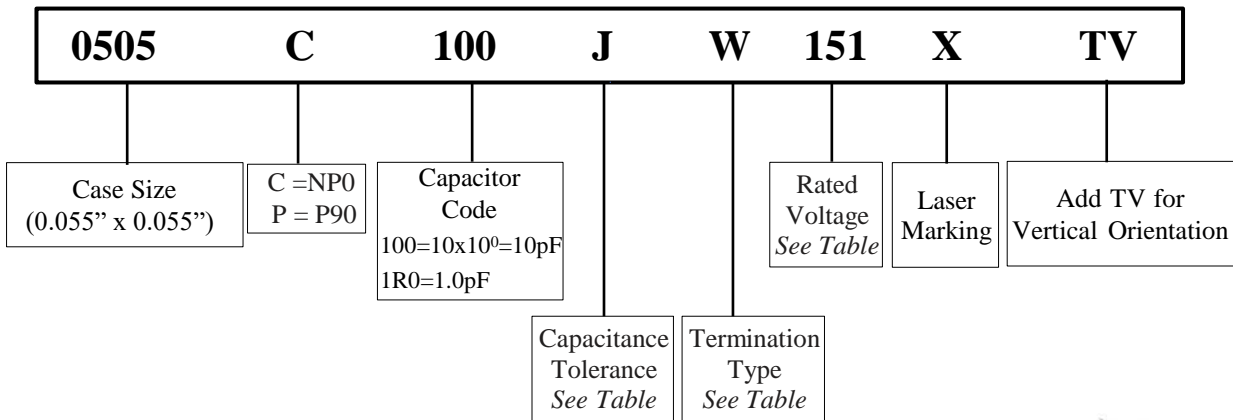
### Typical Circuit Applications:

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers •
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

## Part Numbering



## Case Size (Chip) Dimensions

	<b>0505</b>	<b>1111</b>	<b>2225</b>	<b>3838</b>	<b>6040</b>	<b>7676</b>
Length (L <sub>c</sub> )	0.055 + 0.015 to -0.010 (1.40 +0.38 to -0.25)	0.110 + 0.020 to -0.010 (2.79 +0.51 to -0.25)	0.225 -0.010+0.25 (5.72 -0.25+ 0.64)	0.380 -0.010+0.015 (9.65 -0.25+0.38)	0.614 -0.010+0.015 (15.6 -0.25+0.38)	0.760 -0.010+0.015 (19.3 -0.25+0.38)
Width (W <sub>c</sub> )	0.055 ± .010 (1.40 ±0.25)	0.110 ± 0.010 (2.79 ±0.25)	0.250 ± 0.015 (6.35 ± 0.38)	0.380 ±0.010 (9.65±0.25)	0.433±0.010 (11.0±0.25)	0.760±0.010 (19.3±0.25)
Thickness (T <sub>c</sub> )	0.057 (1.45 max)	0.10 (2.54 max)	0.165 (4.19) max	0.170 (4.32) max	0.154±0.008 (3.90±0.20) max	0.154±0.008 (3.90±0.20) max
Overlap (B)	0.02 (0.51max)	0.024 (0.60max)	0.020~0.047 (0.50~1.20) max	0.024~0.059 (0.60~1.50)	0.063 (1.60) max	0.063 (1.60) max



# Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

## ⚡ Temperature Coefficient

C: -55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C; >125 °C to 200°C 0±60ppm/°C  
P: +90±20ppm/°C

## ⚡ Rated Capacitance

Capacitance is less than 10pF; for example: 1R0=1.0pF, R denotes decimal point

Capacitance greater than 10pF; for example: 101=100pF, the third number is the power of 10

## ⚡ Tolerance

Capacitance Tolerance								
Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tolerance	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

## ⚡ Termination Types and Codes

Magnetic			⊗ Non-Magnetic		
Termination Code	Type	Magnetic Termination	Termination Code	Type	Non-Magnetic Terminations
W	Chip	100% Sn Solder over Nickel Plating	P	Chip	100% Sn Solder over Copper Plating
L	Chip	90% Sn10%Pb Tin/Lead Solder over Nickel Plating	MN	Microstrip	Silver-Plated Copper
MS	Microstrip	Silver-Plated Copper	AN	Axial Ribbon	
AR	Axial Ribbon		FN	Radial Ribbon	
RR	Radial Ribbon		RN	Axial Wire	
RW	Axial Wire		BN	Radial Wire	
AW	Radial Wire				



## Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

### ⚡ Voltages

Code	Rated Voltage	Code	Rated Voltage
500	50V	152	1500V
101	100V	202	2000V
151	150V	252	2500V
201	200V	302	3000V
301	300V	362	3600V
501	500V	502	5000V
102	1000V	722	7200V

### ⚡ Laser Marking

An “X” at the end of the part number indicates the part is marked.

### ⚡ Packing Orientation Option

TV: Tape carrier packaging Vertical Orientation.

Vertical orientation means that if the part is lifted from the tape without any rotation and placed on a substrate, its electrodes will be perpendicular to the substrate plane. This impacts the frequency of First Parallel Resonance (suckout).

### ⚡ Performance Requirements

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

All products are in compliance with RoHS instruction.





Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

### Product Features

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.1pF to 1000pF
- Working Voltage: 150V
- Extended Voltage: 300V

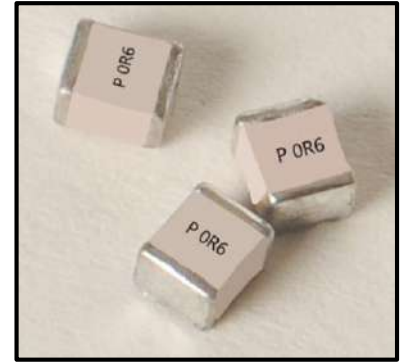
### Product Applications

#### Typical Functional Applications:

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

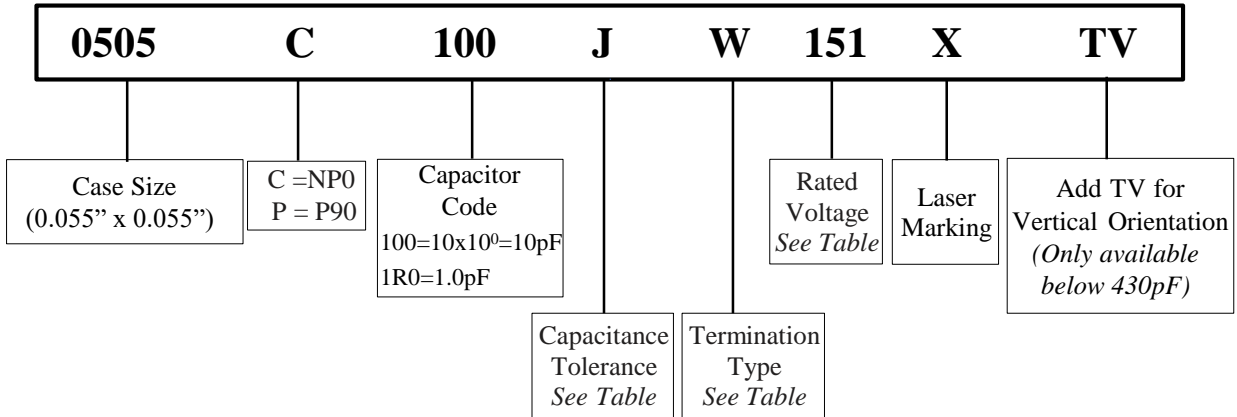
#### Typical Circuit Applications:

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits  
and Delay Lines



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

### Part Numbering



### Capacitance Tolerance Codes

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
<b>Tol.</b>	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

### Voltage Codes

Voltage	Code
50V	500
100V	101
150V	151
200V	201
250V	251
300V	301



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

**0505C/P Capacitance Values**

- NP0=C; P90=P
- **Maximum Capacitance: 0505P=100pF; 0505C=1000pF**
- \* - Available in NP0 only.

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.



Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
0.1	0R1	A,B, C,D	150V	250V or 300V	2.4	2R4	A,B, C,D	150V	250V or 300V	20	200	F,G, J,K	150V	250V or 300V	160	161*	F,G, J,K	150V	200V
0.2	0R2				2.7	2R7				22	220				180	181*			
0.3	0R3				3.0	3R0				24	240				200	201*			
0.4	0R4				3.3	3R3				27	270				220	221*			
0.5	0R5				3.6	3R6				30	300				240	241*			
0.6	0R6				3.9	3R9				33	330				270	271*			
0.7	0R7				4.3	4R3				36	360				300	301*			
0.8	0R8				4.7	4R7				39	390				330	331*			
0.9	0R9				5.1	5R1				43	430				360	361*			
1.0	1R0				5.6	5R6				47	470				390	391*			
1.1	1R1				6.2	6R2				51	510				430	431*			
1.2	1R2				6.8	6R8				56	560				470	471*			
1.3	1R3				7.5	7R5				62	620				510	511*			
1.4	1R4				8.2	8R2				68	680				560	561*			
1.5	1R5				9.1	9R1				75	750				620	621*			
1.6	1R6	10	100	82	820	680	681*												
1.7	1R7	11	110	91	910	750	751*												
1.8	1R8	12	120	100	101	820	821*												
1.9	1R9	13	130	110	111*	910	911*												
2.0	2R0	15	150	120	121*	1000	102*												
2.1	2R1	16	160	130	131*														
2.2	2R2	18	180	150	151*														

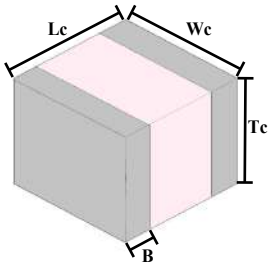
\*Available in NP0 only



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## ≠ Termination Types and Codes



Chip Termination:  
Codes: **W, L, P**

Magnetic Terminations	
Termination Code	Termination
<b>W</b>	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
<b>L</b>	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier
Non-Magnetic Terminations	
Termination Code	Termination
<b>P</b>	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier

## ≠ Dimensions

Magnetic Terminations					
Code	Term	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B
W/L	Chip	0.055 + 0.015 to -0.010 (1.40 + 0.38 to -0.25)	0.055 ± .010 (1.40 ± 0.25)	0.057 (1.45 max)	0.02 (0.51max)
Non-Magnetic Terminations					
Code	Term	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B
P	Chip	0.055 + 0.015 to -0.010 (1.40 + 0.38 to -0.25)	0.055 ± .010 (1.40 ± 0.25)	0.057 (1.45 max)	0.02 (0.51max)

Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	Greater than 10,000 at 1 MHz
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 <sup>5</sup> MegaOhms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> MegaOhms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage in Capacitance Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 200°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	<b>C:</b> -55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C; >125°C to 200°C 0±60ppm/°C <b>P:</b> +90±20ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None
Termination Type	See Termination Type Table

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

## ⚡ Environmental Specifications

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 200°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Moisture Resistance	No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Humidity (Steady State)	<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> The initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	<b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 2.0% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 2000 hours, at 200°C. Rated Voltage DC applies.
Terminal Strength	<b>Force:</b> 10lbs typical, 5lbs. Minimum. <b>Duration Time:</b> 5 to 10 seconds	MIL-STD-202, Method 211A, Test Condition A. Applied a force and maintained for a period of 5 to 10 seconds. The force shall be in the direction of the axes of the terminations.



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

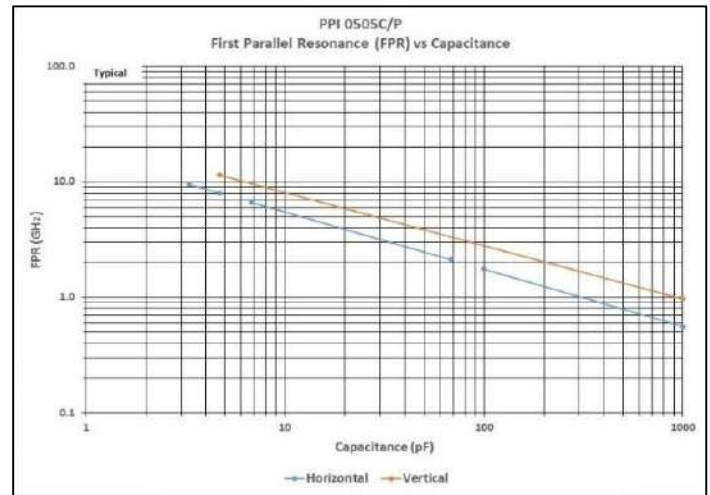
**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## ≠ FPR -- First Parallel Resonance (FPRs)

### ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ .

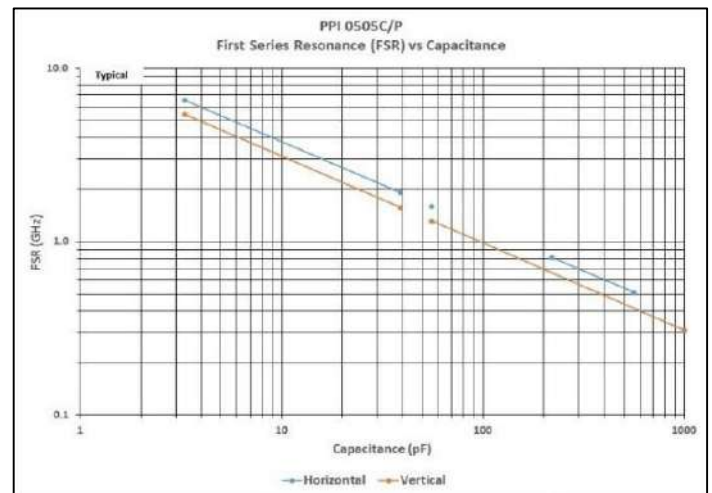
It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A horizontal orientation means the capacitor electrode planes are parallel to the plane of the substrate; a vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.



## ≠ FSR -- First Series Resonance (FSRs)

### ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.



The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO4350; substrate dielectric constant = 3.66; horizontal mount substrate thickness (mils) = 25; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 15; horizontal mount microstrip trace width (mils) = 55. Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

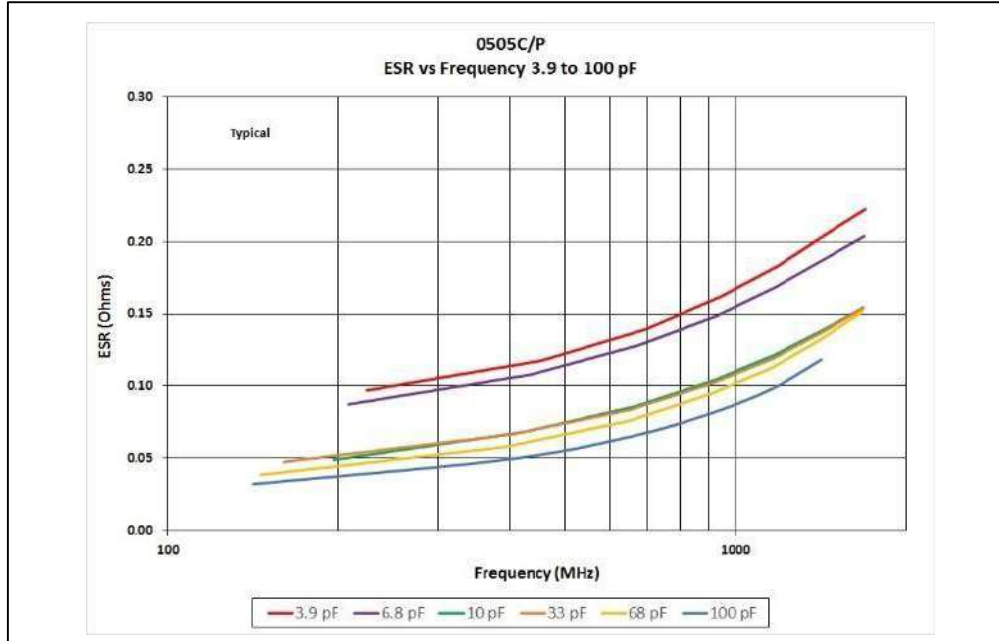


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## ≠ ESR vs. Frequency

0505C/P ESR vs Frequency



0505C ESR vs Frequency





Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## Q vs. Frequency

0505C/P Q vs Frequency

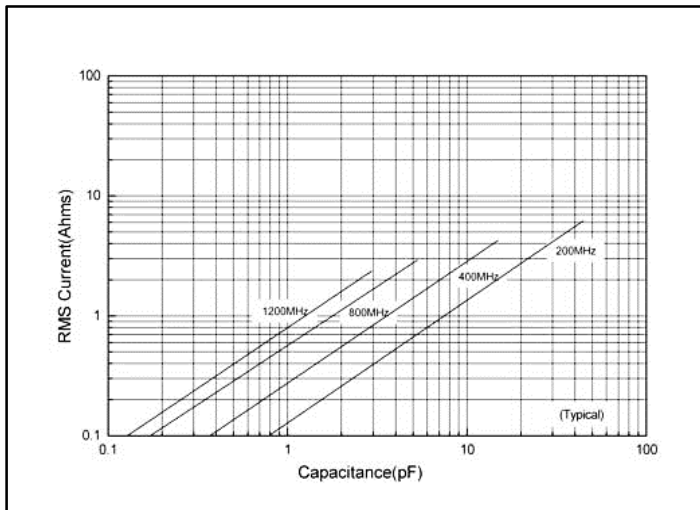


0505C Q vs Frequency



## Current Rating vs. Capacitance

0505C/P Current Rating vs Capacitance

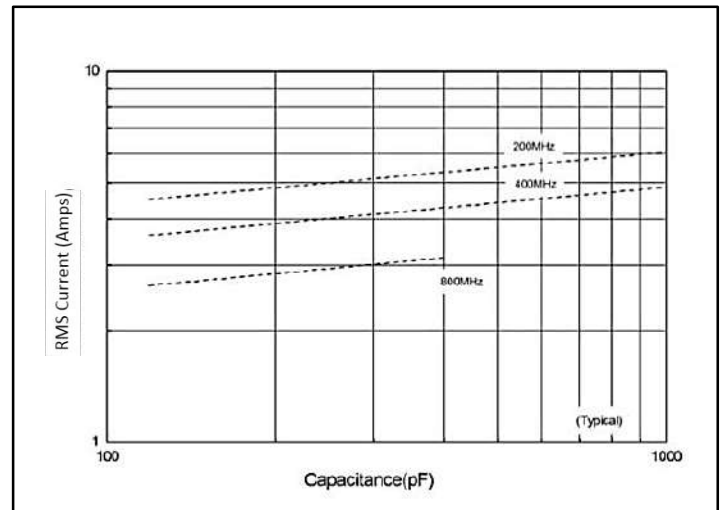


The current depends on voltage limited:

$$I = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} I_{peak} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{V_{rated}}{X_c} = \sqrt{2} \pi f C V_{rated}$$

The current depends on power dissipation limited:  $I = \sqrt{\frac{P_{dissipation}}{ESR}}$

0505C Current Rating vs Capacitance



Note: If the thermal resistance of mounting surface is 40°C/W, then a power dissipation of 1.5 W will result in the current limited we can calculate the current limited:

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P_{dissipation}}{ESR}}$$

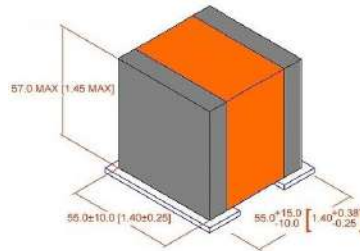


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitor requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page \(http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php\)](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php).



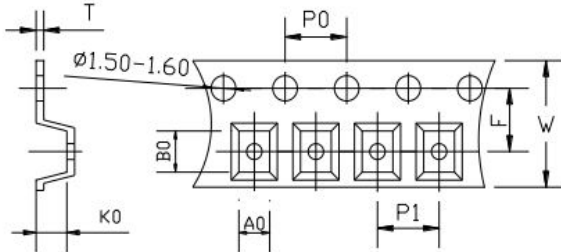


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0505C/P (0.055" x 0.055")**

## Tape & Reel Specifications

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.009	0.138	500	3000	Plastic
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.22	3.50			
V	in.	0.472	0.157	0.157	0.012	0.217	500	2000	
	mm	12.00	4.00	4.00	0.30	5.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.

## Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.



Kits are offered in Magnetic or Non-Magnetic Terminations. Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.

Kit Number		Value Range	Values	RoHS
MAGNETIC	NON-MAGNETIC			
DKD0505C01	DKD0505C05	0.1 - 2.0pF	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF	✓
DKD0505P01	DKD0505P05			
DKD0505C02	DKD0505C06	1 - 10pF	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF	✓
DKD0505P02	DKD0505P06			
DKD0505C03	DKD0505C07	10 - 100pF	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF	✓
DKD0505P03	DKD0505P07			
DKD0505C04	DKD0505C08	100 - 1000pF	100, 120, 150, 180, 200, 220, 240, 270, 300, 330, 390, 470, 560, 680, 820, 1000pF	✓





Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

### Product Features

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.1pF to 10000pF
- Working Voltage: 500V
- Extended Voltage: 1500V

### Product Applications

#### Typical Functional Applications

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

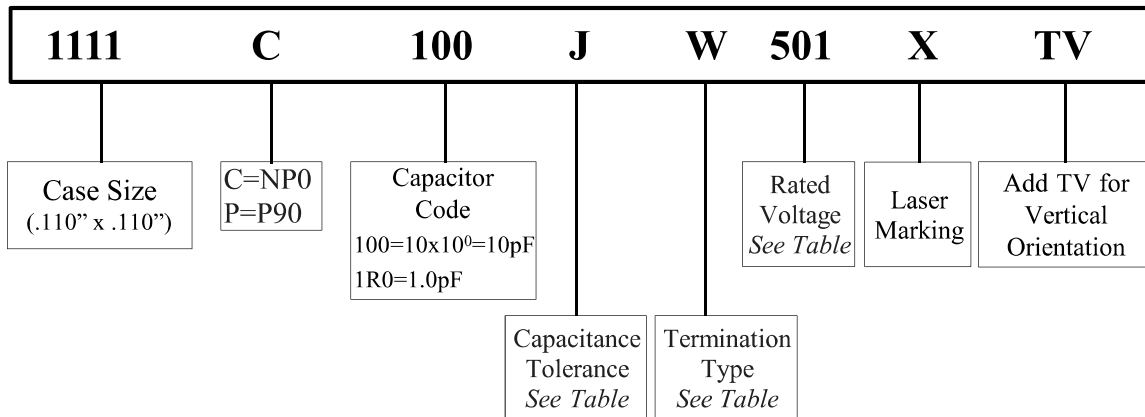
#### Typical Circuit Applications

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits  
and Delay Lines



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

### Part Numbering



### Capacitance Tolerance Codes

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

### Voltage Codes

Voltage	Code
50V	500
100V	101
200V	201
300V	301
500V	501
600V	601
1000V	102
1500V	152



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

⚡ 1111C/P Capacitance Values

- NP0=C; P90=P
- **Maximum Capacitance: 1111P=1000pF; 1111C=10000pF**
- \* - Available in NP0 only.

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
0.1	OR1	A,B	500V	1000V or 1500V	3.3	3R3	A,B C,D	500V	1000V or 1500V	36	360	F,G, J,K	500V	1000V or 1500V	390	391	F,G, J,K	200V	600V
0.2	OR2				3.6	3R6				39	390				430	431			
0.3	OR3				3.9	3R9				43	430				470	471			
0.4	OR4				4.3	4R3				47	470				510	511			
0.5	OR5	A,B, C,D	500V	1000V or 1500V	4.7	4R7	F,G, J,K	500V	1000V or 1500V	51	510	F,G, J,K	300V	1000V	560	561	F,G, J,K	100V	200V
0.6	OR6				5.1	5R1				56	560				620	621			
0.7	OR7				5.6	5R6				62	620				680	681			
0.8	OR8				6.2	6R2				68	680				750	751			
0.9	OR9				6.8	6R8				75	750				820	821			
1.0	1R0				7.5	7R5				82	820				910	911			
1.1	1R1				8.2	8R2				91	910				1000	102			
1.2	1R2				9.1	9R1				100	101				1100	112*			
1.3	1R3				10	100				110	111				1200	122*			
1.4	1R4				11	110				120	121				1500	152*			
1.5	1R5	12	120	130	131	1800	182*												
1.6	1R6	13	130	150	151	2000	202*												
1.7	1R7	15	150	160	161	2200	222*												
1.8	1R8	16	160	180	181	2700	272*												
1.9	1R9	18	180	200	201	3000	302*												
2.0	2R0	20	200	220	221	3300	332*												
2.1	2R1	22	220	240	241	4700	472*												
2.2	2R2	24	240	270	271	5100	512*												
2.4	2R4	27	270	300	301	5600	562*												
2.7	2R7	30	300	330	331	10000	103*												
3.0	3R0	33	330	360	361														

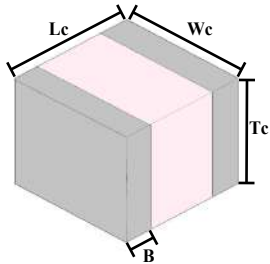
\*Available in NP0 only



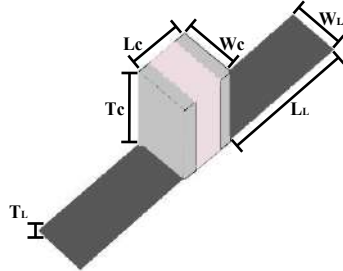
Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

### ≠ Terminations Types and Codes



Chip Termination:  
Codes: W, L, P



Microstrip Termination:  
Codes: MS, MN

#### Magnetic Terminations

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier
MS	100% Silver

#### Non-Magnetic Terminations

P	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
MN	100% Silver

### ≠ Capacitor Dimensions Unit: inch (millimeter)

Magnetic Terminations								
Code	Term.	Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
		Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap	Length	Width	Thickness
		Lc	Wc	Tc	B	LL	WL	TL
W/L	Chip	0.110 + 0.020 to -0.010 (2.79 + 0.51 to -0.25)	0.110 ± 0.010 (2.79 ± 0.25)	0.10 (2.54 max)	0.024 (0.60max)	-	-	-
MS	Microstrip	0.135 ± 0.015 (3.43 ± 0.38)	0.110 ± 0.010 (2.79 ± 0.25)	0.10 (2.54 max)	-	0.250 (6.35) min	0.093 ± 0.005 (2.36 ± 0.13)	0.004 ± 0.001 (0.10 ± 0.13)

Non-Magnetic Terminations								
Code	Term.	Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
		Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap	Length	Width	Thickness
		Lc	Wc	Tc	B	LL	WL	TL
P	Chip	0.110 + 0.020 to -0.010 (2.79 + 0.51 to -0.25)	0.110 ± 0.010 (2.79 ± 0.25)	0.10 (2.54 max)	0.024 (0.60max)	-	-	-
MN	Microstrip Non-Magnetic	0.135 ± 0.015 (3.43 ± 0.38)	0.110 ± 0.010 (2.79 ± 0.25)	0.10 (2.54 max)	-	0.250 (6.35) min	0.093 ± 0.005 (2.36 ± 0.13)	0.004 ± 0.001 (0.10 ± 0.13)

Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.



## ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	Greater than 10,000 at 1 MHz
Insulation Resistance (IR)	0.1pF to 470pF: 10 <sup>6</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC 510pF to 1000pF: 10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage in Capacitance Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of Voltage of 5 seconds, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC 150% of Voltage for 5 seconds, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250 VDC 120% of Voltage for 5 seconds, Rated Voltage > 1250 VDC
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 200°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	C: -55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C; >125°C to 200°C 0±60ppm/°C P: +90±20ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None
Termination Type	See Termination Type Table

## ⚡ Environmental Specifications

Specification	Test Parameters
<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 200°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> The initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.3% or 0.3pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> The initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.3% or 0.3pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
<b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 2.0% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 2000 hours, at 200°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
<b>Force:</b> 10lbs typical, 5lbs. Minimum. <b>Duration Time:</b> 5 to 10 seconds	MIL-STD-202, Method 211A, Test Condition A. Applied a force and maintained for a period of 5 to 10 seconds. The force shall be in the direction of the axes of the terminations.

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

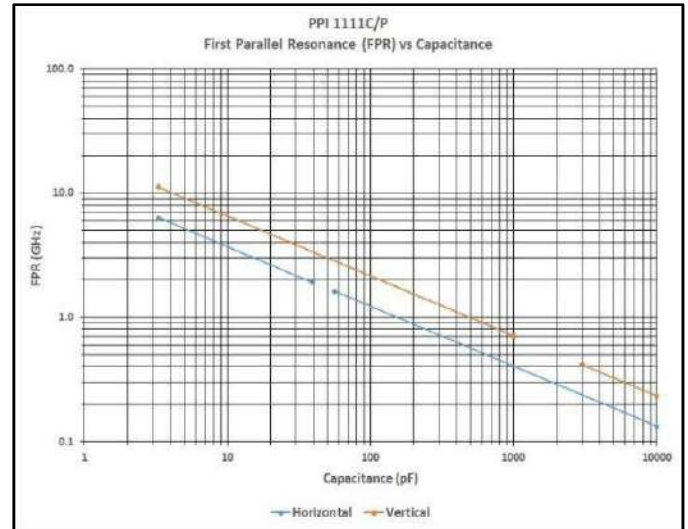


## ≠ FPR -- First Parallel Resonance (FPRs)

### ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ .

It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A horizontal orientation means the capacitor electrode planes are parallel to the plane of the substrate; a vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.



## ≠ FSR -- First Series Resonance (FSRs)

### ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.



The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO4350; substrate dielectric constant = 3.66; horizontal mount substrate thickness (mils) = 50; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 72; horizontal mount microstrip trace width (mils) = 110. Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

### ≠ ESR vs. Frequency

1111C/P ESR vs Frequency



1111C ESR vs Frequency



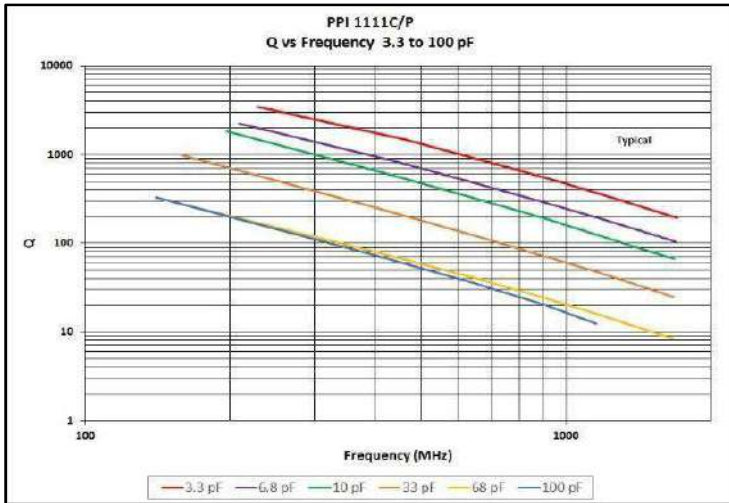


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

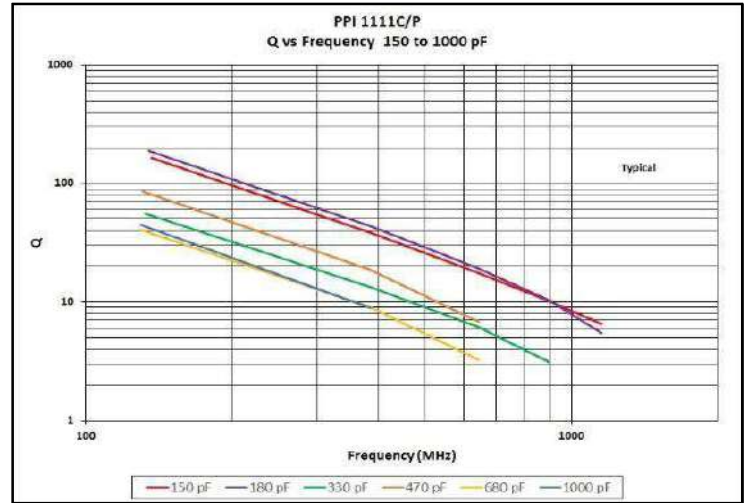
**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

**Q vs. Capacitance**

1111C/P Q vs Frequency

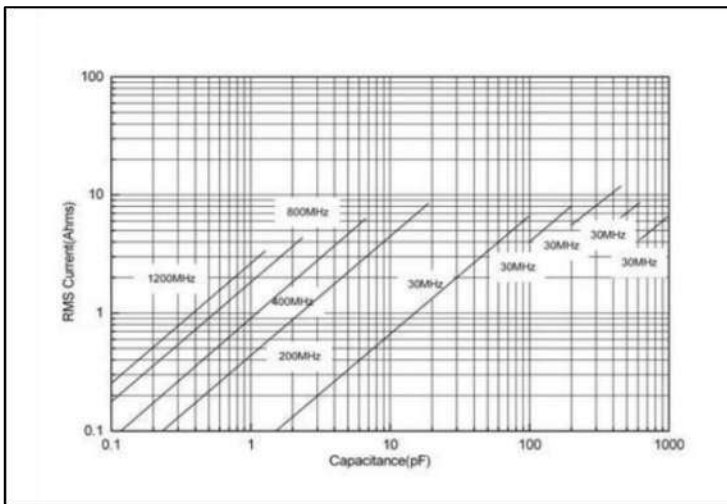


1111C Q vs Frequency

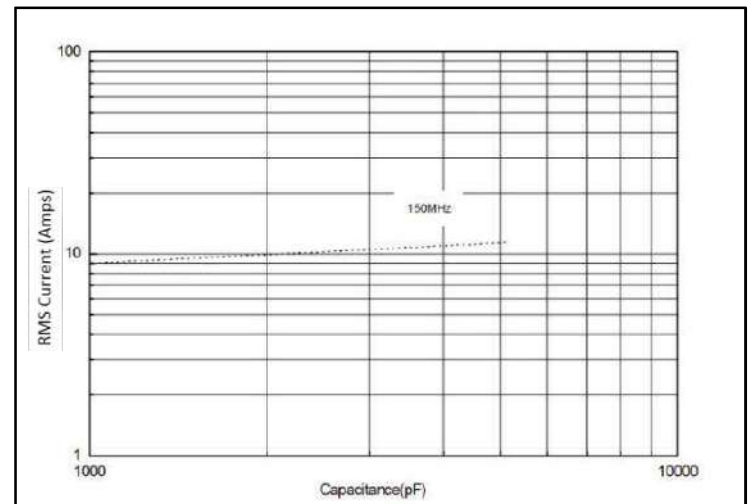


**Current Rating vs. Capacitance**

1111C/P Current Rating vs Capacitance



1111C Current Rating vs Capacitance



The current depends on voltage limited:

$$I = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} I_{peak} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{V_{rated}}{X_c} = \sqrt{2} \pi f C V_{rated}$$

The current depends on power dissipation limited:

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P_{dissipation}}{ESR}}$$

Note: If the thermal resistance of mounting surface is 20°C/W, then a power dissipation of 3 W will result in the current limited we can calculate the current limited:

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P_{dissipation}}{ESR}}$$

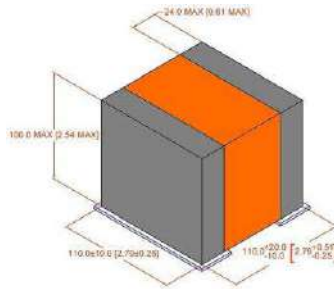


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

## Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php) ([http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php)).



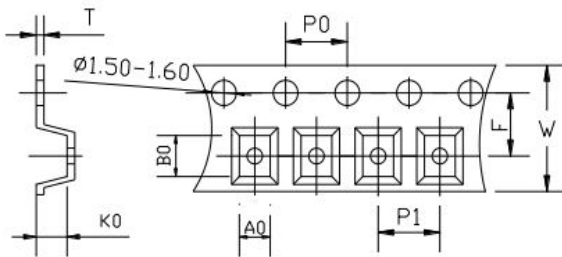


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111C/P (0.110" x 0.110")**

## Tape & Reel Specifications

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.009	0.138	500	2000	Plastic
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.22	3.50			
V	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.009	0.138	500	1500	
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.22	3.50			
V	in.	0.472	0.157	0.157	0.016	0.217	500	1500	
	mm	12.00	4.00	4.00	0.40	5.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.

## Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.



Kits are offered in Magnetic or Non-Magnetic Terminations. Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.

Kit Number		Value Range	Values	RoHS
MAGNETIC	NON-MAGNETIC			
DKD1111C01	DKD1111C05	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF	✓
DKD1111P01	DKD1111P05			
DKD1111C02	DKD1111C06	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF	✓
DKD1111P02	DKD1111P06			
DKD1111C03	DKD1111C07	<b>100 - 1000pF</b>	100, 120, 150, 180, 200, 220, 240, 270, 300, 330, 390, 470, 560, 680, 820, 1000pF	✓
DKD1111P03	DKD1111P07			
DKD1111C04	DKD1111C08	<b>1000 - 10000pF</b>	1000, 1100, 1200, 1500, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2700, 3000, 3300, 3900, 4700, 5100, 5600, 10000pF	✓
DKD1111P04	DKD1111P08			





Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**2225C/P (0.220" x 0.250")**

**Product Features**

- High Q
- High RF Current/Voltage
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.5pF to 2700pF
- Working Voltage: 2500V
- Extended Voltage: 3600V

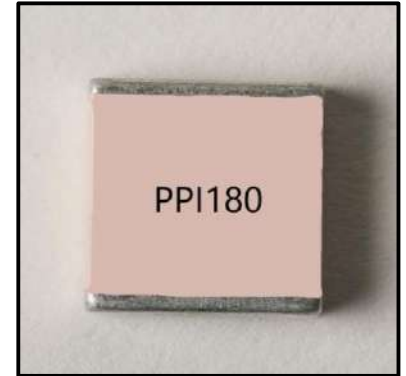
**Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications:**

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- D.C. Blocking • Impedance Matching

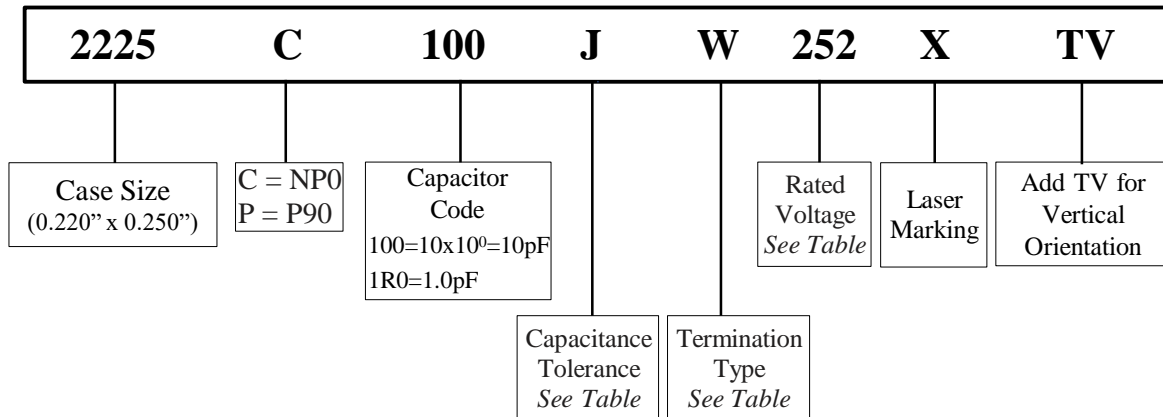
**Typical Circuit Applications**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Antenna Tuning • Plasma Chambers
- Medical Equipment



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

**Part Numbering**



**Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

**Voltage Codes**

Voltage	Code
500V	501
1000V	102
1500V	152
2000V	202
2500V	252
3000V	302
3600V	362



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**2225C/P (0.220" x 0.250")**

≠ 2225C/P Capacitance Values

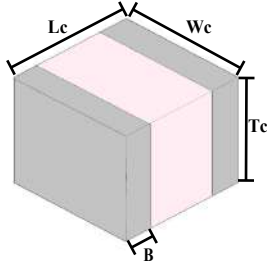
- NP0=C; P90=P

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.

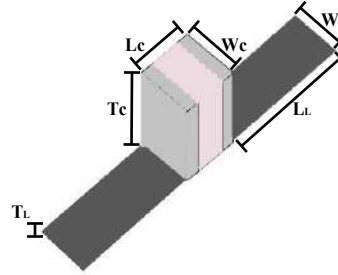


Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
0.5	0R5				4.3	4R3				43	430				430	431	F,G, J,K	1500V	2000V
0.6	0R6				4.7	4R7				47	470				470	471			
0.7	0R7				5.1	5R1				51	510				510	511			
0.8	0R8				5.6	5R6				56	560				560	561			
0.9	0R9				6.2	6R2	B,C, D	2500V	3600V	62	620	F,G, J,K	2500V	3600V	620	621			
1.0	1R0				6.8	6R8				68	680				680	681			
1.1	1R1				7.5	7R5				75	750				750	751	F,G, J,K	1000V	1500V
1.2	1R2				8.2	8R2				82	820				820	821			
1.3	1R3				9.1	9R1				91	910				910	911			
1.4	1R4				10	100				100	101				1000	102			
1.5	1R5				11	110				110	111				1100	112			
1.6	1R6	B,C, D	2500V	3600V	12	120				120	121				1200	122			
1.7	1R7				13	130				130	131				1500	152			
1.8	1R8				15	150				150	151				1800	182	F,G, J,K	500V	N/A
1.9	1R9				16	160				160	161	F,G, J,K	2500V	3000V	2200	222			
2.0	2R0				18	180				180	181				2700	272			
2.1	2R1				20	200	F,G, J,K	2500V	3600V	200	201								
2.2	2R2				22	220				220	221								
2.4	2R4				24	240				240	241								
2.7	2R7				27	270				270	271								
3.0	3R0				30	300				300	301								
3.3	3R3				33	330				330	331	F,G, J,K	1500V	2000V					
3.6	3R6				36	360				360	361								
3.9	3R9				39	390				390	391								

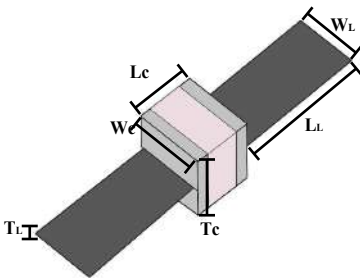
### ≠ Termination Types and Codes



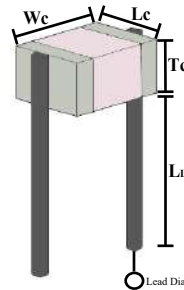
Chip Termination:  
Codes: W, L, P



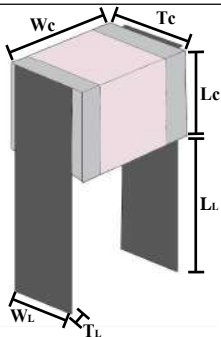
Microstrip Termination:  
Codes: MS, MN



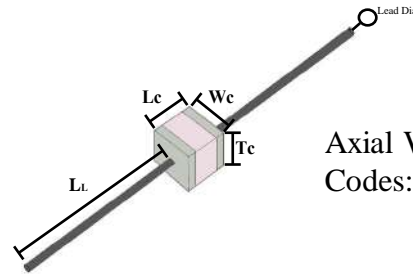
Axial Ribbon Termination:  
Code: AR, AN















Radial Wire Termination:  
Codes: RW, RN




Radial Ribbon Termination:  
Code: RR, FN



Axial Wire Termination:  
Codes: AW, BN


Termination Code	Magnetic Termination	Termination Code	Non-Magnetic Termination
W 	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier	P 	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier	MN 	
MS 		AN 	
AR 		FN 	Silver-Plated Copper
RR 	Silver-Plated Copper	RN 	
RW 		BN 	
AW 			

 Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.



**Termination Types** For Termination Types images, see previous page

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Magnetic Terminations								
Capacitor Dimensions					Lead Dimensions			
Code	Term.	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
W/L	Chip	0.225 -0.010+0.25 (5.72 -0.25+ 0.64)	0.250 ± 0.015 (6.35 ± 0.38)	0.165 (4.19) max	0.020~0.047 (0.50~1.20) max	---	---	---
MS	Microstrip					0.500 (12.70) min	0.240 ±0.005 (6.1 ± 0.13)	0.008 ±0.001 (0.2 ±0.025)
AR	Axial Ribbon							
RR	Radial Ribbon	0.245 ± 0.025 (6.22 ± 0.64)	0.250 ±0.015 (6.35 ± 0.38)	0.150 (3.81) max		0.354 (9.00) min	0.118 ±0.005 (3.0 ±0.13)	0.012 ±0.001 (0.3 ±0.025)
RW	Radio Wire					0.709 (18.00) min	Dia. = 0.031 ±0.004 (0.80 ±0.10)	
AW	Axial Wire					0.906 (23.00) min		
Non-Magnetic Terminations 								
Capacitor Dimensions					Lead Dimensions			
Code	Term.	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
P	Chip	0.225 -0.010+0.25 (5.72 -0.25+ 0.64)	0.250 ± 0.015 (6.35 ± 0.38)	0.165 (4.19) max	0.020~0.047 (0.50~1.20) max			
MN	Microstrip					0.500 (12.70) min	0.240 ±0.005 (6.1 ± 0.13)	0.008 ±0.001 (0.2 ±0.025)
AN	Axial Ribbon							
FN	Radial Ribbon	0.245 ± 0.025 (6.22 ± 0.64)	0.250 ±0.015 (6.35 ± 0.38)	0.150 (3.81) max		0.354 (9.00) min	0.118 ±0.005 (3.0 ±0.13)	0.012 ±0.001 (0.3 ±0.025)
RN	Radial Wire					0.709 (18.00) min	Dia. = 0.031 ±0.004 (0.80 ±0.10)	
BN	Axial Wire					0.906 (23.00) min		

Note: Non-Magnetic means no magnetic materials. All leads are attached with high temperature solder and parts are RoHS Compliant.



## ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	Greater than 10,000 at 1 MHz
Insulation Resistance (IR)	Test Voltage: 500V 10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage in Capacitance Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC 150% of Voltage for 5 seconds, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250 VDC 120% of Voltage for 5 seconds, Rated Voltage > 1250 VDC
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 200°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	C: -55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C; >125°C to 200°C 0±60ppm/°C P: -55°C to 200°C +90±20ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None
Termination Type	See Termination Type Table

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

## ⚡ Environmental Specifications

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b>	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 200°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Moisture Resistance	No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Humidity (Steady State)	<b>DWV:</b> The initial Value <b>IR:</b> The initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.3% or 0.3pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	<b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 2.0% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 2000 hours, at 200°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
Terminal Strength	<b>Force:</b> 20lbs typical, 10lbs. Minimum. <b>Duration Time:</b> 5 to 10 seconds	MIL-STD-202, Method 211A, Test Condition A. Applied a force and maintained for a period of 5 to 10 seconds. The force shall be in the direction of the axes of the terminations.

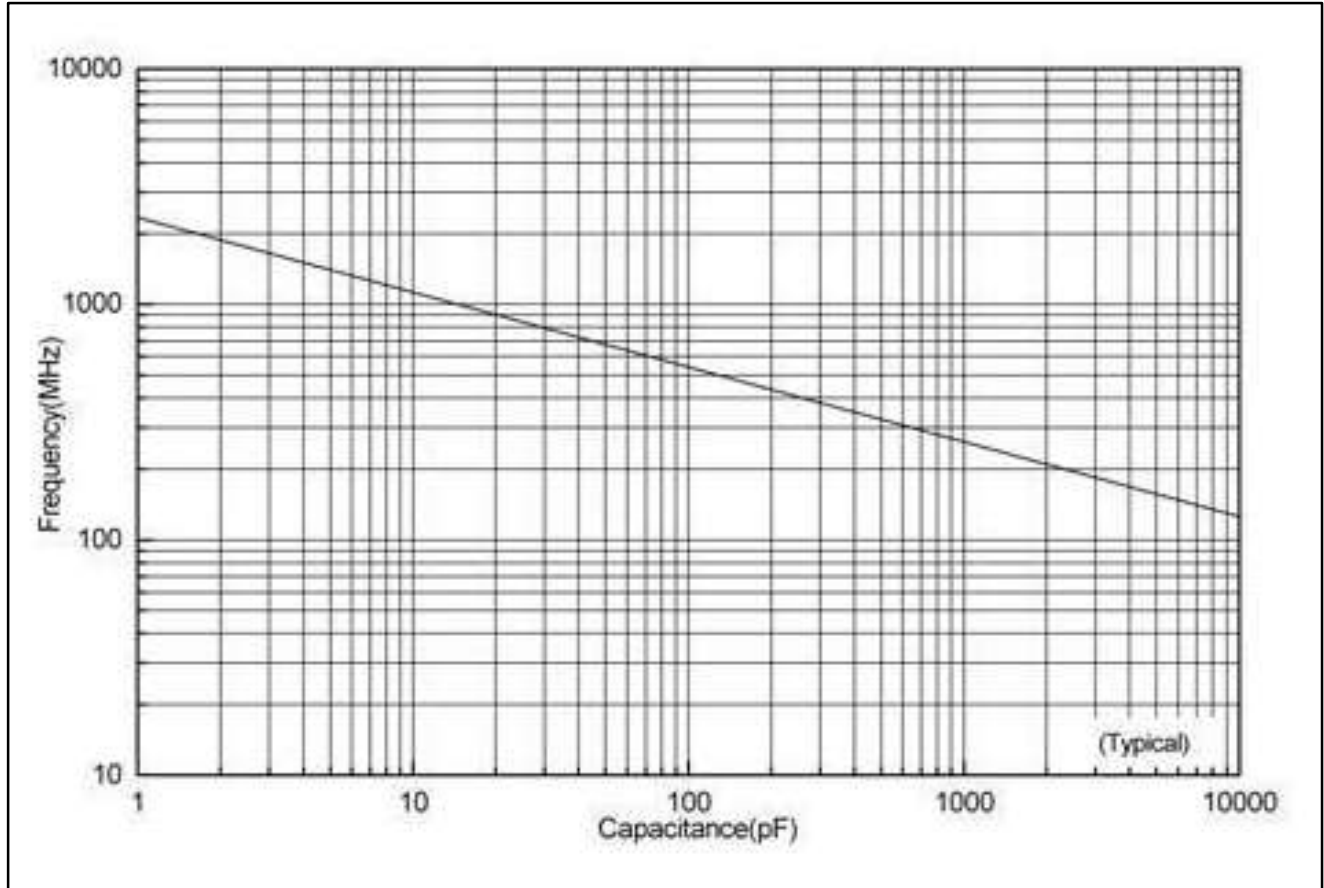


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**2225C/P (0.220" x 0.250")**

### Series Resonance vs. Capacitance

Series Resonance vs. Capacitance



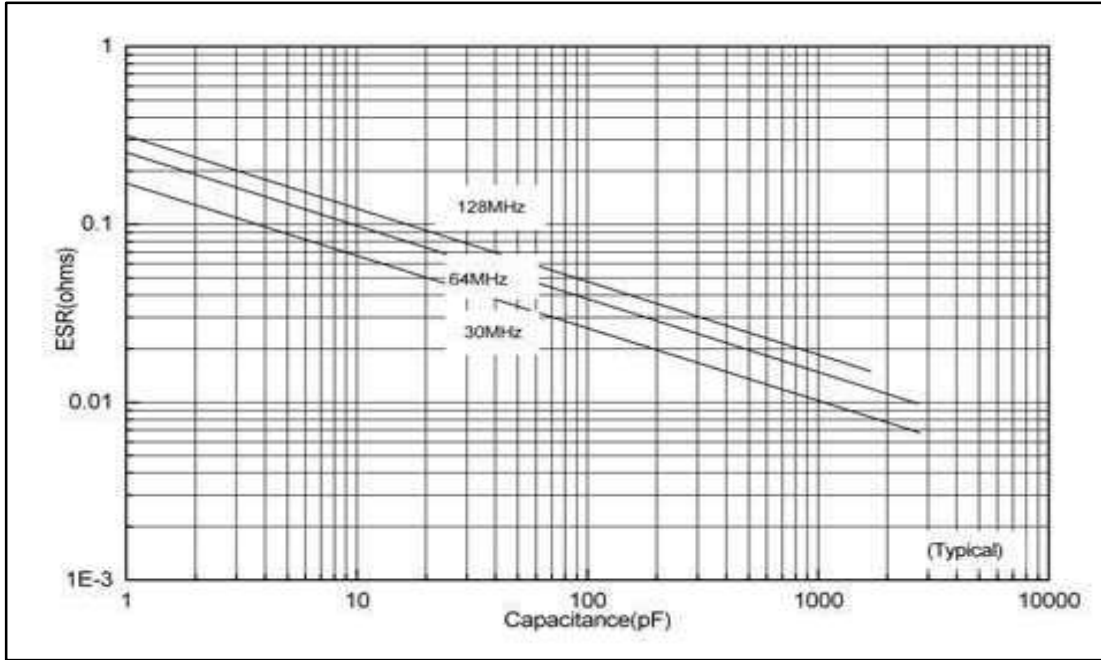


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**2225C/P (0.220" x 0.250")**

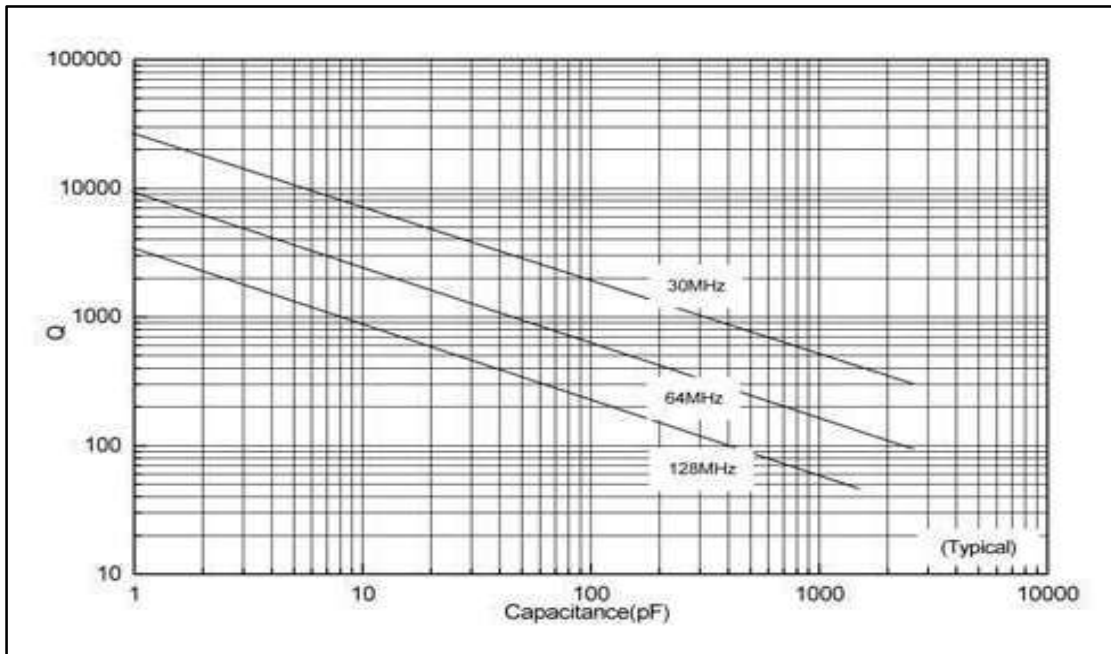
### ≠ ESR vs. Frequency

2225C/P ESR vs Frequency



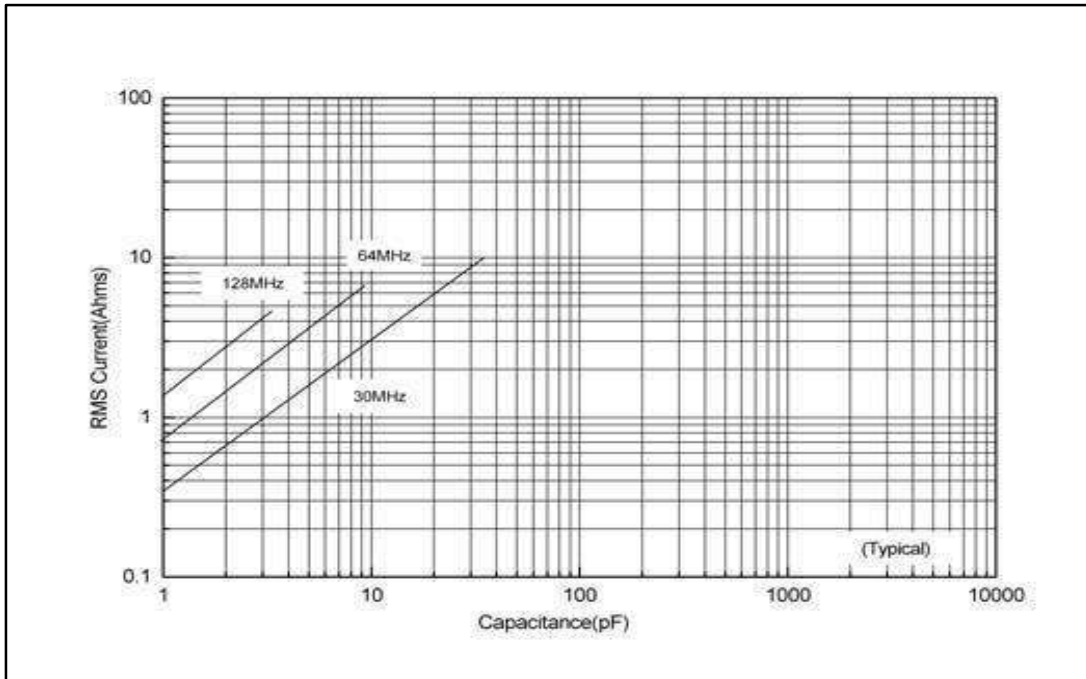
### ≠ Q vs. Capacitance

Q vs Capacitance



## ≠ Current Rating vs. Capacitance

2225C/P Current Rating vs Capacitance



The current depends on voltage limited: 
$$I = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} I_{peak} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{V_{rated}}{X_c} = \sqrt{2\pi f C} V_{rated}$$

The current depends on power dissipation limited: 
$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P_{dissipation}}{ESR}}$$

Note: If the thermal resistance of mounting surface is 15°C/W, then a power dissipation of 4W will result in the current limited.

We can calculate the current limited.

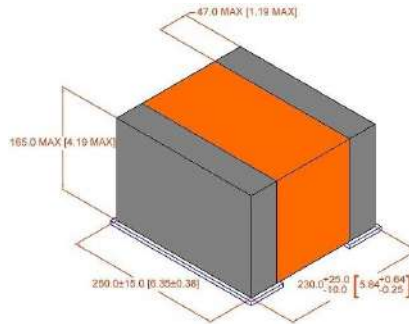


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**2225C/P (0.220" x 0.250")**

## Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## Custom Assemblies

Passive Plus offers Capacitor Assemblies for high power requirements. Typical assemblies are configured in series and/or parallel combinations, producing higher voltage/current handling capabilities, extended capacitance range and tighter tolerances.

To get started, simply send us either a mechanical drawing or circuit conditions and we can recommend a solution. All components are 100% up-screened for Partial Discharge and Sonoscanned. All assemblies include a 100hr Military burn in.



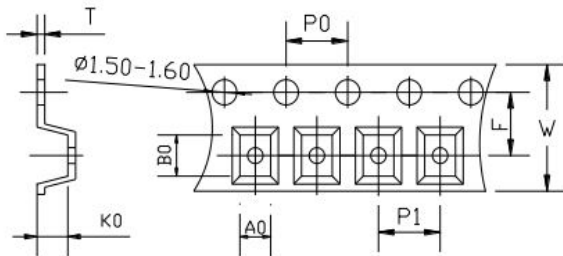


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**2225C/P (0.220" x 0.250")**

**Tape & Reel Specifications (mm)**

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.630	0.157	0.472	0.012	0.295	500	500	Plastic
	mm	16.00	4.00	12.00	0.30	7.50			
V	in.	0.630	0.157	0.315	0.020	0.295	500	500	Plastic
	mm	16.00	4.00	8.00	0.50	7.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

### Product Features

- High Q
- High RF Current/Voltage
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.5pF to 5100pF
- Working Voltage: 3600V
- Extended Voltage: 7200V

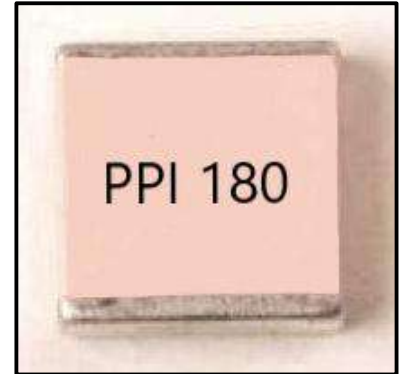
### Product Applications

#### Typical Functional Applications:

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- D.C. Blocking • Impedance Matching

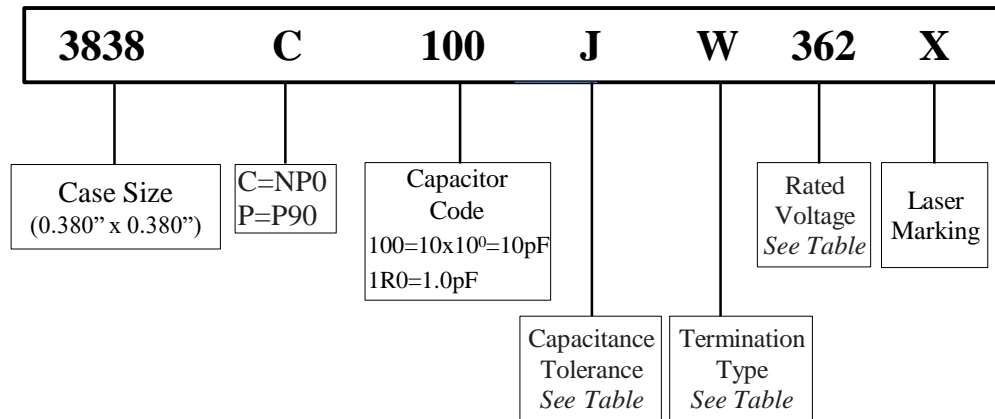
#### Typical Circuit Applications

- HF/ RF Power Amplifiers • Antenna Tuning • Plasma Chambers • Medical Equipment • Transmitters



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

### Part Numbering



### Capacitance Tolerance Codes

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

### Voltage Codes

Voltage	Code
500V	501
1000V	102
2500V	252
3600V	362
7200V	722

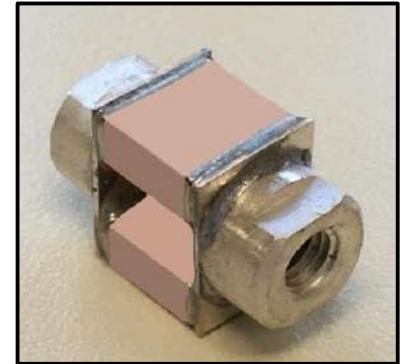


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

≠ 3838C/P Capacitance Values

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.



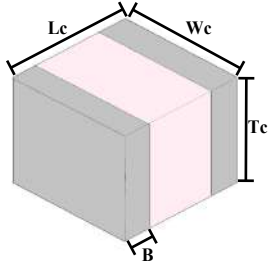
Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				
0.5	OR5				4.7	4R7				51	510				560	561		
0.6	OR6				5.1	5R1				56	560				620	621	F,G, J,K	2500V
0.7	OR7				5.6	5R6				62	620				680	681		
0.8	OR8				6.2	6R2	B,C, D	3600V	7200V	68	680				750	751		
0.9	OR9				6.8	6R8				75	750				820	821		
1.0	1R0				7.5	7R5				82	820				910	911		
1.1	1R1				8.2	8R2				91	910	F,G, J,K	3600V	7200V	1000	102		
1.2	1R2				9.1	9R1				100	101				1100	112	F,G, J,K	1000V
1.3	1R3				10	100				110	111				1200	122		
1.4	1R4				11	110				120	121				1500	152		
1.5	1R5				12	120				130	131				1800	182		
1.6	1R6	B,C, D	3600V	7200V	13	130				150	151				2200	222		
1.7	1R7				15	150				160	161				2400	242		
1.8	1R8				16	160				180	181				2700	272		
1.9	1R9				18	180				200	201				3000	302		
2.0	2R0				20	200	F,G, J,K	3600V	7200V	220	221				3300	332		
2.1	2R1				22	220				240	241				3600	362	F,G, J,K	500V
2.2	2R2				24	240				270	271	F,G, J,K	3600V	N/A	3900	392		
2.4	2R4				27	270				300	301				4300	432		
2.7	2R7				30	300				330	331				4700	472		
3.0	3R0				33	330				360	361				5100	512		
3.3	3R3				36	360				390	391							
3.6	3R6				39	390				430	431							
3.9	3R9				43	430				470	471	F,G, J,K	2500V	N/A				
4.3	4R3				47	470				510	511							



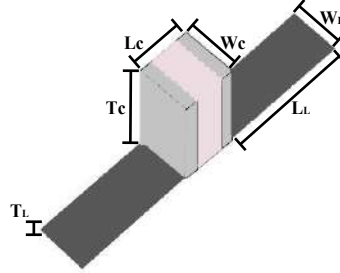
Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

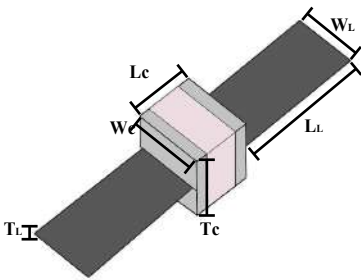
### ≠ Termination Types and Codes



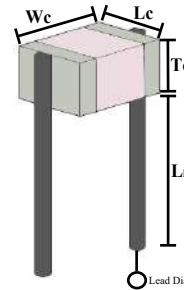
Chip Termination:  
Codes: W, L, P



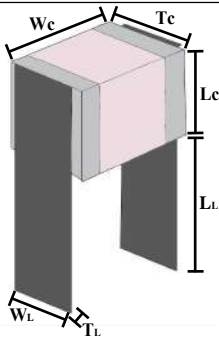
Microstrip Termination:  
Codes: MS, MN



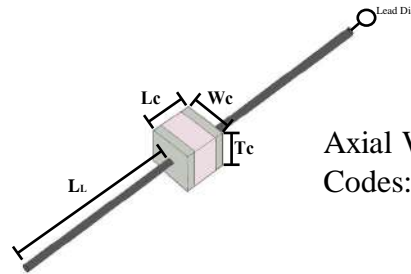
Axial Ribbon Termination:  
Code: AR, AN
















Radial Wire Termination:  
Codes: RW, RN




Radial Ribbon Termination:  
Code: RR, FN



Axial Wire Termination:  
Codes: AW, BN

Termination Code	Magnetic Termination	Termination Code	Non-Magnetic 
W 	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier	P 	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier	MN 	Silver-Plated Copper
MS 	Silver-Plated Copper	AN 	
AR 		FN 	
RR 		RN 	
RW 		BN 	
AW 			

 Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.



Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

≠ **Termination Types** For Termination Types images, see previous page

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Magnetic Terminations								
Code	Term.	Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
		Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
W	Chip	0.380 -0.010+0.015 (9.65 - 0.25+0.38)	0.380 ±0.010 (9.65±0.25)	0.170 (4.32) max	0.024~0.059 (0.60~1.50)			
MS	Microstrip					0.728 (18.50) min	0.350 ± 0.020 (8.89±0.50)	0.008±0.001 (0.20±0.025)
AR	Axial Ribbon	0.380	0.380				0.315±0.010 (8.00±0.25)	
RR	Radial Ribbon	-0.010.+0.015 (9.65	±0.010 (9.65	0.177 (4.50) max		0.354 (9.00) min	0.118 ± 0.010 (3.0 ± 0.25)	0.012 ± 0.001 (0.3 ± 0.025)
RW	Radial Wire	-0.25+0.38 )	±0.25)			0.709 (18.00) min	Dia.: 0.031±0.004 (0.80 ± 0.10)	
AW	Axial Wire					0.906 (23.00) min		

Non-Magnetic Termination:								
Code	Term.	Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
		Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
P	Chip	0.380 -0.010+0.015 (9.65 - 0.25+0.38)	0.380 ±0.010 (9.65±0.25)	0.170 (4.32) max	0.024~0.059 (0.60~1.50)			
MN	Microstrip					0.728 (18.50) min	0.350 ± 0.020 (8.89±0.50)	0.008 ± 0.001 (0.20 ± 0.025)
AN	Axial Ribbon	0.380	0.380				0.315±0.010 (8.00±0.25)	
FN	Radial Ribbon	-0.010+0.015 (9.65	±0.010 (9.65	0.177 (4.50) max		0.354 (9.00) min	0.118 ± 0.010 (3.0 ± 0.25)	0.012 ± 0.001 (0.3 ± 0.025)
RN	Radial Wire	-0.25+0.38 )	±0.25)			0.709 (18.00) min	Dia.: 0.031 ± 0.004 (0.80 ± 0.10)	
BN	Axial Wire					0.906 (23.00) min		

Note: Non-Magnetic means no magnetic materials. All leads are attached with high temperature solder and parts are RoHS Compliant.



## ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	Greater than 10,000 at 1 MHz
Insulation Resistance (IR)	Test Voltage: 500V 10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage in Capacitance Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC 150% of Voltage for 5 seconds, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250 VDC 120% of Voltage for 5 seconds, Rated Voltage > 1250 VDC
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 200°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	C: -55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C; >125°C to 200°C 0±60ppm/°C P: -55°C to 200°C +90±20ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None
Termination Type	See Termination Type Table

## ⚡ Environmental Specifications

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	<b>DWV:</b> The initial value <b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b>	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 200°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Moisture Resistance	No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Humidity (Steady State)	<b>DWV:</b> The initial value <b>IR:</b> The initial value <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.3% or 0.3pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	<b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 2.0% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 2000 hours, at 200°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
Terminal Strength	<b>Force:</b> 20lbs typical, 10lbs. min. <b>Duration Time:</b> 5 to 10 seconds	MIL-STD-202, Method 211A, Test Condition A. Applied a force and maintained for a period of 5 to 10 seconds. The force shall be in the direction of the axes of the terminations.

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

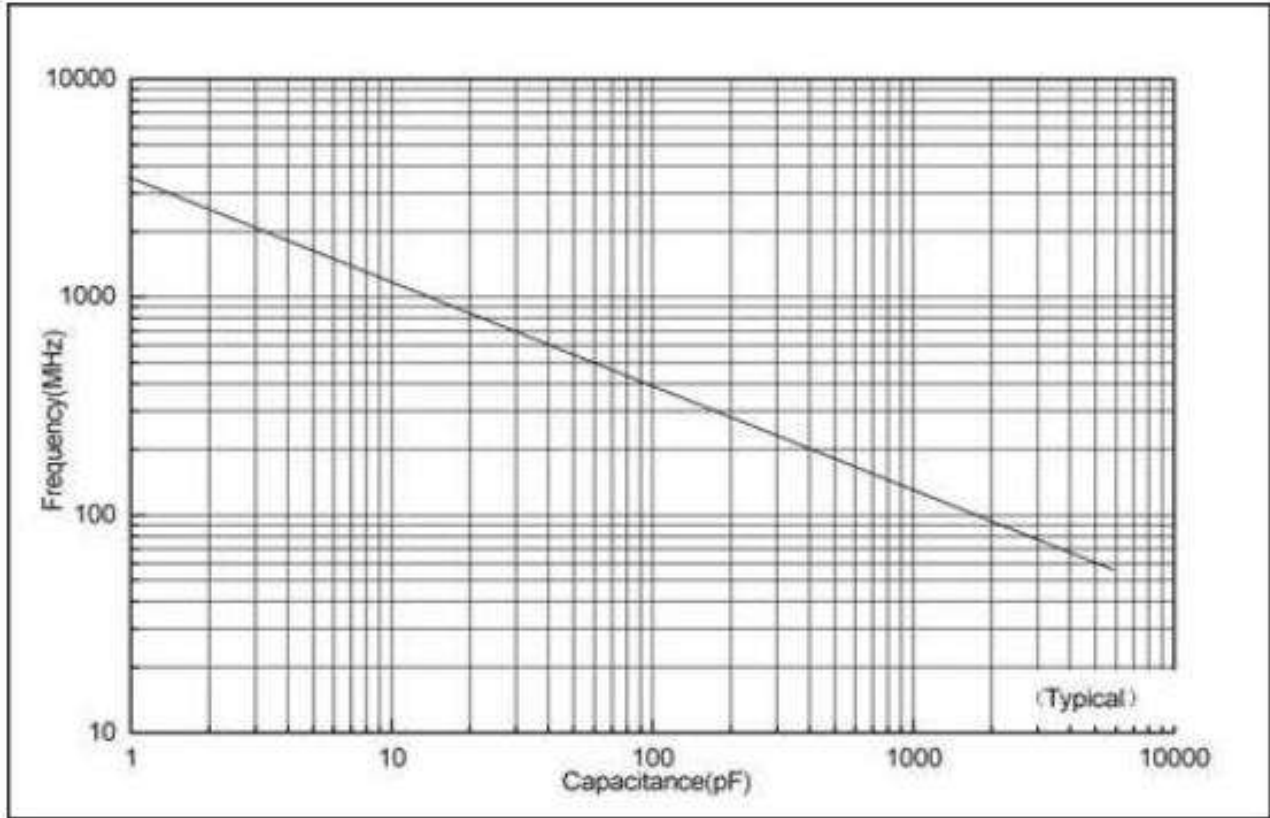


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

## Series Resonance vs. Capacitance

Series Resonance vs. Capacitance



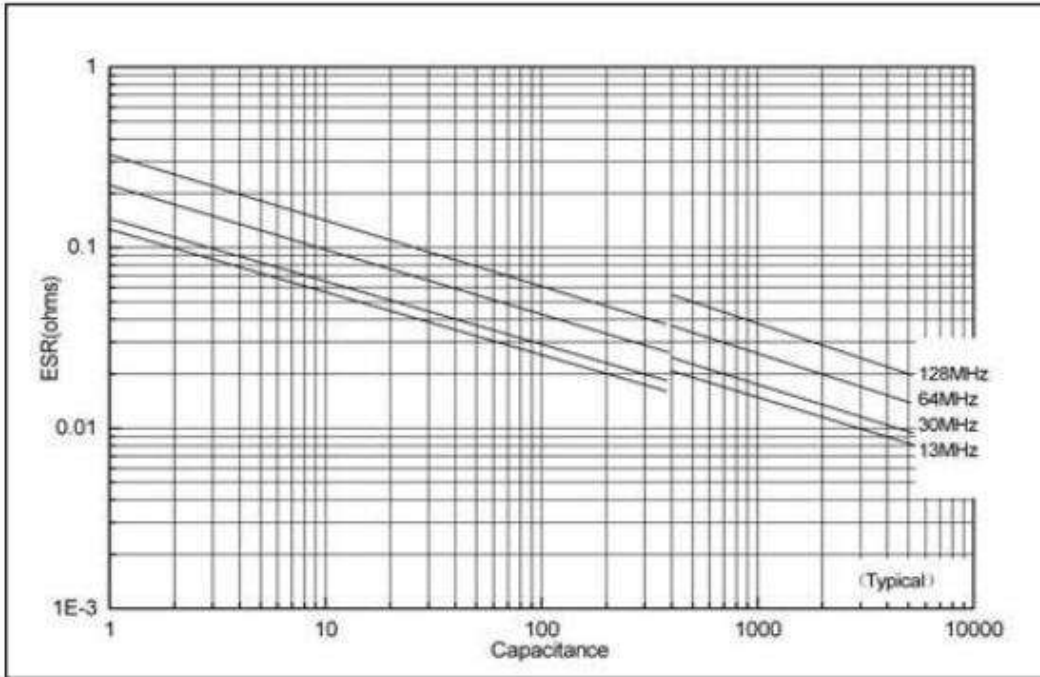


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

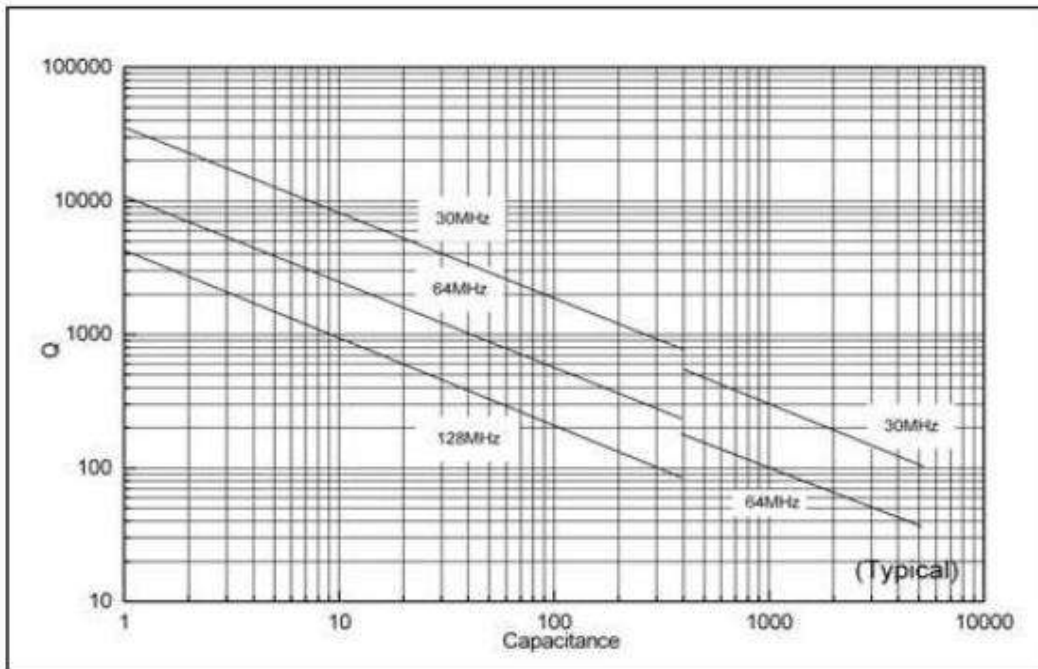
### ≠ ESR vs. Frequency

ESR vs Frequency



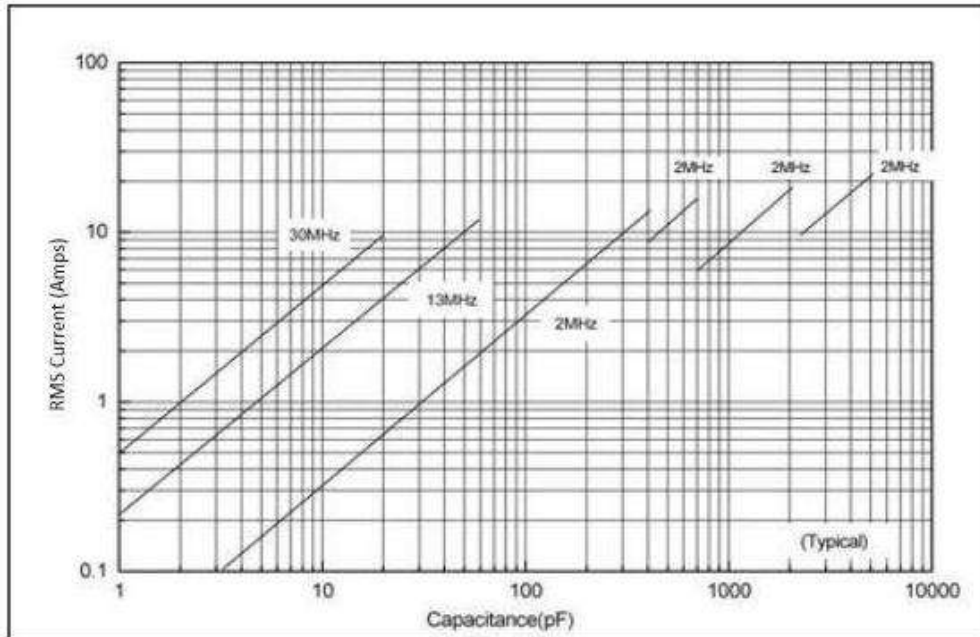
### ≠ Q vs. Capacitance

Q vs Capacitance



## ≠ Current Rating vs. Capacitance

3838C/P Current Rating vs Capacitance



The current depends on voltage limited:

$$I = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} I_{peak} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{V_{rated}}{X_C} = \sqrt{2\pi f C V_{rated}}$$

The current depends on power dissipation limited:

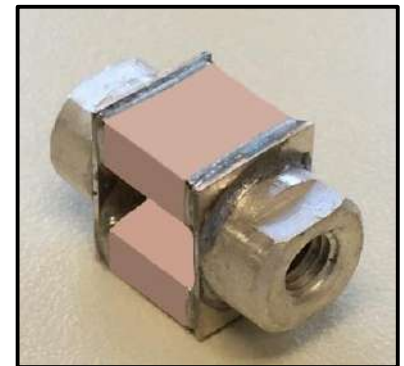
$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P_{dissipation}}{ESR}}$$

Note: If the thermal resistance of mounting surface is 12°C/W, then a power dissipation of 5W will result in the current limited. We can calculate the current limited.

## ≠ Custom Assemblies

Passive Plus offers Capacitor Assemblies for high power requirements. Typical assemblies are configured in series and/or parallel combinations, producing higher voltage/current handling capabilities, extended capacitance range and tighter tolerances.

To get started, simply send us either a mechanical drawing or circuit conditions and we can recommend a solution. All components are 100% up-screened for Partial Discharge and Sonoscanned. All assemblies include a 100hr Military burn in.



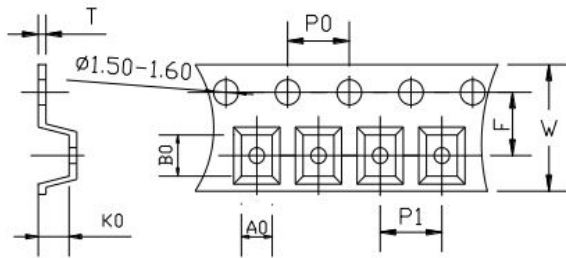


Traditional High Q (>10,000) Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**3838C/P (0.380" x 0.380")**

**Tape & Reel Specifications (mm)**

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.630	0.157	0.630	0.012	0.295	50	200	Plastic
	mm	16.00	4.00	16.00	0.30	7.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



# UHF/RF High-Q Power Transmitter Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**6040C (0.600" x 0.400")**

## Product Features

- High Q
- High RF Current/Voltage
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
1.0pF to 6800pF
- Working Voltage: 5000V
- Extended Voltage: 8000V

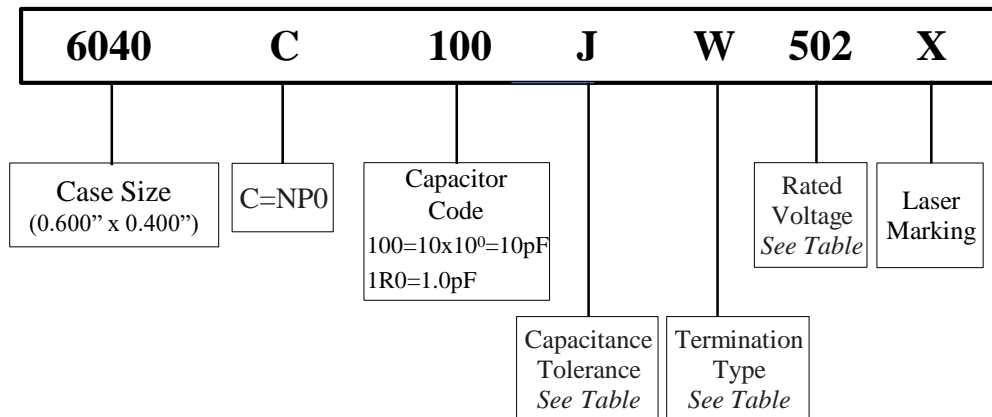
## Typical Circuit Applications

- Semiconductor Manufacturing
- High Energy Power Transfers
- Plasma Chambers
- Medical Equipment



Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

## Part Numbering



## Capacitance Tolerance Codes

Code	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

## Voltage Codes

Voltage	Code
1000V	102
2000V	202
3000V	302
5000V	502
8000V	802



UHF/RF High-Q Power Transmitter Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**6040C (0.600" x 0.400")**

**≠ 6040C Capacitance Values**

For special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC, please contact PPI.

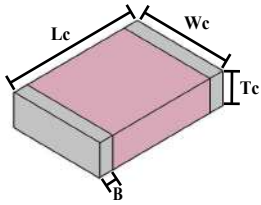


Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

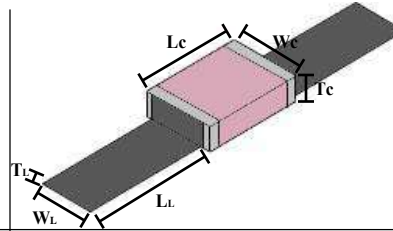
Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
1.0	1R0				39	390				1500	152			
1.2	1R2				47	470				1800	182	F,G, J,K	2000V	3000V
1.5	1R5				56	560	F,G, J,K	5000V	8000V	2200	222			
1.8	1R8				68	680				2700	272			
2.2	2R2				82	820				3300	332			
2.7	2R7	B,C, D	5000V	8000V	100	101				4700	472	F,G, J,K	1000V	2000V
3.3	3R3				120	121				5100	512			
3.9	3R9				150	151				5600	562			
4.7	4R7				180	181				6800	682			
5.6	5R6				220	221								
6.8	6R8				270	271	F,G, J,K	3000V	5000V					
8.2	8R2				330	331								
10	100				390	391								
12	120				470	471								
15	150				560	561								
18	180	F,G, J,K	5000V	8000V	680	681								
22	220				820	821								
27	270				1000	102	F,G, J,K	2000V	3000V					
33	330				1200	122								



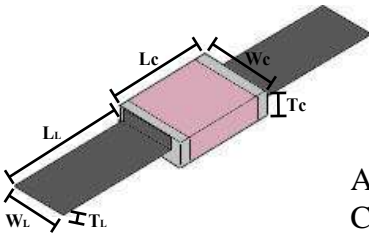
**≠ Termination Types and Codes**



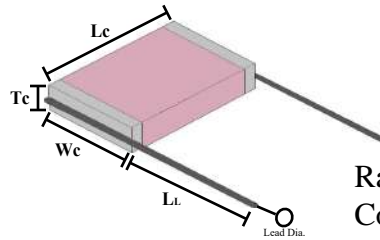
Chip Termination:  
Codes: **W, L, P**



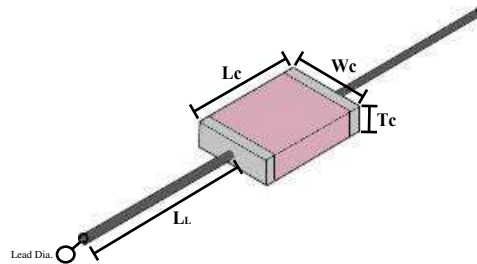
Microstrip Termination:  
Codes: **MS, MN**



Axial Ribbon Termination:  
Code: **AR, AN**



Radial Wire Termination:  
Codes: **RW, RN**



Axial Wire Termination:  
Codes: **AW, BN**

Termination Code	Magnetic Termination	Termination Code	Non-Magnetic Termination
<b>W</b>	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier	<b>P</b>	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
<b>L</b>	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier	<b>MN</b>	Silver-Plated Copper
<b>MS</b>		<b>AN</b>	
<b>AR</b>		<b>RN</b>	
<b>RW</b>	Silver-Plated Copper	<b>BN</b>	
<b>AW</b>		⊗ Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.	




# UHF/RF High-Q Power Transmitter Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**6040C (0.600" x 0.400")**

**≠ Terminations** For Termination Types images, see previous page

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Magnetic Terminations								
		Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
Code	Term.	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
W	Chip	0.614 -0.010+0.015 (15.6 -0.25+0.38)	0.433±0.010 (11.0±0.25)	0.154±0.008 (3.90±0.20) max	0.063 (1.60) max	-	-	-
MS	Microstrip					0.787 (20.0) min	0.350 ± 0.010 (8.89±0.25)	0.008±0.001 (0.20± 0.025)
AR	Axial Ribbon	0.614 -0.010+0.015	0.433±0.010 (11.0±0.25)	0.154±0.008 (3.90±0.20) max	-	0.787 (20.00) min	Dia.: 0.030±0.004 (0.80 ± 0.10)	
RW	Radial Wire	(15.6 -0.25+0.38)				0.984 (25.00) min		
AW	Axial Wire							
Non-Magnetic Terminations 								
		Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
Code	Term.	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
P	Chip	0.614 -0.010+0.015 (15.6 -0.25+0.38)	0.433±0.010 (11.0±0.25)	0.154±0.008 (3.90±0.20) max	0.063 (1.60) max	-	-	-
MN	Microstrip					0.787 (20.0) min	0.350 ± 0.010 (8.89±0.25)	0.008 ±0.001 (0.20 ± 0.025)
AN	Axial Ribbon	0.614 -0.010+0.015	0.433±0.010 (11.0±0.25)	0.154±0.008 (3.90±0.20) max	-	0.787 (20.00) min	Dia.: 0.031 ±0 .004 (0.80 ± 0.10)	
RN	Radial Wire	(15.6 -0.25+0.38)				0.984 (25.00) min		
BN	Axial Wire							

Note: Non-Magnetic means no magnetic materials. All leads are attached with high temperature solder and parts are RoHS Compliant.



**⚡ Electrical Specifications**

Quality Factor (Q)	No less than 1000pF, Q value more than 2000, Test Frequency 1MHz; More than 1000pF, Q value more than 2000, Test Frequency 1MHz
Insulation Resistance (IR)	Test Voltage: 500V 10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage in Capacitance Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of Voltage of 5 seconds, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC 150% of Voltage for 5 seconds, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250 VDC 120% of Voltage for 5 seconds, Rated Voltage > 1250 VDC
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	-55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C >125°C to 175°C 0±60ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None
Termination Type	See Termination Type Table

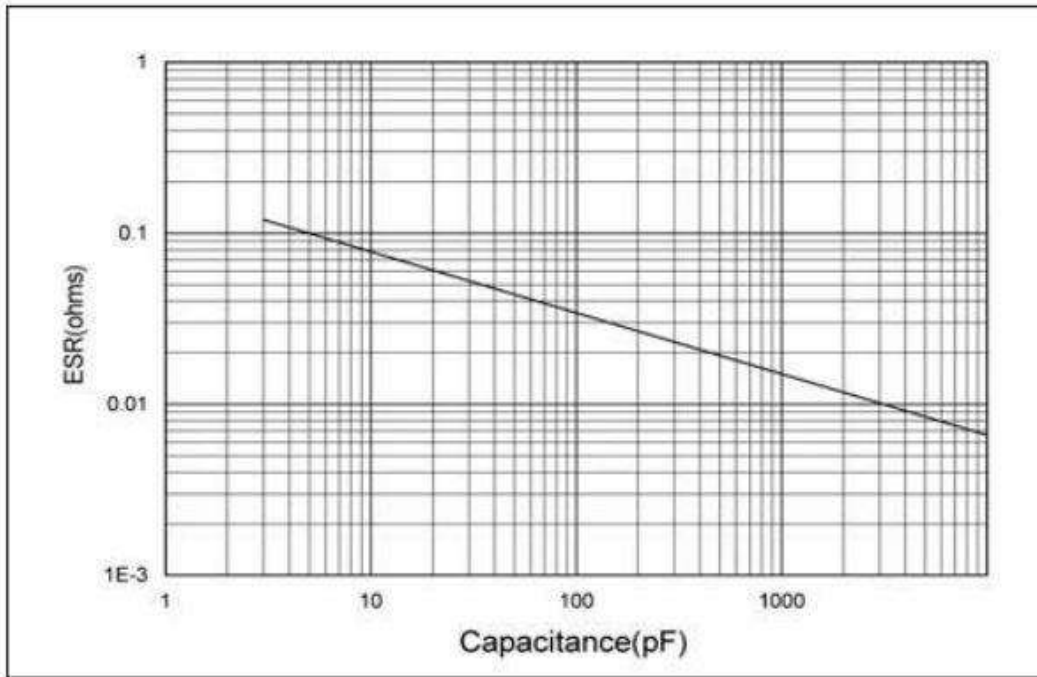
**⚡ Environmental Specifications**

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	<b>DWV:</b> The initial value <b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b>	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Moisture Resistance	No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Humidity (Steady State)	<b>DWV:</b> The initial value <b>IR:</b> The initial value <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.3% or 0.3pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	<b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 2.0% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 2000 hours, at 125°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
Terminal Strength	<b>Force:</b> 25lbs typical, 20lbs. min. <b>Duration Time:</b> 5 to 10 seconds	MIL-STD-202, Method 211A, Test Condition A. Applied a force and maintained for a period of 5 to 10 seconds. The force shall be in the direction of the axes of the terminations.

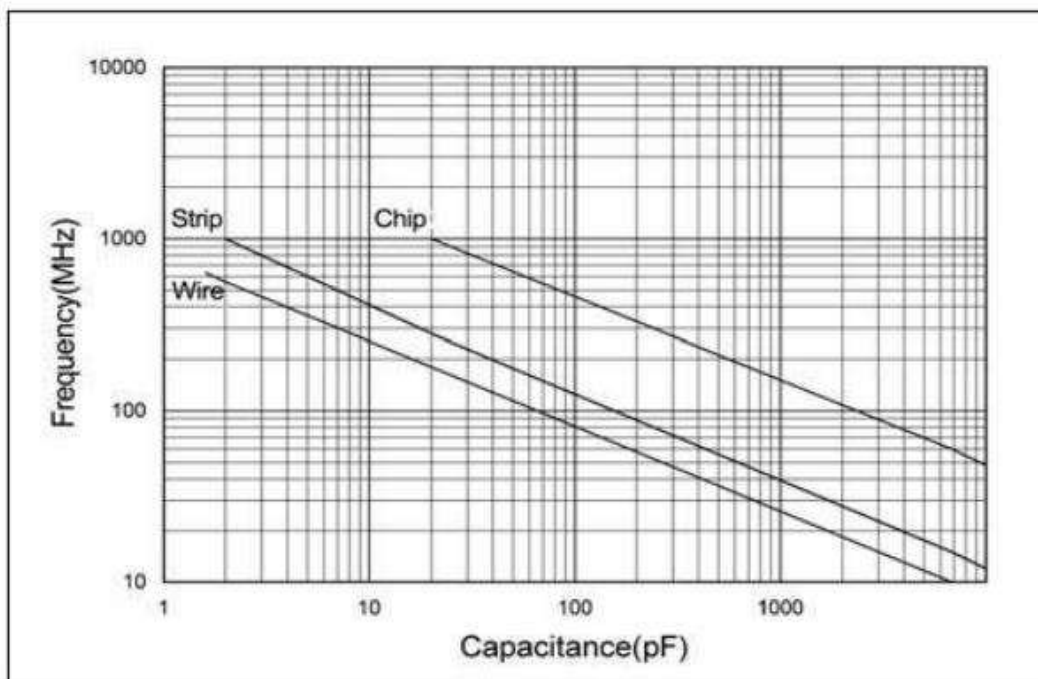
Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.



≠ ESR vs. Capacitance Measured @ 30MHz

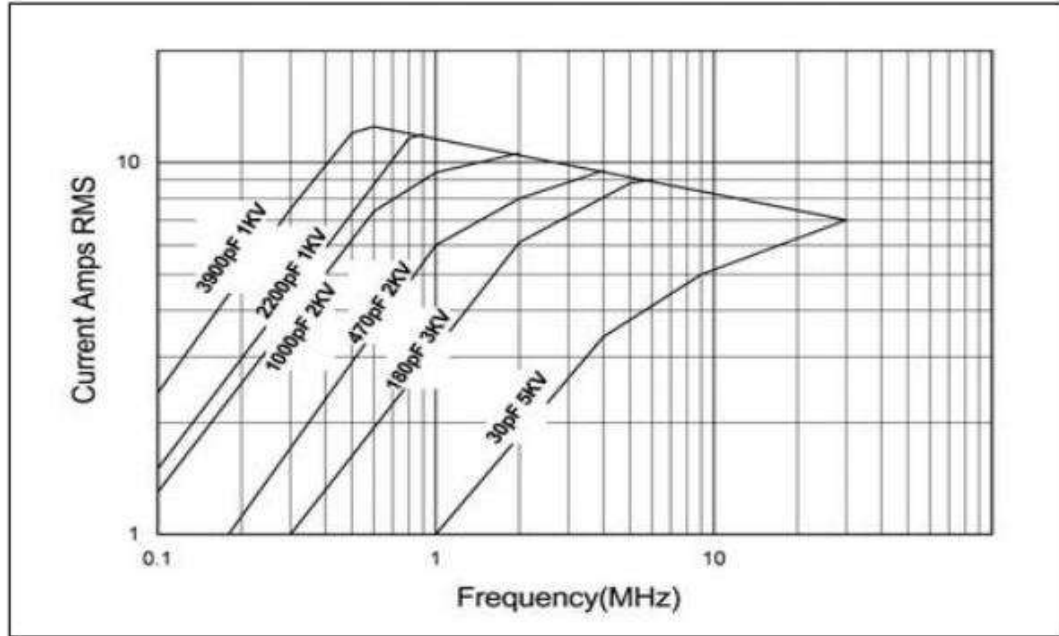


≠ Self Resonant Frequency vs. Capacitance

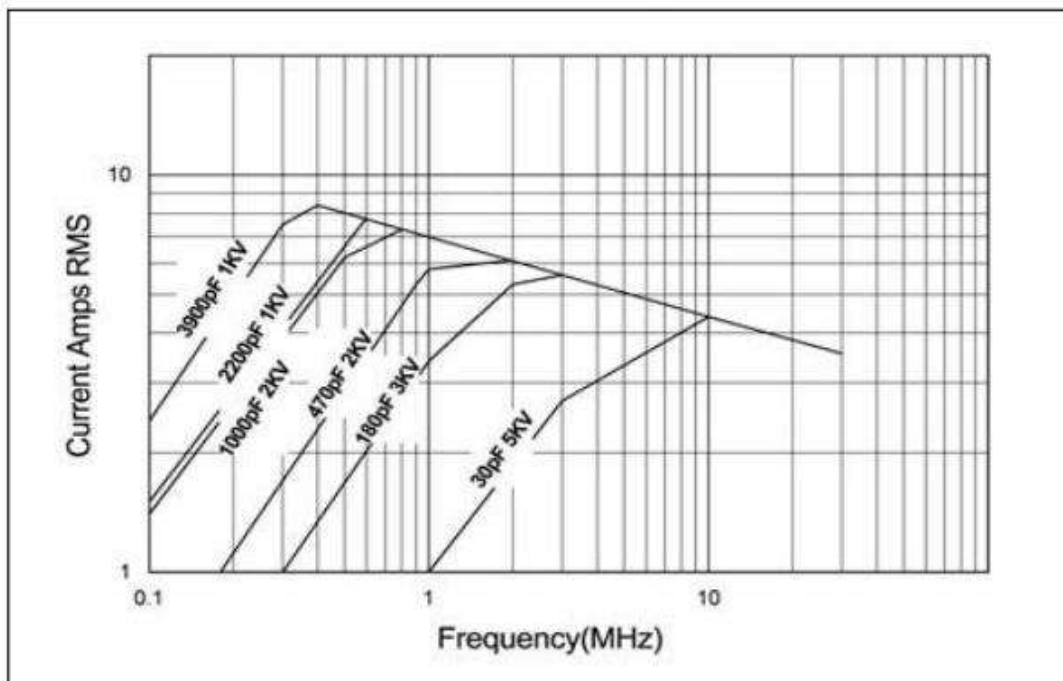




≠ Strip Terminals Rated Current vs. Frequency

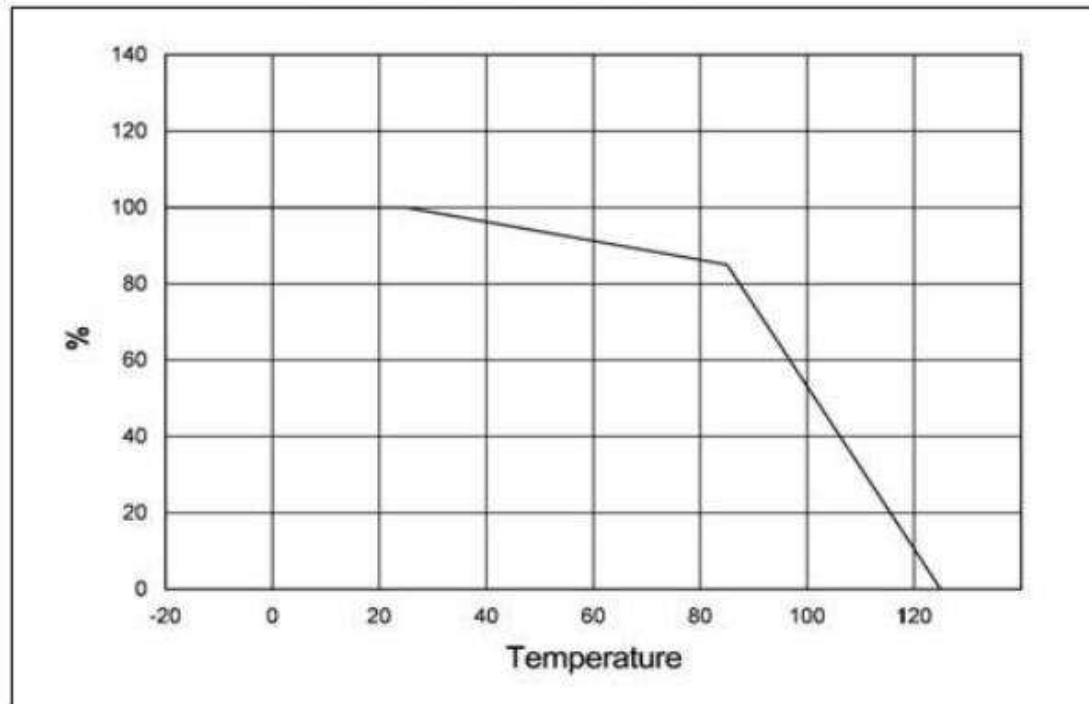


≠ Wire Terminals Rated Current vs. Frequency





### ⚡ % Maximum Current vs. Ambient Temperature



### ⚡ Custom Assemblies

Passive Plus offers Capacitor Assemblies for high power requirements. Typical assemblies are configured in series and/or parallel combinations, producing higher voltage/current handling capabilities, extended capacitance range and tighter tolerances.

To get started, simply send us either a mechanical drawing or circuit conditions and we can recommend a solution. All components are 100% up-screened for Partial Discharge and Sonoscanned. All assemblies include a 100hr Military burn in.





**⚡ Product Features**

- High Q
- High RF Current/Voltage
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
1.0pF to 20000pF
- Working Voltage: 5000V
- Extended Voltage: 8000V

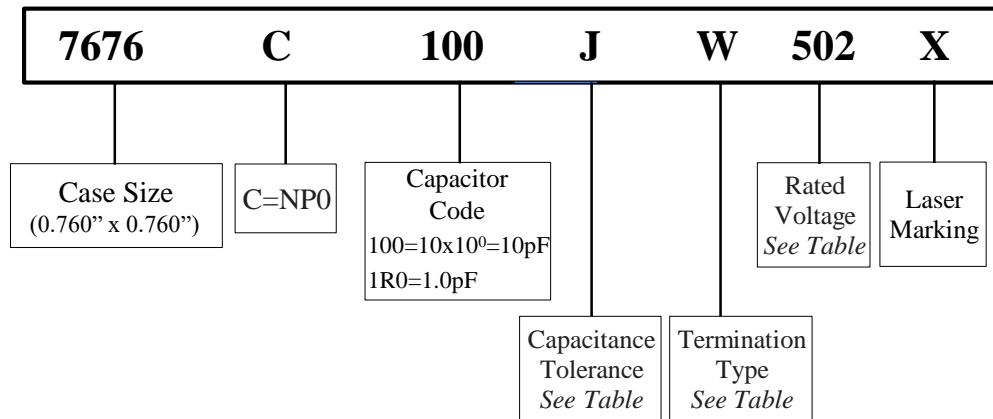
**⚡ Typical Circuit Applications**

- Semiconductor Manufacturing
- High Energy Power Transfers
- Plasma Chambers
- Medical Equipment



Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

**⚡ Part Numbering**



**⚡ Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%

**⚡ Voltage Codes**

Voltage	Code
1000V	102
2000V	202
3000V	302
5000V	502
8000V	802



UHF/RF High-Q Power Transmitter Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**7676C (0.760" x 0.760")**

**7676C Capacitance Values**

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.

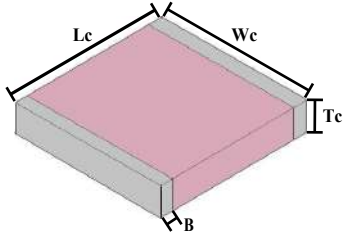


Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

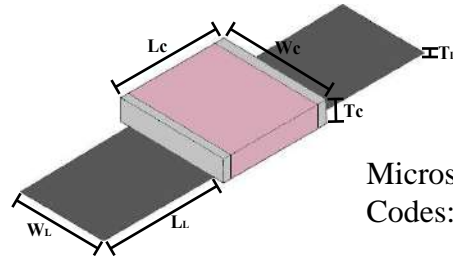
Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
1.0	1R0				33	330				1000	102			
1.2	1R2				39	390				1200	122			
1.5	1R5				47	470				1500	152			
1.8	1R8				56	560				1800	182			
2.2	2R2				68	680				2200	222	G,J, K	3000V	5000V
2.7	2R7	B,C, D	5000V	8000V	82	820	F,G, J,K	5000V	8000V	2700	272			
3.3	3R3				100	101				3300	332			
3.9	3R9				120	121				4700	472			
4.7	4R7				150	151				5100	512			
5.6	5R6				180	181				5600	562			
6.8	6R8				220	221				6800	682	G,J, K	1000V	3000V
8.2	8R2				270	271				7500	752			
10	100				300	301				8200	822			
12	120				390	391				10000	103			
15	150	F,G, J,K	5000V	8000V	470	471	F,G, J,K	3000V	5000V	12000	123			
18	180				560	561				15000	153	G,J, K	1000V	2000V
22	220				680	681				18000	183			
27	270				820	821				20000	203			



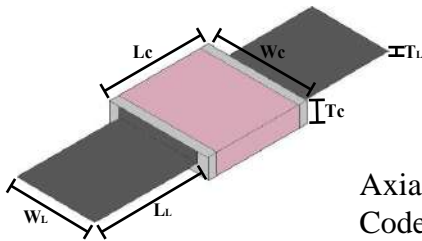
**≠ Termination Types and Codes**



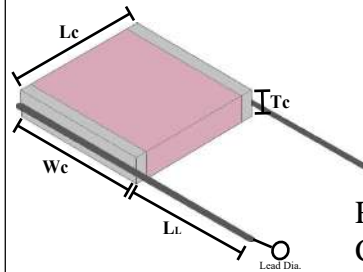
Chip Termination:  
Codes: **W, L, P**



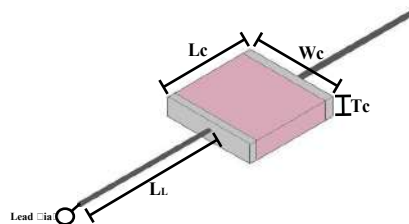
Microstrip Termination:  
Codes: **MS, MN**



Axial Ribbon Termination:  
Code: **AR, AN**



Radial Wire Termination:  
Codes: **RW, RN**



Axial Wire Termination:  
Codes: **AW, BN**

Termination Code	Magnetic Termination
<b>W</b>	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
<b>L</b>	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier
<b>MS</b>	
<b>AR</b>	
<b>RW</b>	Silver-Plated Copper
<b>AW</b>	

Termination Code	Non-Magnetic
<b>P</b>	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
<b>MN</b>	
<b>AN</b>	
<b>RN</b>	Silver-Plated Copper
<b>BN</b>	

Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.



**≠ Termination Types** For Termination Types images, see previous page

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Magnetic Terminations								
Code	Term.	Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
		Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
W	Chip					-	-	-
MS	Microstrip	0.760	0.760±0.010	0.154±0.008	0.063	0.787	0.591 ± 0.010	0.008±0.001
AR	Axial Ribbon	-0.010+0.015 (19.3 -0.25+0.38)	(19.3±0.25)	(3.90±0.20) max	(1.60) max	(20.0) min	(15.0±0.25)	(0.20± 0.025)
RW	Radial Wire					0.787 (20.00) min	Dia.: 0.030±0.004 (0.80 ± 0.10)	
AW	Axial Wire					1.181 (30.00) min		

Non-Magnetic Terminations								
Code	Term.	Capacitor Dimensions				Lead Dimensions		
		Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B	Length LL	Width WL	Thickness TL
P	Chip					-	-	-
MN	Microstrip	0.760	0.760±0.010	0.154±0.008	0.063	0.787	0.591 ± 0.010	0.008 ± 0.001
AN	Axial Ribbon	-0.010+0.015 (19.3 -0.25+0.38)	(19.3±0.25)	(3.90±0.20) max	(1.60) max	(20.0) min	(15.0±0.25)	(0.20 ± 0.025)
RN	Radial Wire					0.787 (20.00) min	Dia.: 0.031 ± 0.004 (0.80 ± 0.10)	
BN	Axial Wire					1.181 (30.00) min		

Note: Non-Magnetic means no magnetic materials. All leads are attached with high temperature solder and parts are RoHS Compliant.



**⚡ Electrical Specifications**

Quality Factor (Q)	No less than 1000pF, Q value more than 2000, Test Frequency 1MHz; More than 1000pF, Q value more than 2000, Test Frequency 1MHz
Insulation Resistance (IR)	Test Voltage: 500V 10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage in Capacitance Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	250% of Voltage of 5 seconds, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC 150% of Voltage for 5 seconds, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250 VDC 120% of Voltage for 5 seconds, Rated Voltage > 1250 VDC
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	-55°C to 125°C 0±30ppm/°C >125°C to 175°C 0±60ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None
Termination Type	See Termination Type Table

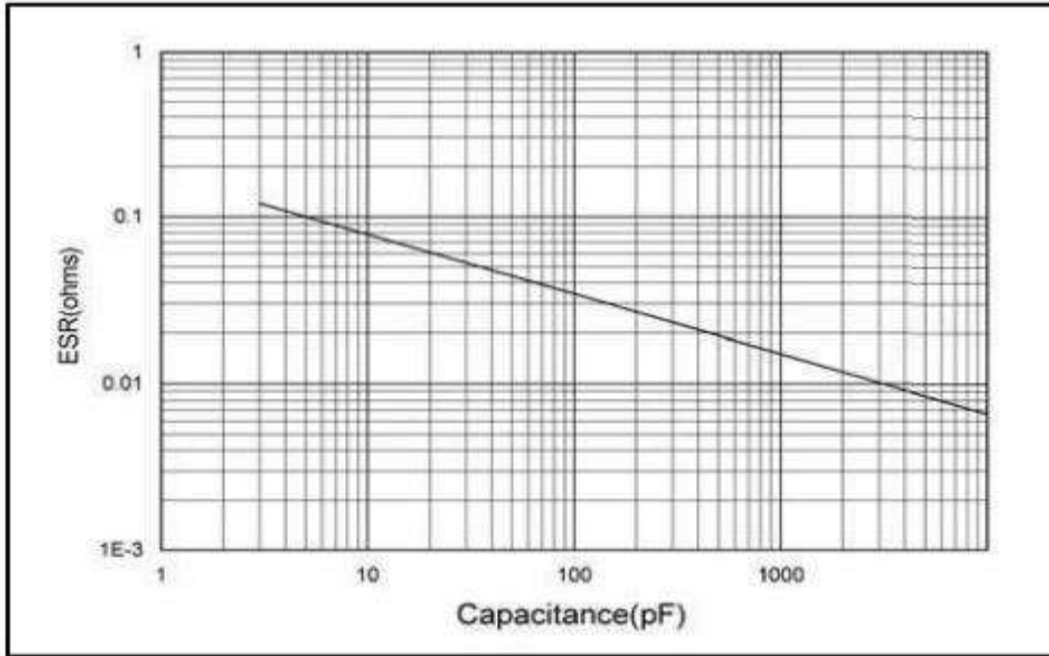
**⚡ Environmental Specifications**

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	<b>DWV:</b> The initial value <b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b>	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Moisture Resistance	No more than 0.5% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Humidity (Steady State)	<b>DWV:</b> The initial value <b>IR:</b> The initial value <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 0.3% or 0.3pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	<b>IR:</b> Shall not be less than 30% of the initial value. <b>Capacitance Change:</b> No more than 2.0% or 0.5pF, whichever is greater.	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 2000 hours, at 125°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
Terminal Strength	<b>Force:</b> 30lbs. min. <b>Duration Time:</b> 5 to 10 seconds	MIL-STD-202, Method 211A, Test Condition A. Applied a force and maintained for a period of 5 to 10 seconds. The force shall be in the direction of the axes of the terminations.

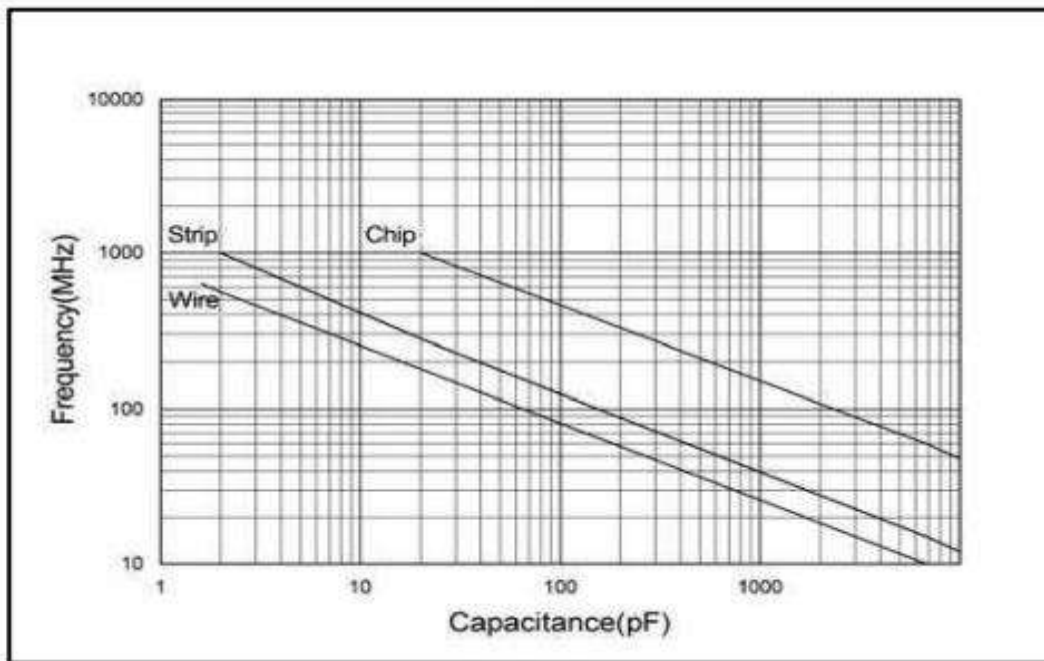
Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.



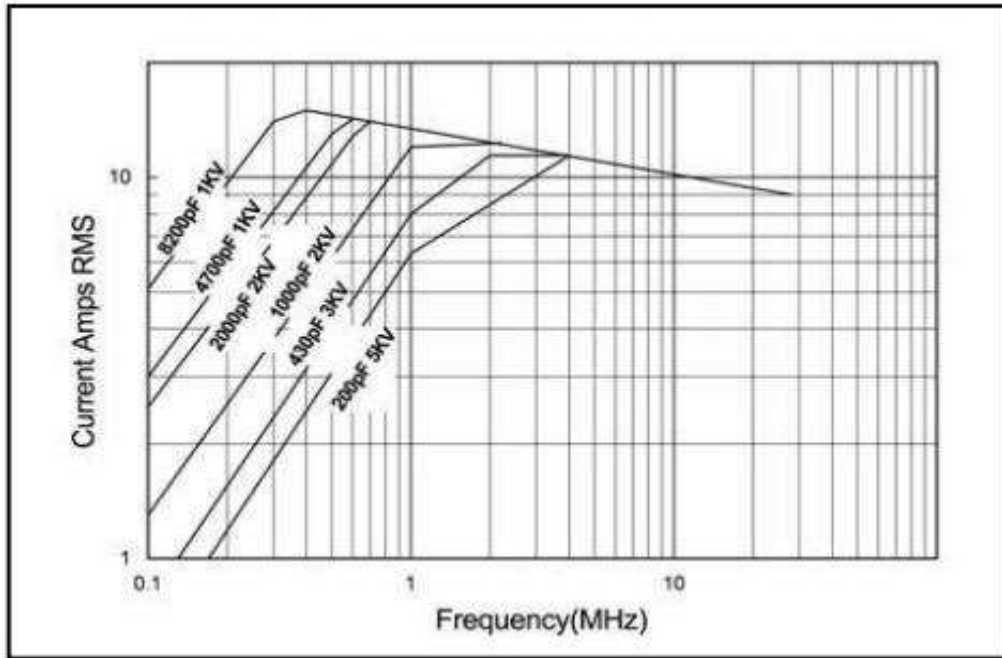
**≠ ESR vs. Capacitance Measured @ 30MHz**



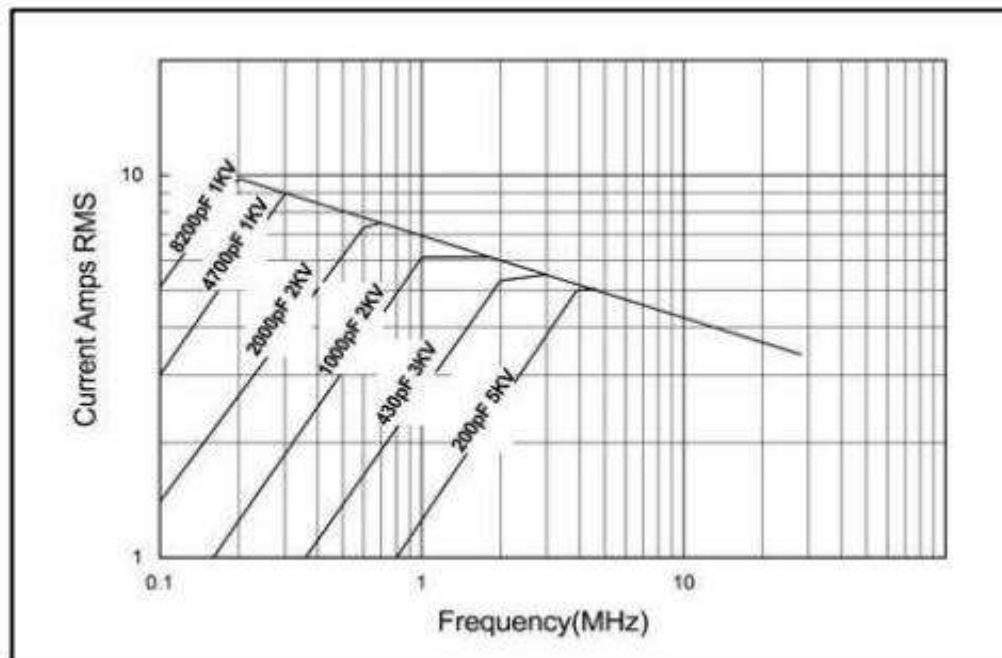
**≠ Self Resonant Frequency vs. Capacitance**



**≠ Strip Terminals Rated Current vs. Frequency**

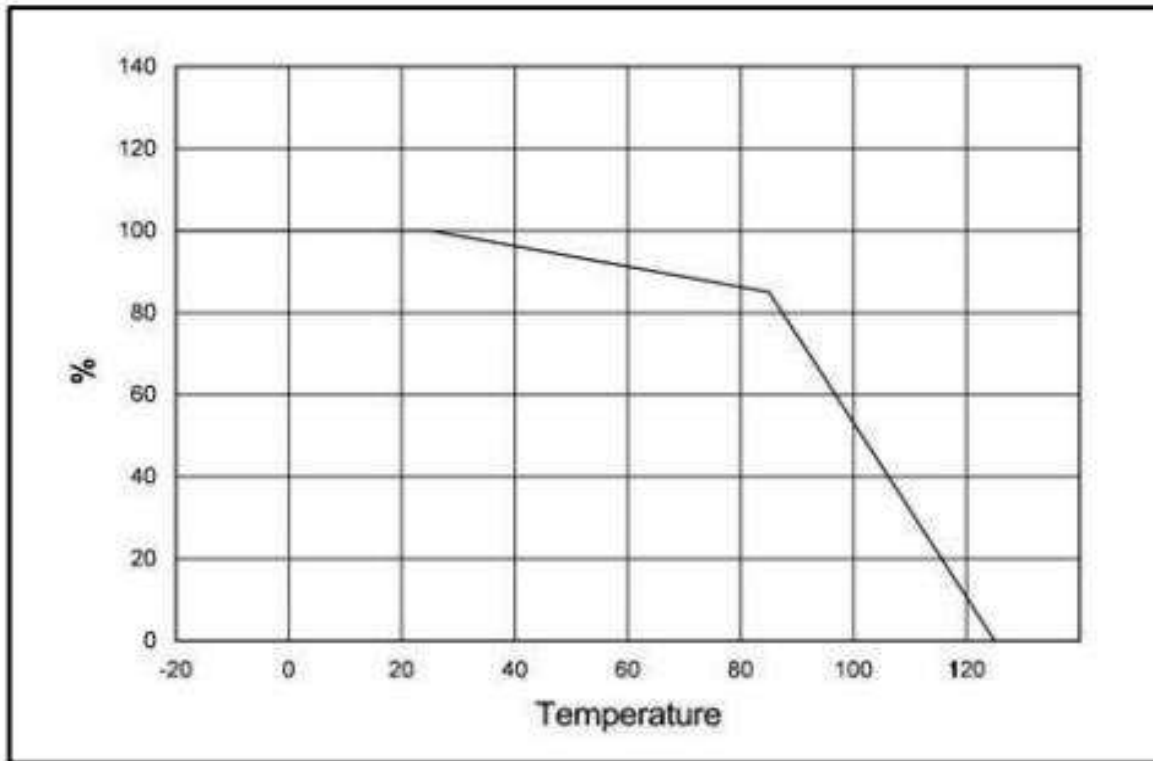


**≠ Wire Terminals Rated Current vs. Frequency**





### ⚡ % Maximum Current vs. Ambient Temperature



### ⚡ Custom Assemblies

Passive Plus offers Capacitor Assemblies for high power requirements. Typical assemblies are configured in series and/or parallel combinations, producing higher voltage/current handling capabilities, extended capacitance range and tighter tolerances.

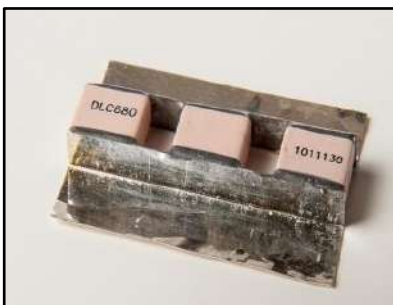
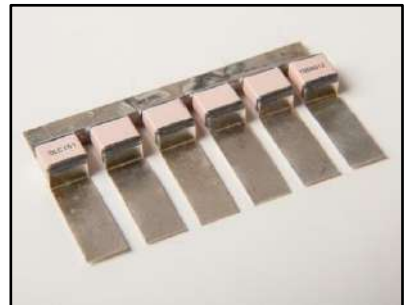
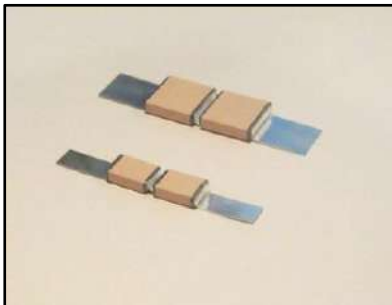
To get started, simply send us either a mechanical drawing or circuit conditions and we can recommend a solution. All components are 100% up-screened for Partial Discharge and Sonoscanned. All assemblies include a 100hr Military burn in.





UHF/RF High-Q Power Transmitter Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**Custom Capacitor Assemblies**



*Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.*

Please contact PPI ([sales@passiveplus.com](mailto:sales@passiveplus.com)) to discuss custom assembly options.



**Product Features**

High Operating Voltage, High Operating Current, Extended Capacitance, Tighter Tolerances, High Reliability, High Q, Ultra-low ESR, Non-Magnetic

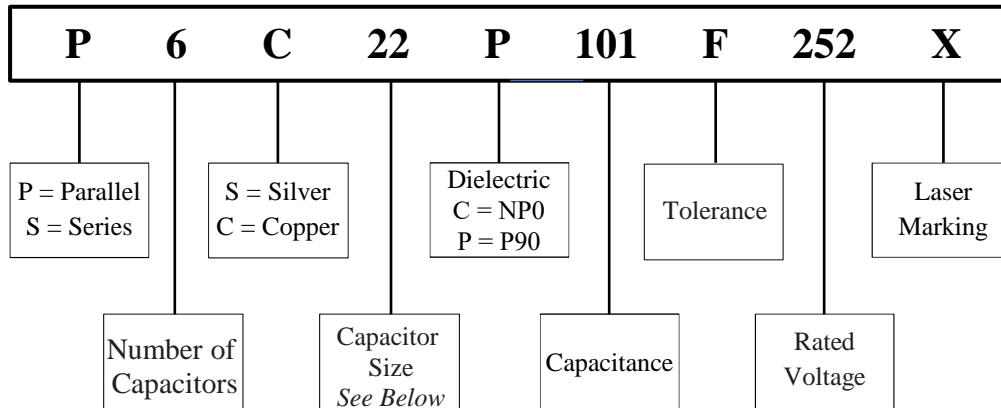
**Typical Applications Field**

High Power RF, Medical Electronics, Broadcast, Semiconductor Manufacturing, High Magnetic Environments, Inductive Heating

**Part Numbering**



Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.



Capacitor Size:

11 = 1111; 22 = 2225; 38 = 3838; 60 = 6040; 76 = 7676

Capacitance: For capacitor values requiring 3 significant digits,

e.g. 1222.5pF =1222R5

e.g. P6S22P101F252X

Silver bracket assembly with six 2225C pieces in parallel, Capacitance is 100pF, Capacitance tolerance is ±1%, WVDC is 2500 V and Laser marking.

e.g. S2S25C1222R5G203X

Silver bracket assembly with two 2225C pieces in series, Capacitance is 1222.5pF, Capacitance tolerance is ±2%, WVDC is 20,000V and Laser marking.

**Capacitance and Voltage**

By Buyer's requirements using existing drawings, mechanical sketches, or we can help with capable modeling of assemblies thermal rise predictions.

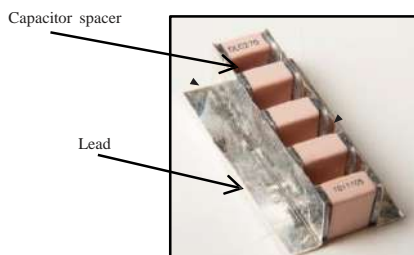


≡ Typical Assembly Configurations

≡ Parallel Assemblies

unit:inch (millimeter)

	1111C/P	22225C/P	3838C/P	6040C	7676C
Lead Material	Silver plated Copper or Silver				
Lead Thickness	.004 or .010 (0.1 or 0.25)			.010 or .020 (0.25 or 0.51)	
Lead Length (max.)	.50 (12.7)	.75 (19.8)		2.0 (50.8)	
Capacitor Spacer (typ.)	.050 or .078 (1.3 or 2)			.090 (2.3)	.050 or .157 (1.3 or 4)
Mounting Configuration	Horizontal / Vertical				



3838 Series/Parallel Combination



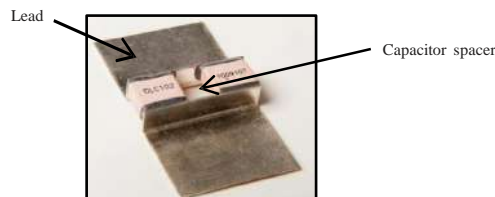
Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

≡ Series Assemblies

unit:inch (millimeter)

	22225C/P	3838C/P	6040C	7676C
Lead Type	L Bracket			
Lead Material	Silver plated Copper or Silver			
Lead Thickness	.010 ( 0.25)		.010 or .020 (0.25 or 0.51)	
Lead Length (max.)	.75 (19.8)	1.0 (25.4)		
Capacitor Spacer (typ.)	.050 or .157 (1.3 or 4)			
Mounting Configuration	Horizontal			

- Epoxy Molding Available



Other Assemblies: By Buyer's requirement. Contact PPI.

Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.



# EIA Low ESR Microwave Capacitors

## Product Features

- Lowest ESR
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance

## Product Applications

### Typical Functional Applications

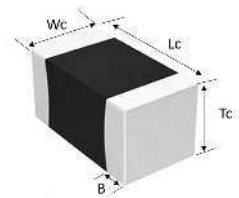
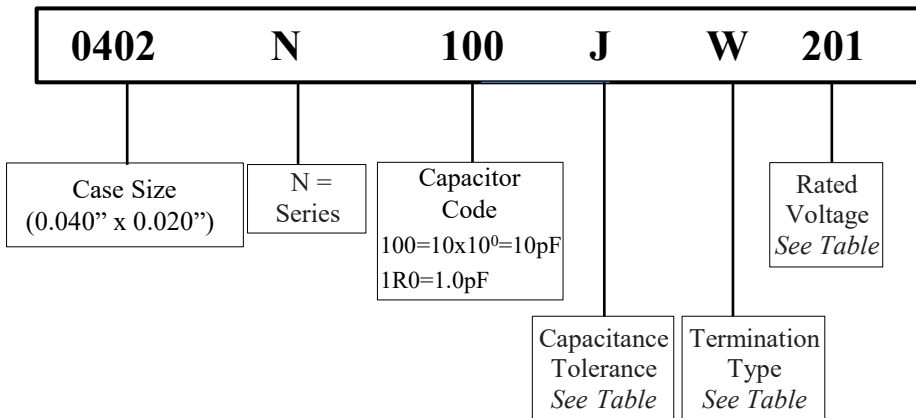
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

### Typical Circuit Applications

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



## Part Numbering



## Case Size (Chip) Dimensions

	<b>0201</b>	<b>0402</b>	<b>0603</b>	<b>0805</b>	<b>1111</b>
Length ( $L_c$ )	0.024 ± 0.001 (0.60 ± 0.03)	0.040 ± 0.004 (1.02 ± 0.10)	0.062 ± 0.006 (1.57 ± 0.15)	0.080 ± 0.008 (2.03 ± 0.20)	0.110 + 0.020 to -0.010 (2.79 + 0.51 to -0.25)
Width ( $W_c$ )	0.012 ± 0.001 (0.30 ± 0.03)	0.020 ± 0.004 (0.51 ± 0.10)	0.032 ± 0.006 (0.81 ± 0.15)	0.050 ± 0.008 (1.27 ± 0.20)	0.110 ± 0.015 (2.79 ± 0.38)
Thickness ( $T_c$ )	0.012 ± 0.001 (0.30 ± 0.03)	0.020 ± 0.004 (0.51 ± 0.10)	0.030 ± 0.005-0.003 (0.76 ± 0.20-0.08)	0.040 ± 0.006 (1.02 ± 0.15)	0.10 (2.60) max
Overlap (B)	0.008 (0.20)	0.010 ± 0.006 (0.25 ± 0.15)	0.014 ± 0.006 (0.35 ± 0.15)	0.020 ± 0.010 (0.50 ± 0.25)	0.015 (0.024) max



# EIA Low ESR Microwave Capacitors

## ⚡ Temperature Coefficient

N:  $0 \pm 30 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$

## ⚡ Rated Capacitance


Capacitance is less than 10pF; for example: 1R0=1.0pF, R denotes decimal point

Capacitance greater than 10pF; for example: 101=100pF, the third number is the power of 10

## ⚡ Tolerance

Capacitance Tolerance								
Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tolerance	$\pm 0.05 \text{ pF}$	$\pm 0.1 \text{ pF}$	$\pm 0.25 \text{ pF}$	$\pm 0.5 \text{ pF}$	$\pm 1\%$	$\pm 2\%$	$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 10\%$

## ⚡ Termination Types and Codes

Termination Code	Type	Magnetic Termination
W 	Chip	100% Sn Solder over Nickel Plating
L	Chip	90% Sn10%Pb Tin/Lead Solder over Nickel Plating

## ⚡ Voltages

Code	Rated Voltage
250	25V
500	50V
251	250V
501	500V
102	1000V



## EIA Low ESR Microwave Capacitors

### ≠ Laser Marking

An “X” at the end of the part number indicates the part is marked.

Laser Marking is available on the 0805N & 1111N case sizes.


### ≠ Packing Orientation Option

TV: Tape carrier packaging Vertical Orientation.

Vertical orientation means that if the part is lifted from the tape without any rotation and placed on a substrate, its electrodes will be perpendicular to the substrate plane. This impacts the frequency of First Parallel Resonance (suckout).

### ≠ Performance Requirements

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

All products are in compliance with RoHS instruction. 



**Product Features**

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.1pF to 100pF
- Working Voltage: 50V

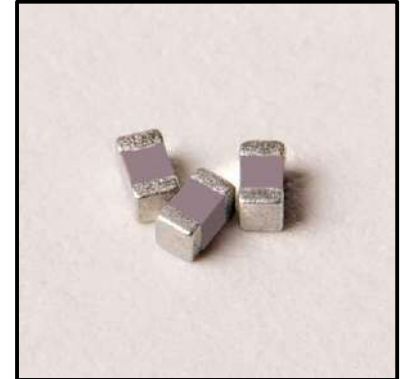
**Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications**

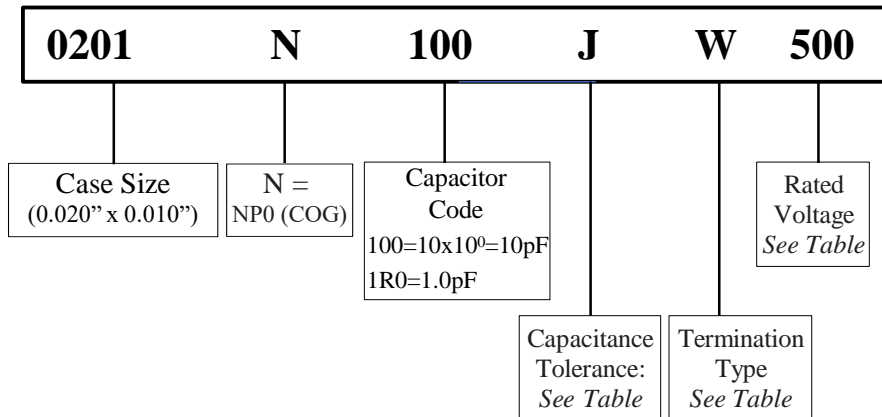
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

**Typical Circuit Applications**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



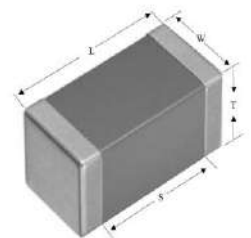
**Part Numbering**



**Capacitor Dimensions**

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Code	Term.	Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap
		Lc	Wc	Tc	B
W	Chip	0.024 ± 0.001 (0.60 ± 0.03)	0.012 ± 0.001 (0.30 ± 0.03)	0.012 ± 0.001 (0.30 ± 0.03)	0.008 (0.20)



**Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0201N (0.020" x 0.010")**

≠ Terminations Type and Code

≠ Voltage Codes

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier

Voltage	Code
25V	250
50V	500



≠ 0201N Capacitance Values

For special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC, please contact PPI.

Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVD	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
0.1	0R1	A,B, C,	25V	50V	2.2	2R2	A,B, C,	25V	50V	16	160	F,G, J,K	25V	50V
0.2	0R2				2.4	2R4				18	180			
0.3	0R3				2.7	2R7				20	200			
0.4	0R4				3.0	3R0				22	220			
0.5	0R5				3.3	3R3				24	240			
0.6	0R6				3.6	3R6				27	270			
0.7	0R7				3.9	3R9				30	300			
0.8	0R8				4.3	4R3				33	330			
0.9	0R9				4.7	4R7				36	360			
1.0	1R0				5.1	5R1				39	390			
1.1	1R1	5.6	5R6	43	430									
1.2	1R2	B,C, D	25V	50V	47	470	F,G, J,K	25V	50V					
1.3	1R3				51	510								
1.4	1R4				56	560								
1.5	1R5				62	620								
1.6	1R6				68	680								
1.7	1R7				75	750								
1.8	1R8	82	820											
1.9	1R9	91	910											
2.0	2R0	100	101											
2.1	2R1	15	150	100	101									



### ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	2,000 at 1 MHz min.
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	25V or 50V
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (WVDC)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	0±30ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None

### ⚡ Environmental Specifications

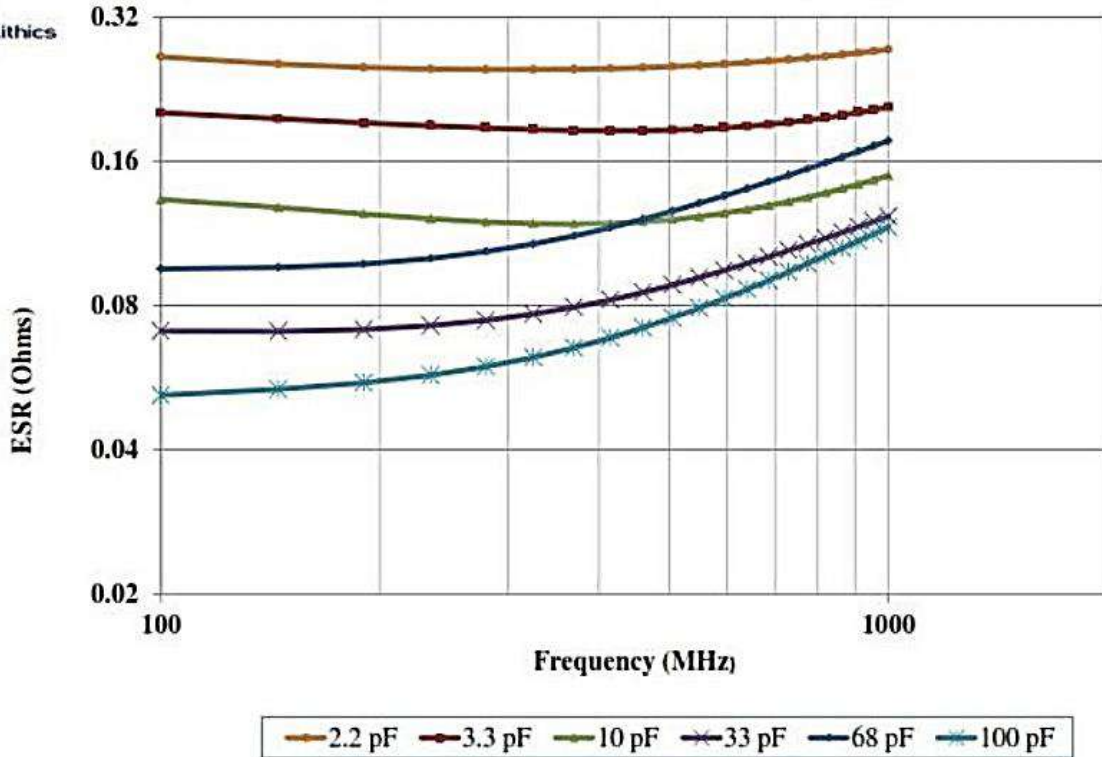
	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>2000 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Humidity (Steady State)	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Low Voltage Humidity	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.3% or 0.3pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A, with 1.5 Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±2.0% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 1000 hours, at 175°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors
Terminal Adhesion	Termination should not pull off. Ceramic should remain undamaged	Linear pull force exerted on axial leads soldered to each terminal 2.0lbs.
Resistance to Soldering Heat	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> -1.0%~+2.0% <b>IR:</b> >10 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	Preheat device to 150°C -180°C for 60 seconds. Dip in 260°C ±5°C solder for 10 ±1 second. Measure after 24± 2 hour cooling period.

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

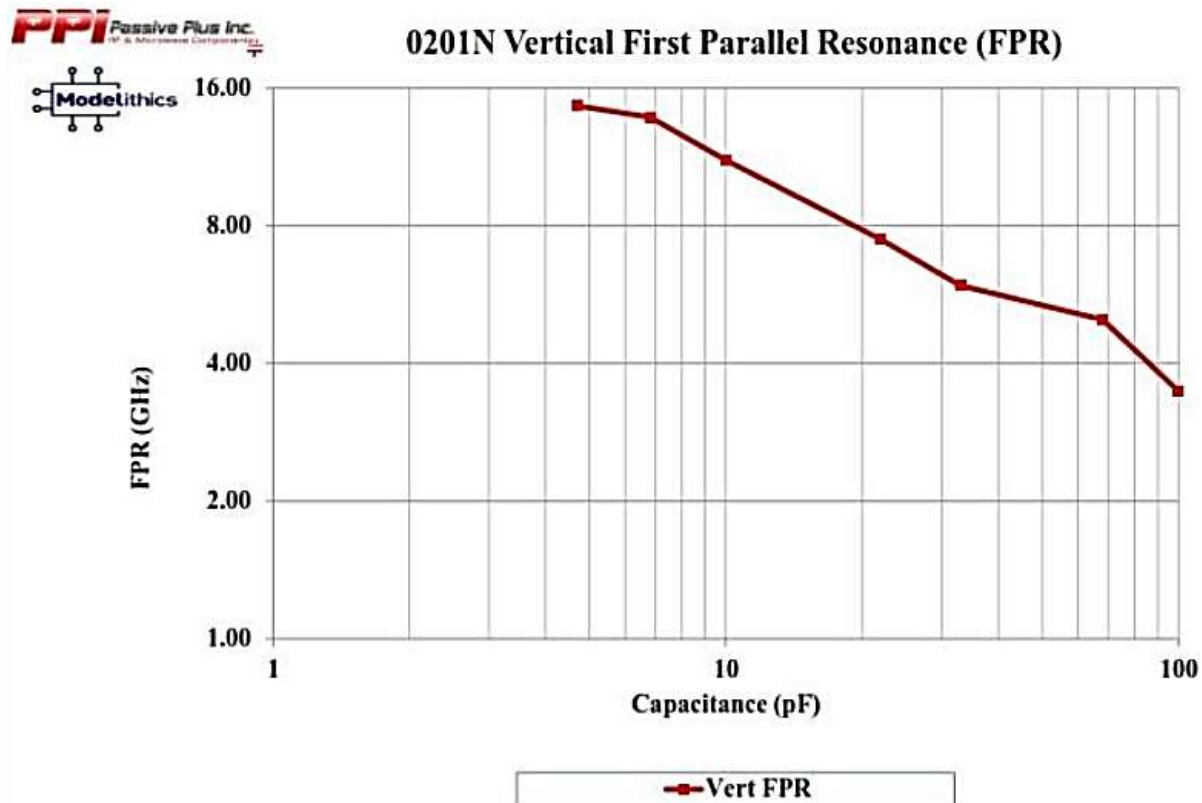
⚡ ESR vs. Frequency



0201N Equivalent Series Resistances (ESRs)



## ≠ First Parallel Resonance



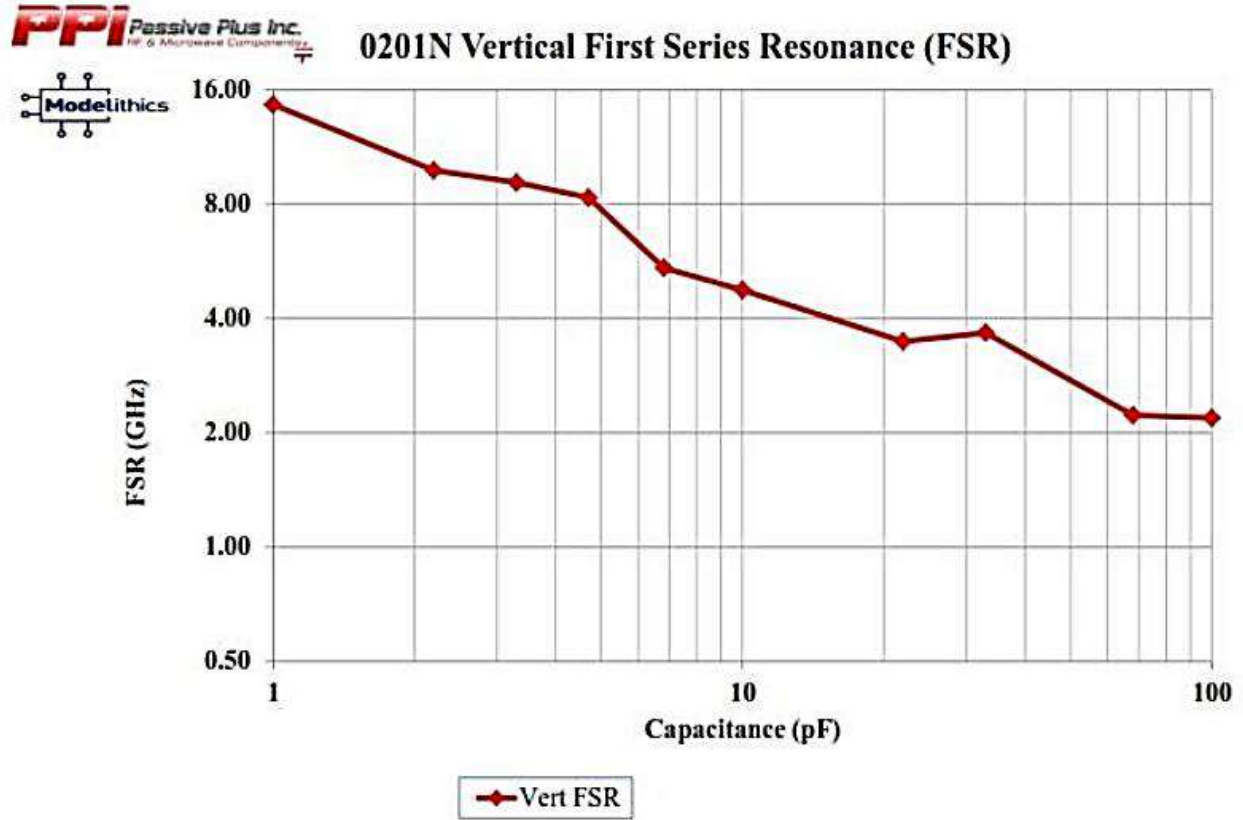
## ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ . It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO3006; substrate dielectric constant = 6.15; substrate thickness (mils) = 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 6.0; microstrip trace width (mils) = 14.1; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ⚡ First Series Resonance



## ⚡ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

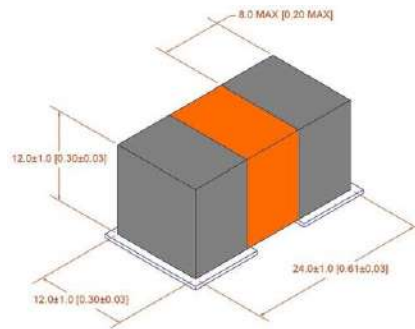
The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO3006; substrate dielectric constant = 6.15; substrate thickness (mils) = 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 6.0; microstrip trace width (mils) = 14.1; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ≠ Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## ≠ Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page \(http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php\)](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php).



### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

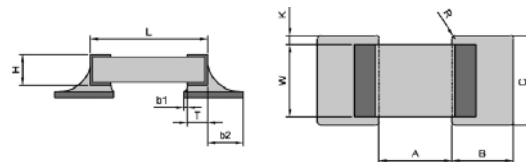
When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

- 1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.
- 2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.



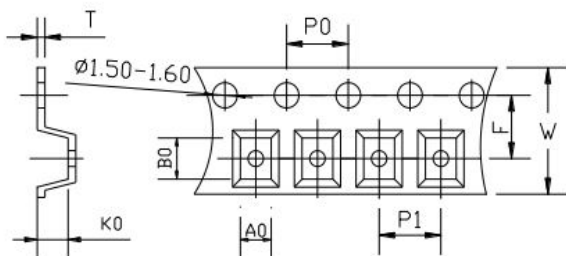
### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
0.2-0.3	0.2-0.35	0.2-0.4



### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications Dimensions: mm

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.079	0.017	0.138	1000	15000	Paper
	mm	8.00	4.00	2.00	0.42	3.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0201N (0.020" x 0.010")**

## Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.

Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.



Kit Number	Value Range	Values	
DKD0201N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 1.9, 2.0pF	
DKD0201N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 1.9, 2.0, 2.2, 2.7, 3.0, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 7.5, 8.2, 10pF	
DKD0201N03	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 27, 30, 39, 47, 56, 68, 75, 82, 91, 100pF	

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0201N01**

**0201N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**

Size: 0.020" x 0.010"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 50V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0201N02**

**0201N Series 1.0 — 10pF**

Size: 0.020" x 0.010"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 50V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0201N03**

**0201N Series 10 — 100pF**

Size: 0.020" x 0.010"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 50V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)



**Product Features**

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.1pF to 33pF
- Working Voltage: 200V

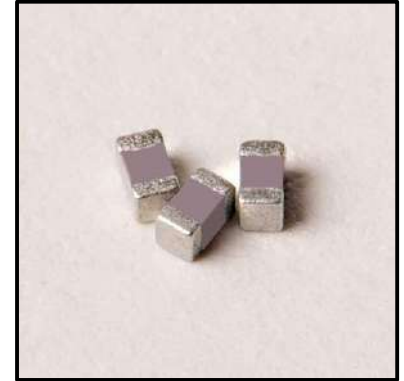
**Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications**

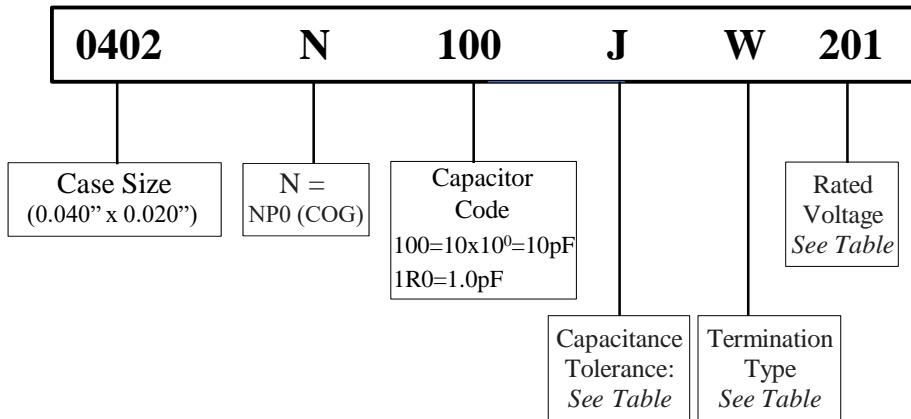
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

**Typical Circuit Applications**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



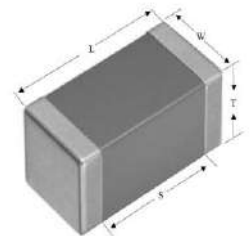
**Part Numbering**



**Capacitor Dimensions**

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Code	Term.	Length Lc	Width Wc	Thickness Tc	Overlap B
W	Chip	0.040 ± 0.004 (1.02 ± 0.10)	0.020 ± 0.004 (0.51 ± 0.10)	0.020 ± 0.004 (0.51 ± 0.10)	0.010 ± 0.006 (0.25 ± 0.15)



**Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0402N (0.040" x 0.020")**

≠ Terminations Type and Code

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin
	Solder over Nickel Barrier

≠ Voltage Codes

Voltage	Code
50V	500
200V	201
250V	251



≠ 0402N Capacitance Values

For special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC, please contact PPI.

Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
0.1	OR1	A,B, C,D	50V or 200V	250V	1.7	1R7	A,B, C,D	50V or 200V	250V	6.8	6R8	A,B, C	50V or 200V	N/A
0.2	OR2				1.8	1R8				7.5	7R5			
0.3	OR3				1.9	1R9				8.2	8R2			
0.4	OR4				2.0	2R0	50V or 200V	250V	F,G, J,K	50V or 200V	N/A			
0.5	OR5				2.1	2R1						9.1	9R1	
0.6	OR6				2.2	2R2						10	100	
0.7	OR7				2.4	2R4						11	110	
0.8	OR8				2.7	2R7						12	120	
0.9	OR9				3.0	3R0						13	130	
1.0	1R0				3.3	3R3	15	150						
1.1	1R1				A,B, C,D	50V or 200V	N/A	16	160	F,G, J,K	50V or 200V	N/A		
1.2	1R2							18	180					
1.3	1R3							20	200					
1.4	1R4							22	220					
1.5	1R5							24	240					
1.6	1R6							27	270					
		30	300	F,G, J,K	50V	N/A								
		33	330											



### ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	2,000 at 1 MHz min.
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (WVDC)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	0±30ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None

### ⚡ Environmental Specifications

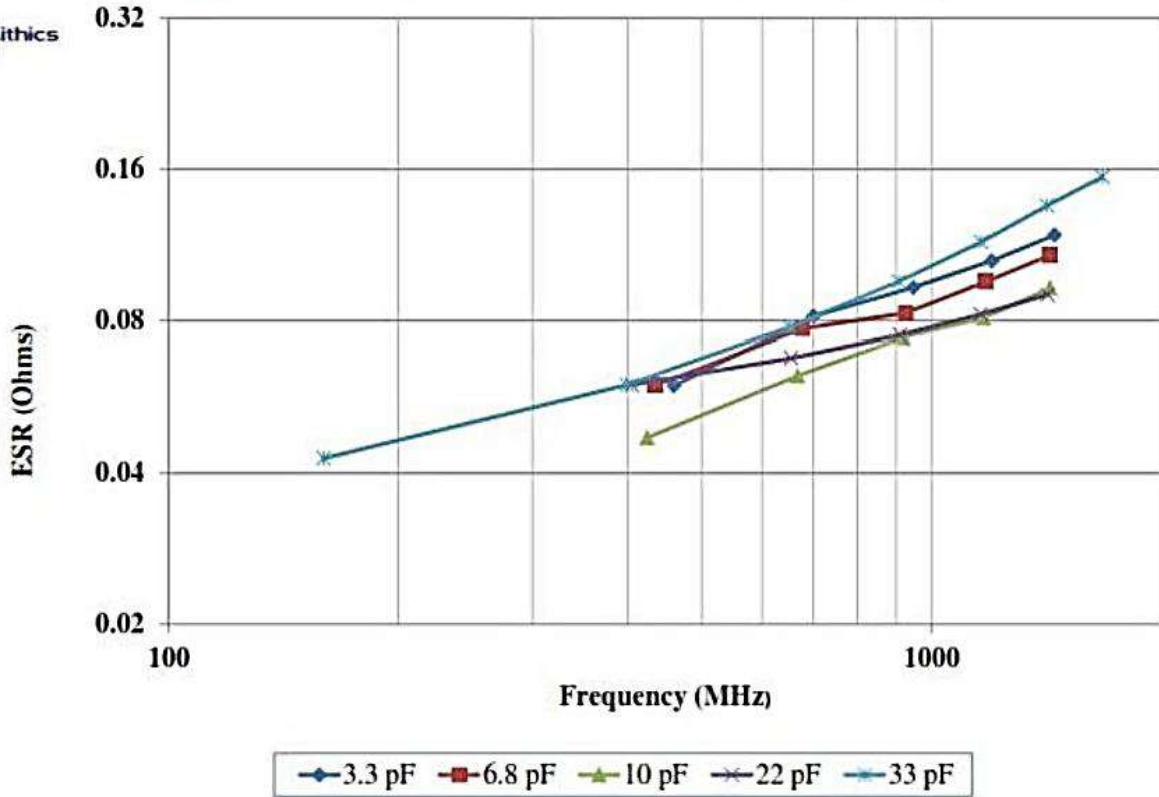
	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>2000 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Humidity (Steady State)	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Low Voltage Humidity	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.3% or 0.3pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A, with 1.5 Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±2.0% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 1000 hours, at 175°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors
Terminal Adhesion	Termination should not pull off. Ceramic should remain undamaged	Linear pull force exerted on axial leads soldered to each terminal 2.0lbs.
Resistance to Soldering Heat	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> -1.0%~+2.0% <b>IR:</b> >10 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	Preheat device to 150°C -180°C for 60 seconds. Dip in 260°C ±5°C solder for 10 ±1 second. Measure after 24± 2 hour cooling period.

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

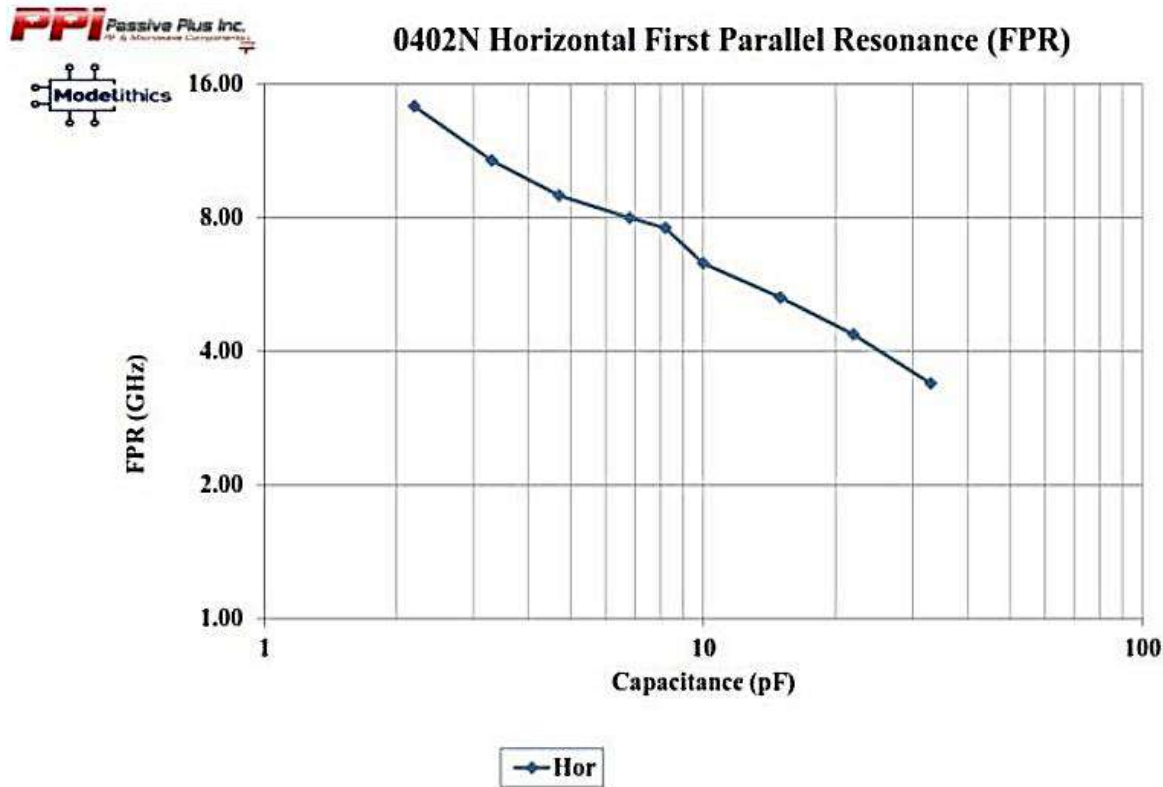
⚡ ESR vs. Frequency



0402N Equivalent Series Resistances (ESRs)



## ≠ First Parallel Resonance



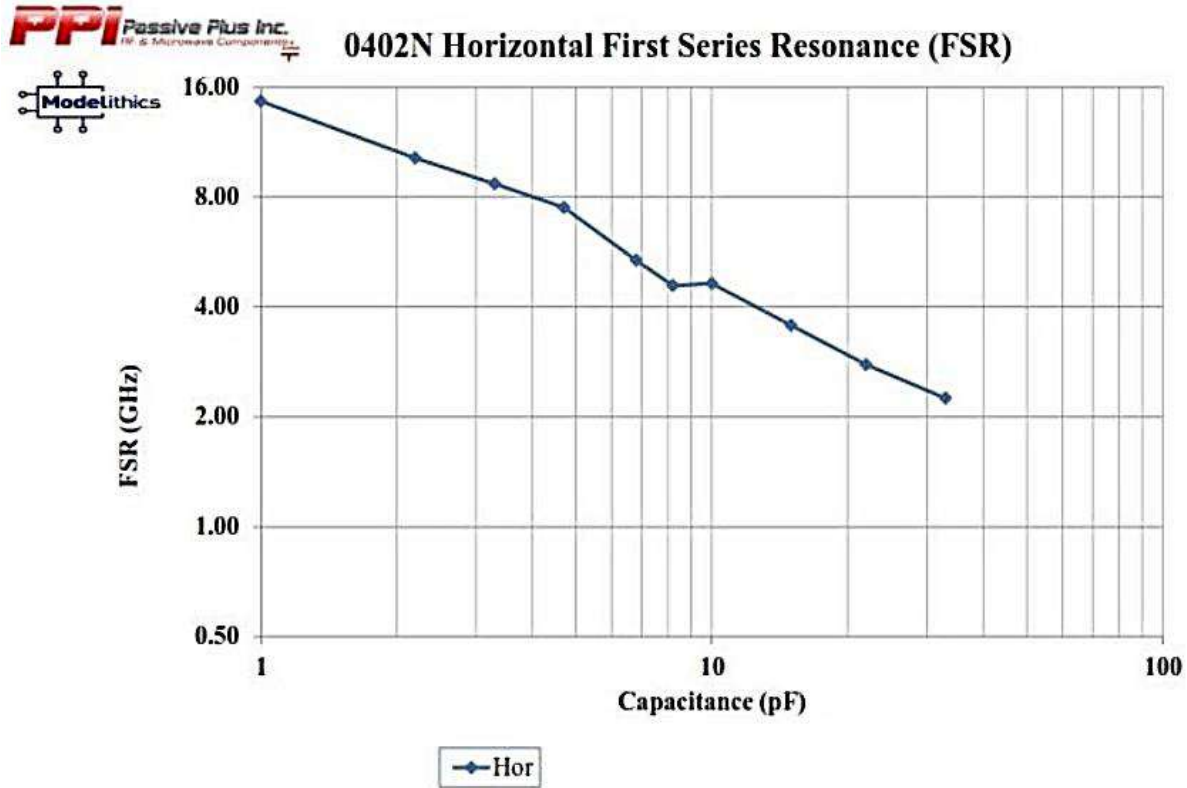
## ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ . It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO4350; substrate dielectric constant = 3.48; substrate thickness (mils) = 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 15; microstrip trace width (mils) = 22; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ⚡ First Series Resonance



## ⚡ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

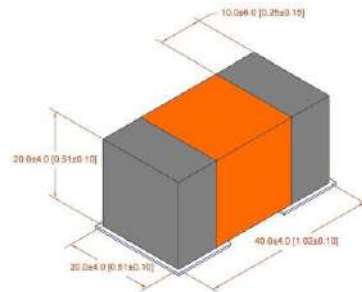
The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO4350; substrate dielectric constant = 3.48; substrate thickness (mils) = 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 15; microstrip trace width (mils) = 22; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ≠ Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## ≠ Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page \(http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php\)](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php).



### ≡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

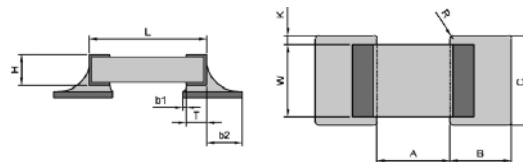


1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.

2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.

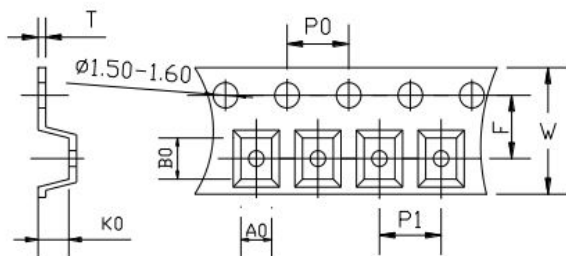
### ≡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
0.3-0.5	0.35-0.45	0.4-0.6



### ≡ Tape & Reel Specifications Dimensions: mm

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.079	0.003	0.138	1000	10000	Paper
	mm	8.00	4.00	2.00	0.07	3.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0402N (0.040" x 0.020")**

### Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.

Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.



Kit Number	Value Range	Values	
DKD0402N01	0.1 - 2.0pF	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF	
DKD0402N02	1.0 - 10pF	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF	
DKD0402N03	10 - 33pF	10, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33pF	

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

DKD0402N01

0402N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF

Size: 0.040" x 0.020"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 200V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

DKD0402N02

0402N Series 1.0 — 10pF

Size: 0.040" x 0.020"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 200V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

DKD0402N03

0402N Series 10 — 33pF

Size: 0.040" x 0.020"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 200V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)



**Product Features**

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.1pF to 100pF
- Working Voltage: 250V

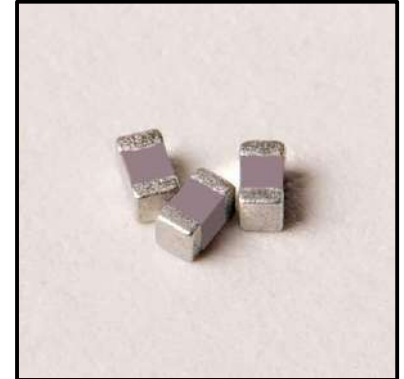
**Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications**

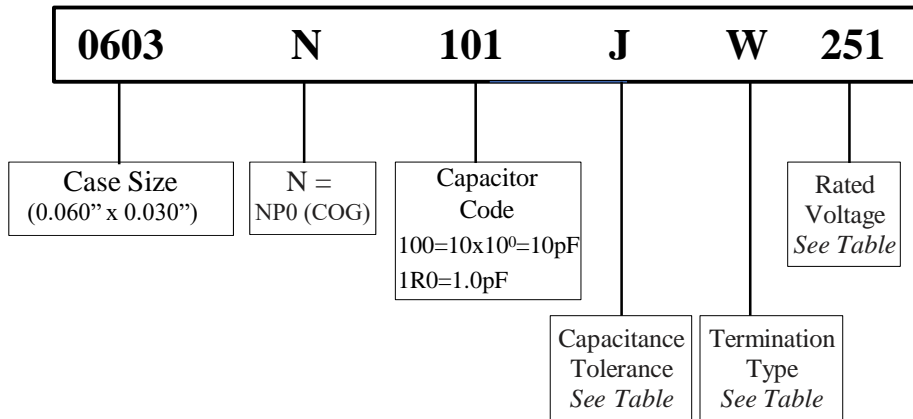
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

**Typical Circuit Applications**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



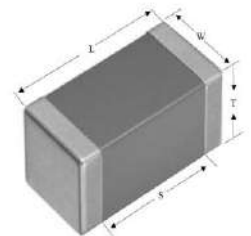
**Part Numbering**



**Capacitor Dimensions**

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Code	Term.	Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap
		Lc	Wc	Tc	B
W	Chip	0.062 ± 0.006 (1.57 ± 0.15)	0.032 ± 0.006 (0.81 ± 0.15)	0.030 ± 0.005-0.003 (0.76 ± 0.20-0.08)	0.014 ± 0.006 (0.35 ± 0.15)



**Capacitance Tolerance Codes**


Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0603N (0.060" x 0.030")**

### ≠ Terminations Types and Codes

Termination Code	Termination
W 	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier

### ≠ Voltage Code

Voltage	Code
250V	251



### ≠ 0603N Capacitance Values

For special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC, please contact PPI.

Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
0.1	OR1			1.7	1R7			6.2	6R2			30	300		
0.2	OR2			1.8	1R8			6.8	6R8			33	330		
0.3	OR3			1.9	1R9			7.5	7R5	A,B,C	250V	36	360		
0.4	OR4			2.0	2R0			8.2	8R2			39	390		
0.5	OR5			2.1	2R1			9.1	9R1			43	430		
0.6	OR6			2.2	2R2			10	100			47	470		
0.7	OR7			2.4	2R4			11	110			51	510	F,G,J,K	250V
0.8	OR8	A,B,C,D	250V	2.7	2R7	A,B,C,D	250V	12	120			56	560		
0.9	OR9			3.0	3R0			13	130			62	620		
1.0	1R0			3.3	3R3			15	150			68	680		
1.1	1R1			3.6	3R6			16	160	F,G,J,K	250V	75	750		
1.2	1R2			3.9	3R9			18	180			82	820		
1.3	1R3			4.3	4R3			20	200			91	910		
1.4	1R4			4.7	4R7			22	220			100	101		
1.5	1R5			5.1	5R1			24	240						
1.6	1R6			5.6	5R6			27	270						



## ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	2,000 at 1 MHz min.
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	250V
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (WVDC)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	0±30ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None

## ⚡ Environmental Specifications

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>2000 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Humidity (Steady State)	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Low Voltage Humidity	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.3% or 0.3pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A, with 1.5 Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±2.0% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 1000 hours, at 175°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors
Terminal Adhesion	Termination should not pull off. Ceramic should remain undamaged	Linear pull force exerted on axial leads soldered to each terminal 2.0lbs.
Resistance to Soldering Heat	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> -1.0%~+2.0% <b>IR:</b> >10 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	Preheat device to 150°C -180°C for 60 seconds. Dip in 260°C ±5°C solder for 10 ±1 second. Measure after 24± 2 hour cooling period.

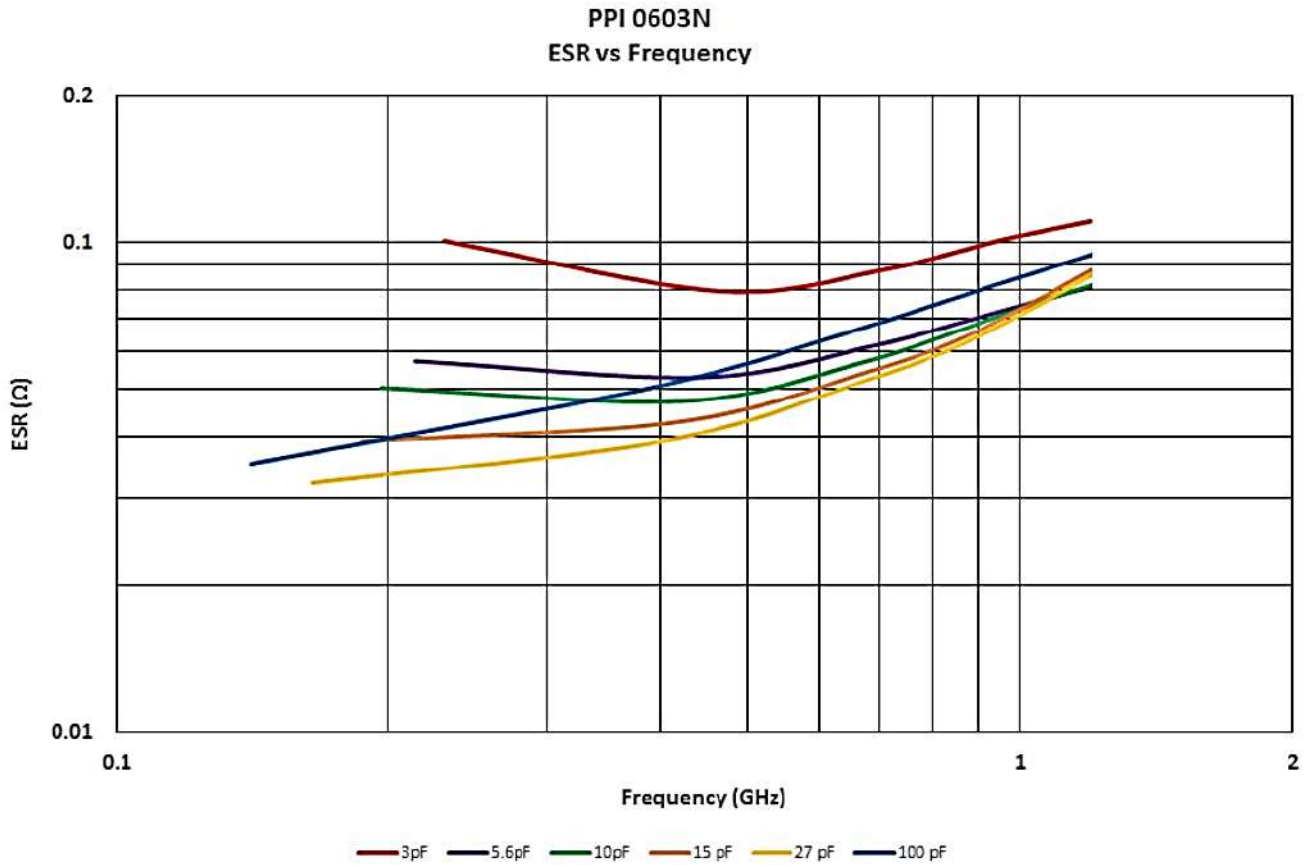
Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

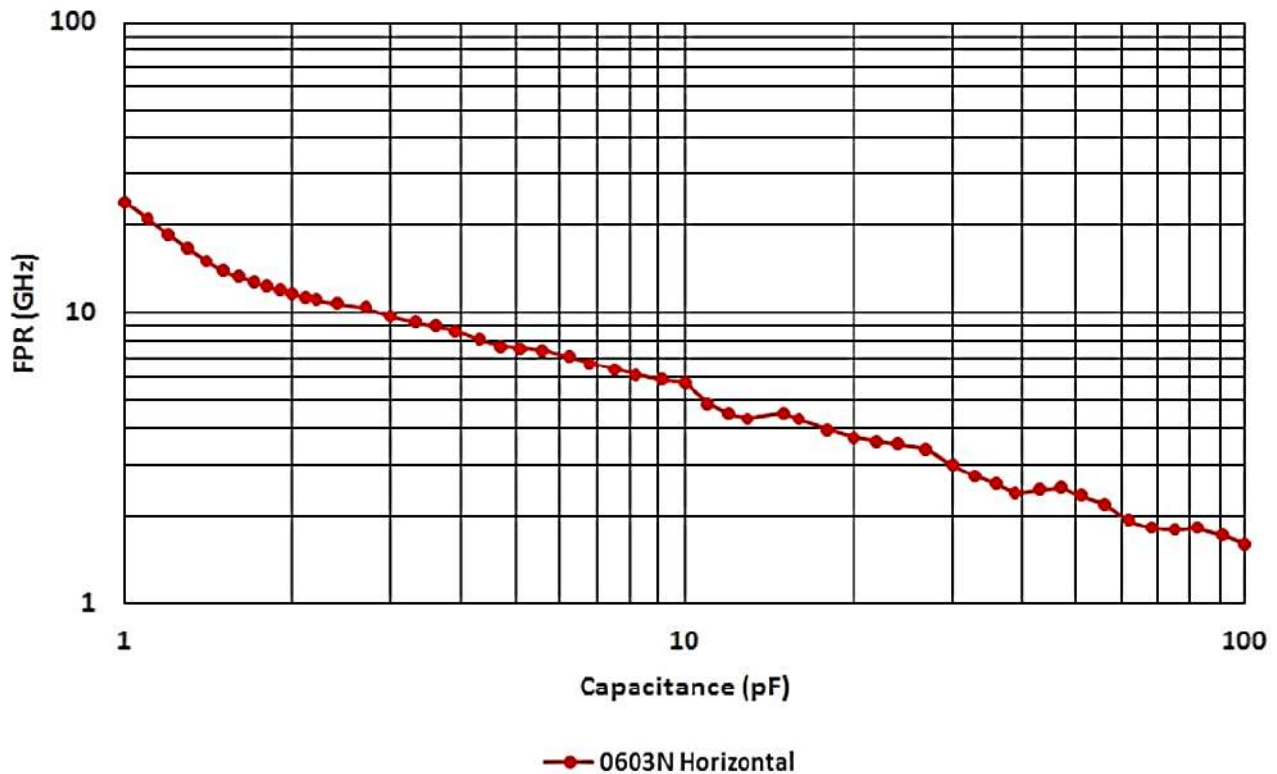
**0603N (0.060" x 0.030")**

### ESR vs. Frequency



## ≠ First Parallel Resonance

0603N Horizontal First Parallel Resonances (FPR)



## ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

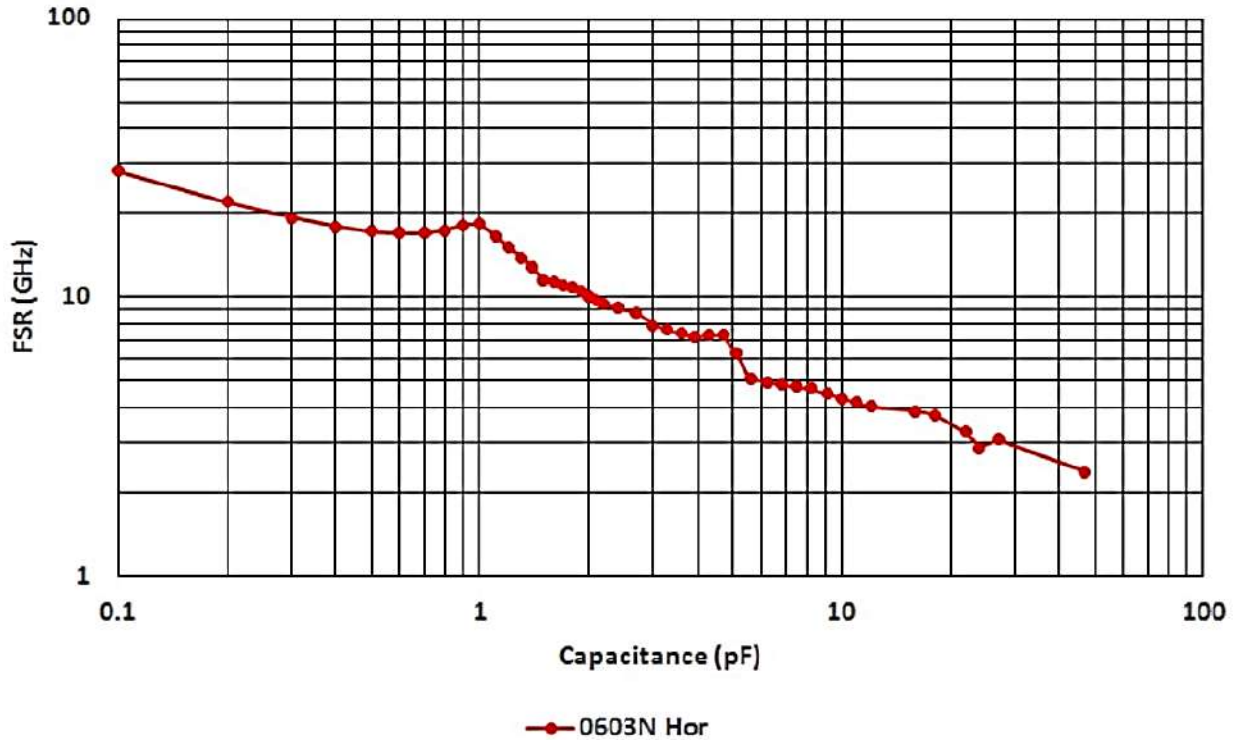
The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ . It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RT/duriod® 5880; substrate dielectric constant = 2.20; substrate thickness (mils) = 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 23.7; microstrip trace width (mils) = 30.0; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ⚡ First Series Resonance

0603N Horizontal First Series Resonances (FSR)



## ⚡ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

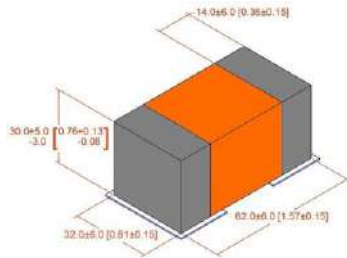
The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RT/duriod® 5880; substrate dielectric constant = 2.20; substrate thickness (mils) = 10; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 23.7; microstrip trace width (mils) = 30.0; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ⚡ Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## ⚡ Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php) ([http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php)).



### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

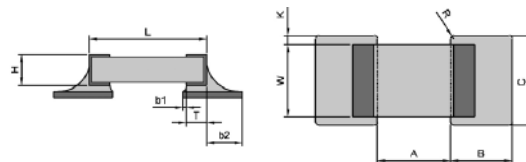


1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.

2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.

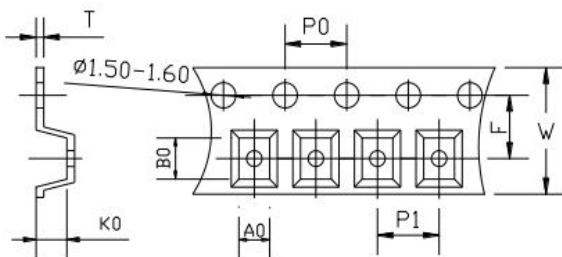
### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
0.70	0.90	0.90



### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications Dimensions: mm

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.004	0.138	500	4000	Paper
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.10	3.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0603N (0.060" x 0.030")**

## Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.

Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.



Kit Number	Value Range	Values	
DKD0603N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF	
DKD0603N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF	
DKD0603N03	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 100pF	

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0603N01**

**0603N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**

Size: 0.060" x 0.030"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

**Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit**

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0603N02**

**0603N Series 1.0 — 10pF**

Size: 0.060" x 0.030"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

**Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit**

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0603N03**

**0603N Series 10 — 100pF**

Size: 0.060" x 0.030"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

**Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit**

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)



**Product Features**

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.1pF to 220pF

**Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications**

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

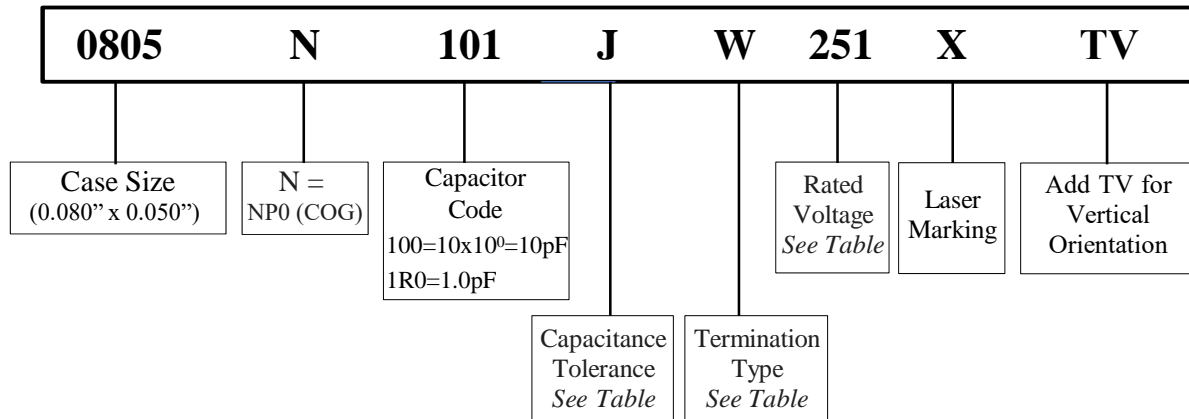
**Typical Circuit Applications**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



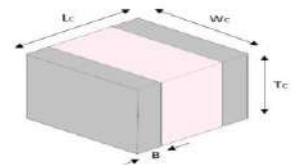
Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

**Part Numbering**



**Capacitor Dimensions** Unit: inch (millimeter)

Code	Term.	Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap
		Lc	Wc	Tc	B
W	Chip	0.080 ± 0.008 (2.03±0.20)	0.050 ± 0.008 (1.27 ±0.20)	0.040±0.006 (1.02±0.15)	0.020±0.010 (0.50±0.25)



**Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

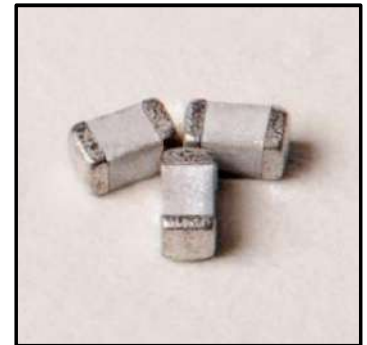
**0805N (0.080" x 0.050")**

### ≠ Terminations Types and Codes

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier

### ≠ Voltage Code

Voltage	Code
250V	251



### ≠ 0805N Capacitance Values

For special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC, please contact PPI.

Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
0.1	OR1			2.1	2R1			13	130			91	910		
0.2	OR2			2.2	2R2			15	150			100	101		
0.3	OR3			2.4	2R4			16	160			110	111		
0.4	OR4			2.7	2R7			18	180			120	121		
0.5	OR5			3.0	3R0			20	200			130	131		
0.6	OR6			3.3	3R3			22	220			150	151		
0.7	OR7			3.6	3R6	A,B, C,D	250V	24	240			160	161		
0.8	OR8			3.9	3R9			27	270			180	181		
0.9	OR9			4.3	4R3			30	300			200	201		
1.0	1R0	A,B, C,D	250V	4.7	4R7			33	330	F,G, J,K	250V	220	221		
1.1	1R1			5.1	5R1			36	360						
1.2	1R2			5.6	5R6			39	390						
1.3	1R3			6.2	6R2			43	430						
1.4	1R4			6.8	6R8			47	470						
1.5	1R5			7.5	7R5	B,C	250V	51	510						
1.6	1R6			8.2	8R2			56	560						
1.7	1R7			9.1	9R1			62	620						
1.8	1R8			10	100			68	680						
1.9	1R9			11	110	F,G, J,K	250V	75	750						
2.0	2R0			12	120			82	820						



### ⚡ Electrical Specifications

Quality Factor (Q)	2,000 at 1 MHz min.
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	250V
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (WVDC)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	0±30ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None

### ⚡ Environmental Specifications

	Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >10 G Ohms Q>2000 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Humidity (Steady State)	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Life	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±2.0% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 1000 hours, at 175°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
Terminal Adhesion	Termination should not pull off. Ceramic should remain undamaged	Linear pull force exerted on axial leads soldered to each terminal. 2.0lbs.
Resistance to Soldering Heat	No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> -1.0%~+2.0% <b>IR:</b> >10 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	Preheat device to 150°C -180°C for 60 seconds. Dip in 260°C ±5°C solder for 10 ±1 second. Measure after 24± 2 hour cooling period.

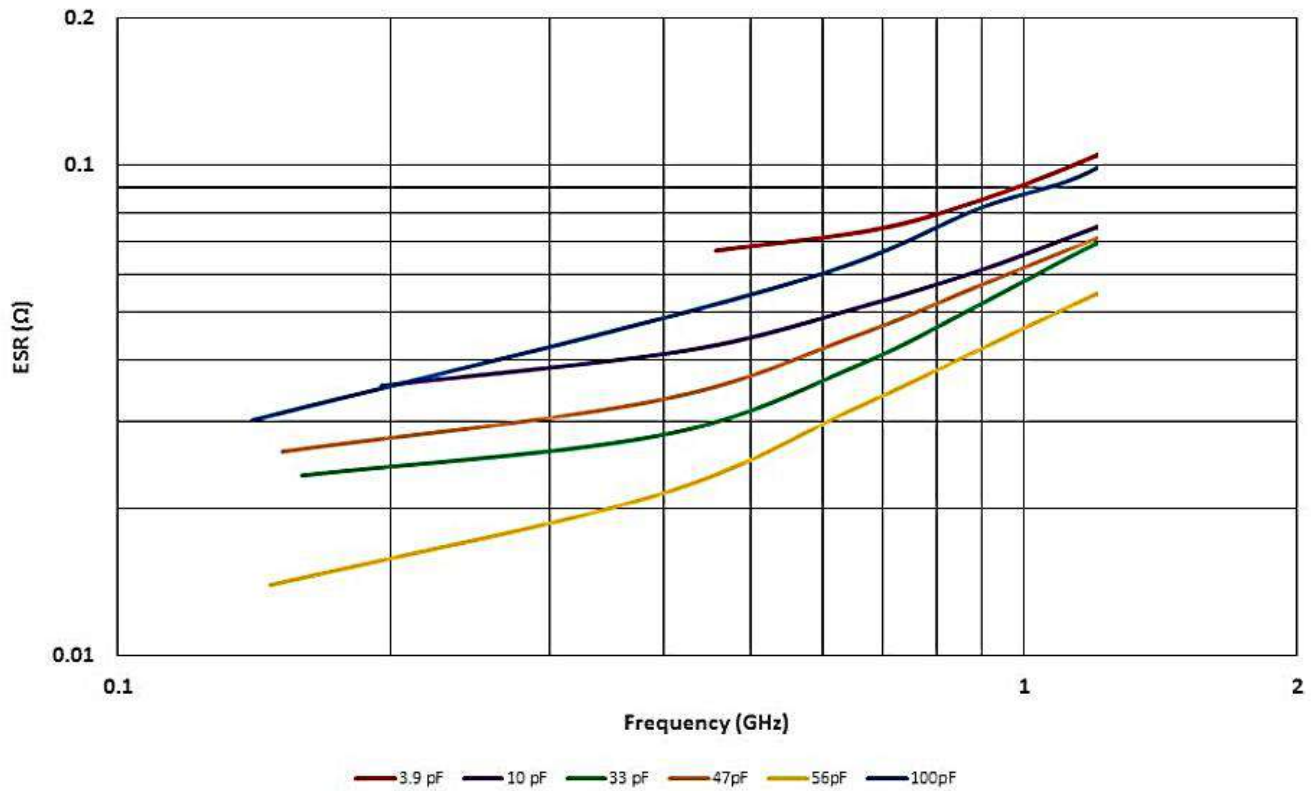
Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.



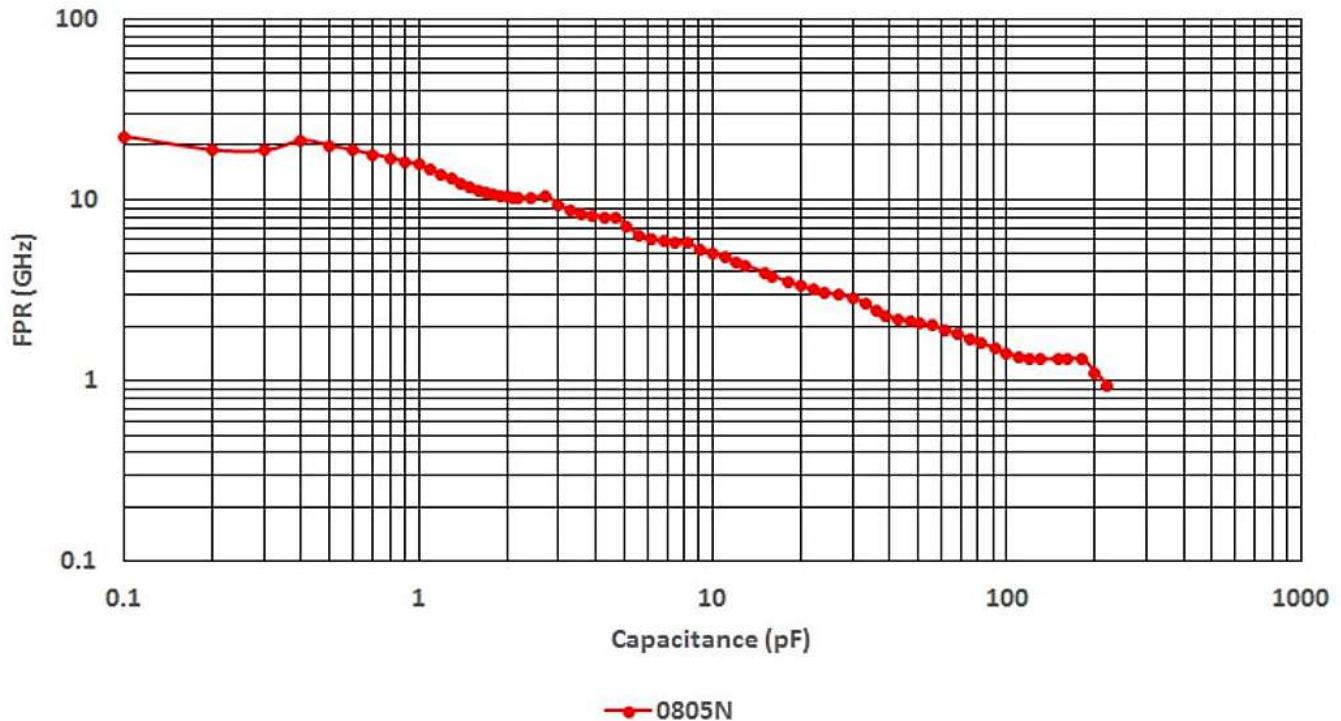
EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0805N (0.080" x 0.050")**

⚡ ESR vs. Frequency 3.9pF to 100pF



## ≡ First Parallel Resonance



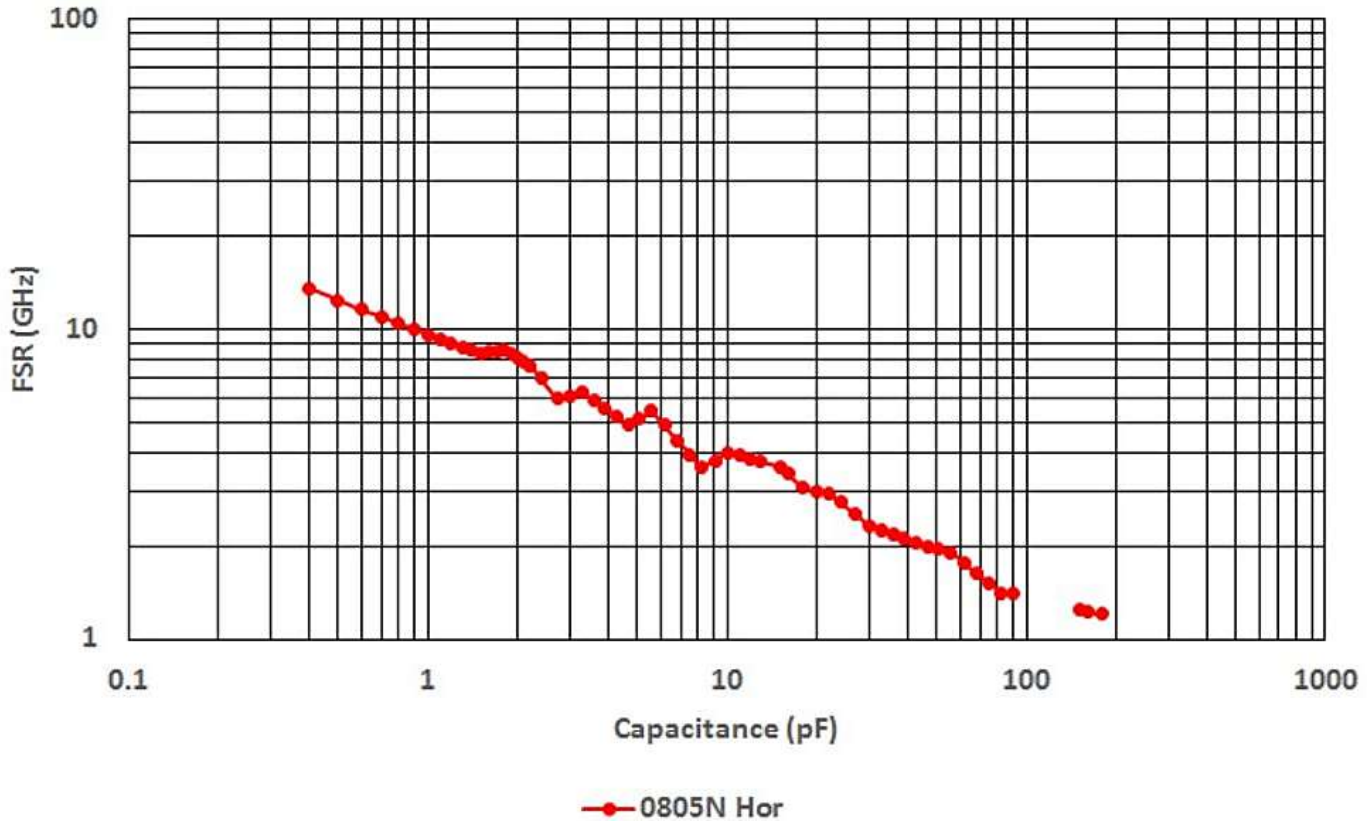
## ≡ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ . It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A horizontal orientation means the capacitor electrode planes are parallel to the plane of the substrate; a vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO3003; substrate dielectric constant = 3.00; substrate thickness (mils) = 23; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 23.6; microstrip trace width (mils) = 57.1; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ⚡ First Series Resonance



## ⚡ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

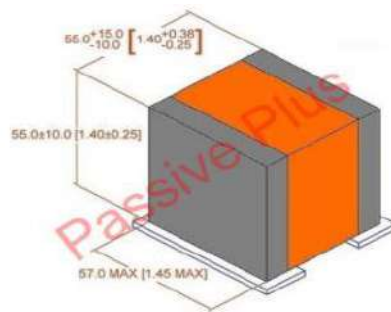
The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.

The definitions on the charts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO3003; substrate dielectric constant = 3.00; substrate thickness (mils) = 23; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 23.6; microstrip trace width (mils) = 57.1; Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ⚡ Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## ⚡ Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php) ([http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php)).



### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

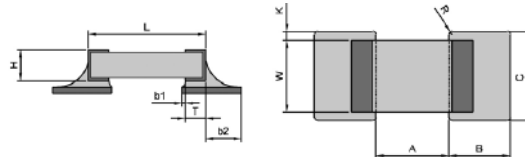


1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.

2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.

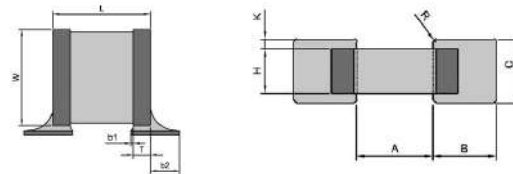
#### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
1.00	0.80	1.30



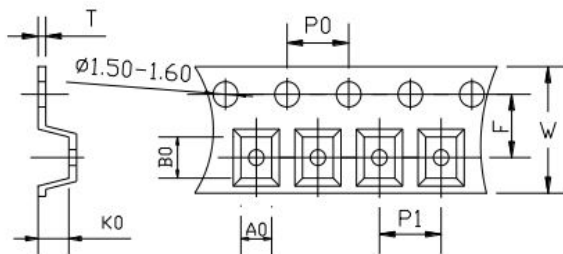
#### ⚡ Vertical Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
1.10	1.10	1.40



### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications Dimensions: mm

Case Size	Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
0805N	H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.009	0.138	500	3000	Plastic
		mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.22	3.50			
	V	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.009	0.138	500	1000	Plastic
		mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.22	3.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.

- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**0805N (0.080" x 0.050")**

### Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.

Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.



Kit Number	Value Range	Values	
DKD0805N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF	
DKD0805N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF	
DKD0805N03	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF	
DKD0805N04	<b>10 - 220pF</b>	10, 15, 18, 20, 24, 27, 30, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100, 120, 150, 180, 220pF	

DKD0805N01

**0805N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.080" x 0.050"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

DKD0805N02

**0805N Series 1.0 — 10pF**  
Size: 0.080" x 0.050"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

DKD0805N03

**0805N Series 10 — 100pF**  
Size: 0.080" x 0.050"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

DKD0805N04

**0805N Series 10 — 220pF**  
Size: 0.080" x 0.050"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)



### Product Features

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
0.2pF to 1000pF

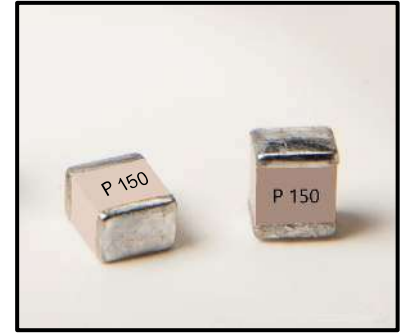
### Product Applications

#### Typical Functional Applications

- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

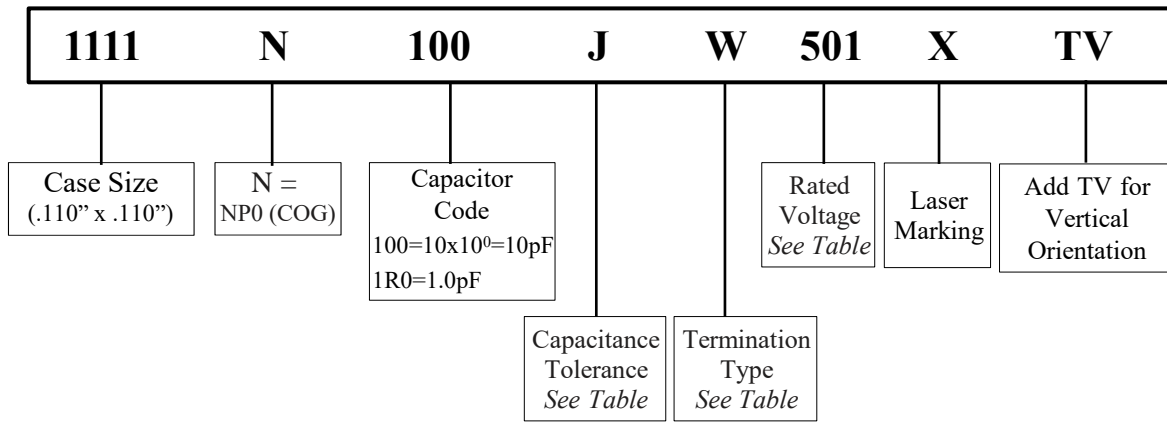
#### Typical Circuit Applications

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



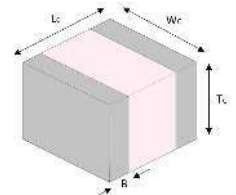
Marking shown for illustration purposes only. Actual marking may differ.

### Part Numbering



### Capacitor Dimensions Unit: inch (millimeter)

Code	Term.	Length <b>Lc</b>	Width <b>Wc</b>	Thickness <b>Tc</b>	Overlap <b>B</b>
W	Chip	0.110 + 0.020 to -0.010 (2.79 +0.51 to -0.25)	0.110 ± 0.015 (2.79 ±0.38)	0.10 (2.60 max)	0.015 (0.024 max)



### Capacitance Tolerance Codes

Code	A	B	C	D	F	G	J	K
Tol.	±0.05pF	±0.1pF	±0.25pF	±0.5pF	±1%	±2%	±5%	±10%



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

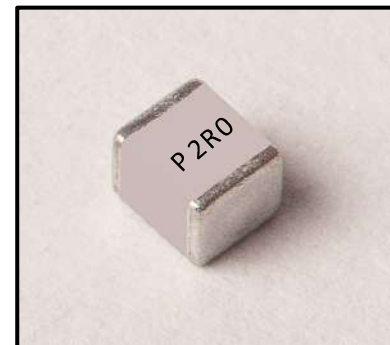
**1111N (0.110" x 0.110")**

### ≠ Terminations Types and Codes

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier

### ≠ Voltage Code

Voltage	Code
100V	101
200V	201
500V	501
1000V	102



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

### ≠ 1111N Capacitance Values

For special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC, please contact PPI.

Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC		Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	
			Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.				Std.	Ext.
0.2	0R2	A,B, C,D	500V	1000V	2.7	2R7	A,B, C,D	500V	1000V	22	220	F,G, J,K	500V	1000V	180	181	F,G, J,K	500V	1000V
0.3	0R3				3.0	3R0				24	240				200	201			
0.4	0R4				3.3	3R3				27	270				220	221			
0.5	0R5				3.6	3R6				30	300				240	241			
0.6	0R6				3.9	3R9				33	330				270	271			
0.7	0R7				4.3	4R3				36	360				300	301			
0.8	0R8				4.7	4R7				39	390				330	331			
0.9	0R9				5.1	5R1				43	430				360	361			
1.0	1R0				5.6	5R6				47	470				390	391			
1.1	1R1				6.2	6R2				51	510				430	431			
1.2	1R2	6.8	6R8	56	560	470	471												
1.3	1R3	7.5	7R5	62	620	510	511												
1.4	1R4	8.2	8R2	68	680	560	561												
1.5	1R5	9.1	9R1	75	750	620	621												
1.6	1R6	10	100	82	820	680	681												
1.7	1R7	11	110	91	910	750	751												
1.8	1R8	12	120	100	101	820	821												
1.9	1R9	13	130	110	111	910	911												
2.0	2R0	15	150	120	121	1000	102												
2.1	2R1	16	160	130	131														
2.2	2R2	18	180	150	151														
2.4	2R4	20	200	160	161														



## ⚡ Electrical Specifications

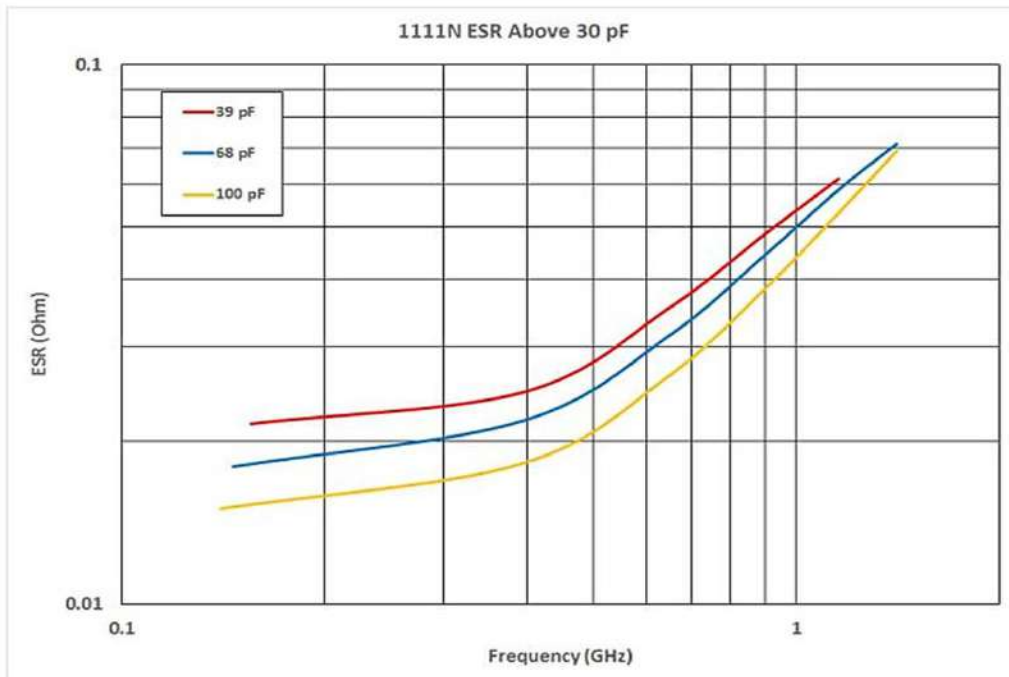
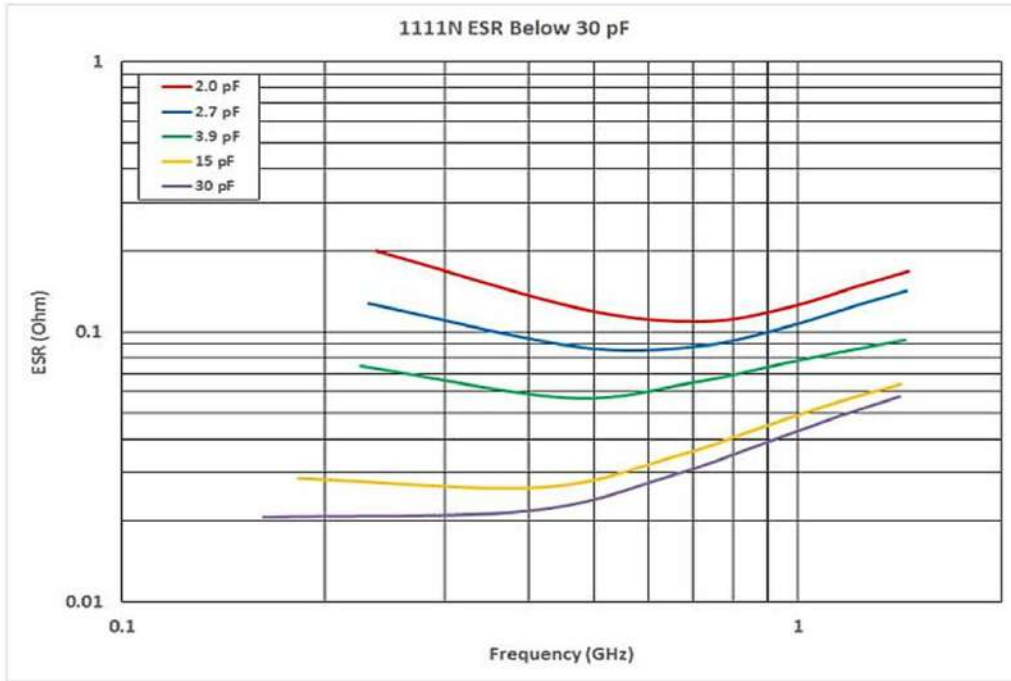
Quality Factor (Q)	2,000 at 1 MHz min.
Insulation Resistance (IR)	10 <sup>5</sup> Megaohms min. @ +25°C rated WVDC 10 <sup>4</sup> Megaohms min. @ +125°C rated WVDC
Rated Voltage	See Rated Voltage Table
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (WVDC)	250% of Rated Voltage of 5 seconds, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC 150% of Voltage for 5 seconds, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250 VDC 120% of Voltage for 5 seconds, Rated Voltage > 1250 VDC
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to 175°C
Temperature Coefficient (TC)	0±30ppm/°C
Capacitance Drift	±0.02% or ±0.02pF, whichever is greater
Piezoelectric Effects	None

## ⚡ Environmental Specifications

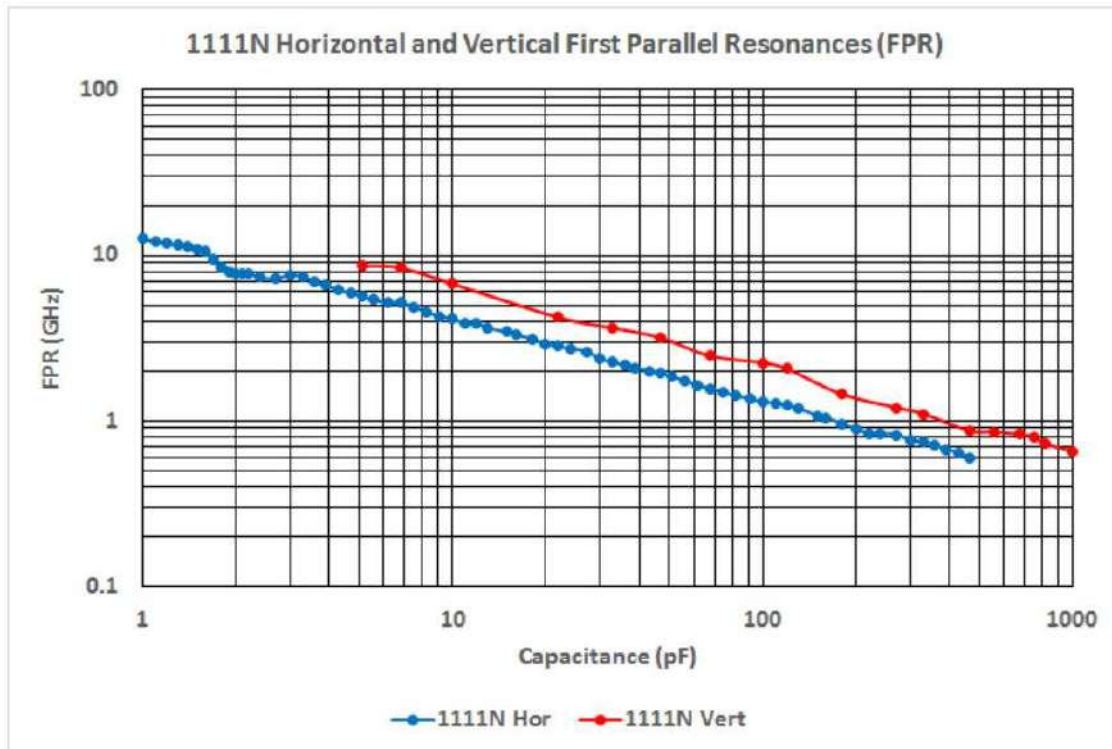
Specification	Test Parameters
Thermal Shock No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500	MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Condition A. At the maximum rated temperature (-55°C and 175°C) stay 30 minutes, the time of removing shall not be more than 3 minutes. Perform five cycles.
Moisture Resistance Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 106
Humidity (Steady State) No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±0.5% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>300 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 103, Condition A With 1.5Volts DC applied while subjected to an environment of 85°C with 85% relative humidity for 240 hours minimum.
Life No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> ±2.0% or 0.5pF max <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	MIL-STD-202, Method 108. For 1000 hours, at 175°C. 200% of Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage ≤ 500VDC; 120% of Voltage for Capacitors, 500VDC < Rated Voltage ≤ 1250VDC; 100% for Voltage for Capacitors, Rated Voltage > 1250VDC
Terminal Adhesion Termination should not pull off. Ceramic should remain undamaged	Linear pull force exerted on axial leads soldered to each terminal. 2.0lbs.
Resistance to Soldering Heat No mechanical damage <b>Capacitance Change:</b> -1.0%~+2.0 <b>IR:</b> >1 G Ohms Q>500 Breakdown Voltage: 2.5x WVDC	Preheat device to 150°C -180°C for 60 seconds. Dip in 260°C ±5C solder for 10 ±1 second. Measure after 24± 2 hour cooling period.

Capacitors are designed and manufactured to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-55681 and MIL-PRF-123.

≠ ESR vs. Frequency



## ≠ First Parallel Resonance



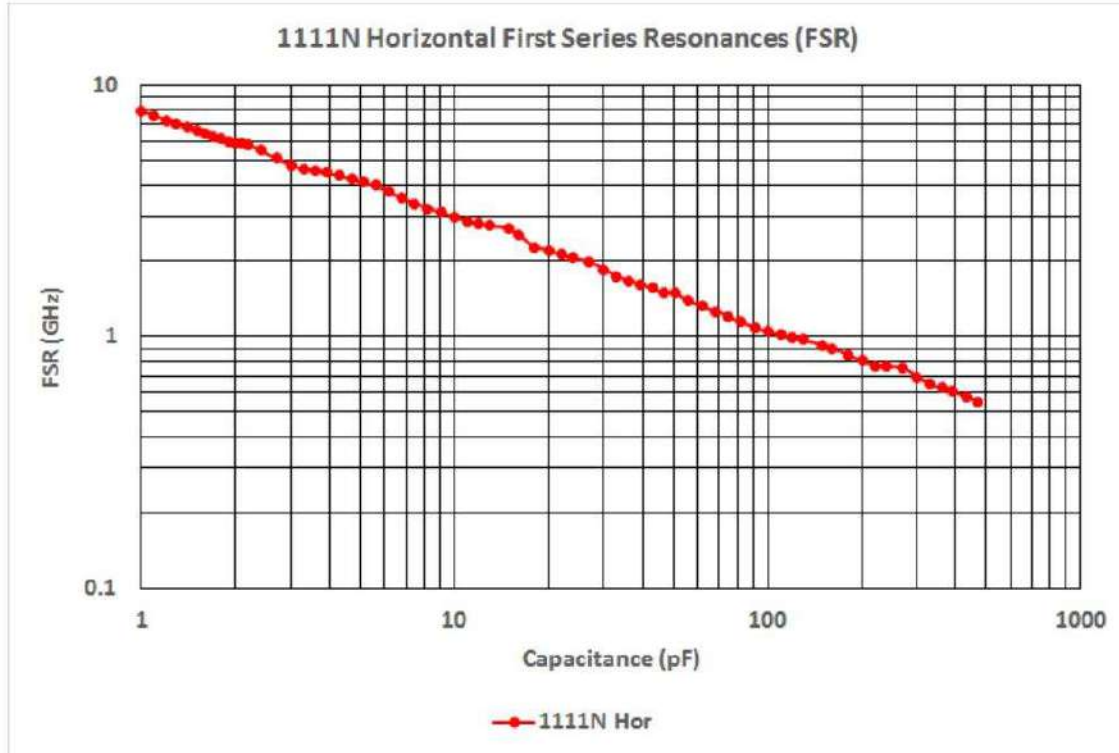
## ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

The **First Parallel Resonance, FPR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which a suckout or notch appears in  $|S_{21}|$ . It is generally independent of substrate thickness or dielectric constant, but does depend on capacitor orientation. A horizontal orientation means the capacitor electrode planes are parallel to the plane of the substrate; a vertical orientation means the electrode planes are perpendicular to the substrate.

The definitions on the carts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with a 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO4350; substrate dielectric constant = 3.48; horizontal mount substrate thickness (mils) = 55; vertical mount substrate thickness (mils) = 45; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 61.1; horizontal mount microstrip trace width (mils) = 123.7; vertical mount microstrip trace width (mils) = 101.0. Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ≠ First Series Resonance



## ≠ Definitions and Measurement Conditions

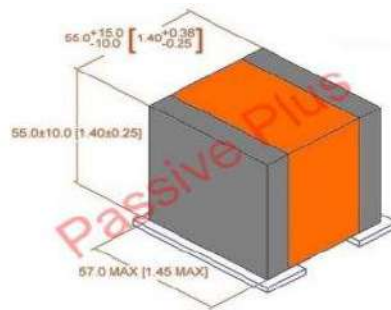
The **First Series Resonance, FSR**, is defined as the lowest frequency at which the imaginary part of the input impedance,  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$ , equals zero. Should  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}]$  or the real part of the input impedance,  $\text{Re}[Z_{in}]$ , not be monotonic with frequency at frequencies lower than those at which  $\text{Im}[Z_{in}] = 0$ , the FSR shall be considered as undefined (represented as a gap in the plot). FSR is dependent on internal capacitor structure; substrate thickness and dielectric constant; capacitor orientation, as defined alongside the FPR plot; and mounting pad dimensions.

The definitions on the carts are for a capacitor in a series configuration, i.e., mounted across a gap in a microstrip trace with a 50-Ohm termination. The measurement conditions are: substrate – Rogers RO4350; substrate dielectric constant = 3.48; horizontal mount substrate thickness (mils) = 55; vertical mount substrate thickness (mils) = 45; gap in microstrip trace (mils) = 61.1; horizontal mount microstrip trace width (mils) = 123.7; vertical mount microstrip trace width (mils) = 101.0. Reference planes at sample edges.

All data has been derived from electrical models created by Modelithics, Inc., a specialty vendor contracted by PPI. The models are derived from measurements on a large number of parts disposed on several different substrates.

## ≡ Capacitor Application Program

Passive Plus, Inc.'s brand new **online Capacitor Application Program (C.A.P.)** helps Engineers and Designers select capacitors according to parameters such as cap value and frequency. C.A.P. allows engineers to insert capacitors requirements (Cap value, Frequency), producing Scattering Matrices (S2P) Charts while providing options (Case Size, Terminations, Mounting), and parameters (ESR, Q, Impedance) along with Datasheets. Once engineers have determined their capacitor requirements, C.A.P. also includes online Requests For Quotes (RFQs) and/or sample requests.



## ≡ Modelithics Vendor Program

PPI offers design engineers a Free 90-Day Trial license for the Modelithics PPI Component Library. This program provides engineers access to extremely accurate scalable simulation models for Passive Plus capacitors with advanced features that enable a more precise and rapid design process.

Microwave Global Models include every part value in a series and permit users to input substrate thickness, dielectric constant, and loss tangent, as well as mounting pad layout dimensions. Selected models also include capacitor orientation – vertical or horizontal – as an input. Engineers can request FREE use of the models, by either visiting the [Passive Plus Resources page](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php) ([http://passiveplus.com/addldocs\\_resources.php](http://passiveplus.com/addldocs_resources.php)).



### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

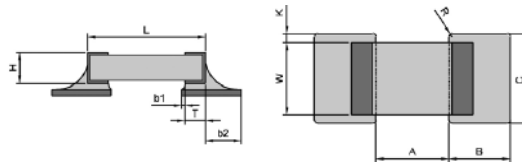
When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

- 1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.
- 2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.



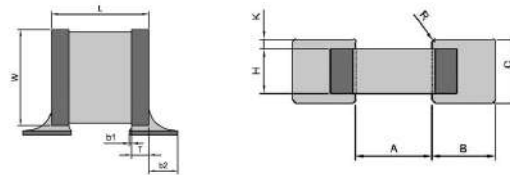
### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting      Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
2.00	1.50	2.80



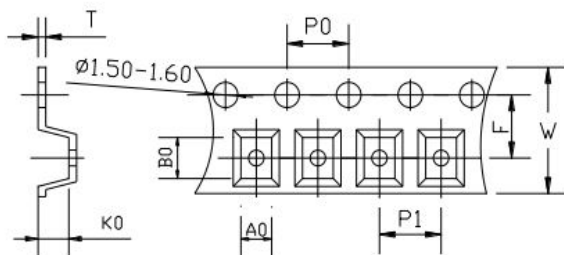
### ⚡ Vertical Mounting      Dimensions: mm

A	B	C
1.90	1.70	2.50



### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.315	0.157	0.157	0.010	0.138	500	2000	Plastic
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.25	3.50			
V	in.	0.472	0.157	0.157	0.016	0.217	500	1500	
	mm	12.00	4.00	4.00	0.40	5.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



EIA Low ESR  
Multi-Layer Ceramic Capacitors

**1111N (0.110" x 0.110")**

### ≠ Engineering Design Kits

PPI offers Design Kits for engineers who are building and testing prototypes. Each kit contains 16 values; 10 pieces per value.

Kits are 100% RoHS compliant.



Kit Number	Value Range	Values	
DKD1111N01	1.0 - 10pF	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF	
DKD1111N02	10 - 100pF	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF	
DKD1111N03	100 - 1000pF	100, 120, 150, 180, 200, 220, 240, 270, 300, 330, 390, 470, 560, 680, 820, 1000pF	

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD1111N01**

**1111N Series 1.0 — 10pF**  
Size: 0.110" x 0.110"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 500V

**Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit**

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD1111N02**

**1111N Series 10 — 100pF**  
Size: 0.110" x 0.110"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 500V

**Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit**

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD1111N03**

**1111N Series 100 — 1000pF**  
Size: 0.110" x 0.110"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 500V

**Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit**

[www.passiveplus.com](http://www.passiveplus.com)



# Custom & Engineering Design Kits

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0201N01**

**0201N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.020" x 0.010"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 50V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0402N01**

**0402N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.040" x 0.020"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 200V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0603N01**

**0603N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.060" x 0.030"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



www.passiveplus.com

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0805N01**

**0805N Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.080" x 0.050"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 250V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



www.passiveplus.com

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD1111N01**

**1111N Series 1.0 — 10pF**  
Size: 0.110" x 0.110"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 500V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



www.passiveplus.com

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0505C01**

**0505C Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.055" x 0.055"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 150V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD1111C01**

**1111C Series 1.0 — 10pF**  
Size: 0.110" x 0.110"  
TC = NP0 WVDC = 500V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



www.passiveplus.com

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD0505P01**

**0505P Series 0.1 — 2.0pF**  
Size: 0.055" x 0.055"  
TC = P90 WVDC = 150V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



www.passiveplus.com



0505 & 1111 case size kits  
are available in  
Magnetic & Non-Magnetic  
Terminations

**PPI**  
Passive Plus Inc.  
RF & Microwave Components

**DKD1111P01**

**1111P Series 1.0 — 10pF**  
Size: 0.110" x 0.110"  
TC = P90 WVDC = 500V

Hi-Q Low ESR Capacitor Design Kit



www.passiveplus.com



According to the customer's demand, PPI can provide many kinds of tool kits for engineers to design and debug the circuit. All of our products satisfy the requirement of RoHS instruction.

PPI also offers kits for Non-Magnetic MRI applications. Engineering design kits are also available in multiple sizes as well. All kits are RoHS Compliant.

Standard Values updated in 2022.



### ⚡ High Q Capacitor Design Kits

Kit Number		Value Range	Values
MAGNETIC	NON-MAGNETIC		
DKD0505C01 DKD0505P01	DKD0505C05 DKD0505P05	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF
DKD0505C02 DKD0505P02	DKD0505C06 DKD0505P06	<b>1 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF
DKD0505C03 DKD0505P03	DKD0505C07 DKD0505P07	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF
DKD0505C04	DKD0505C08	<b>100 - 1000pF</b>	100, 120, 150, 180, 200, 220, 240, 270, 300, 330, 390, 470, 560, 680, 820, 1000pF
DKD1111C01 DKD1111P01	DKD1111C05 DKD1111P05	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF
DKD1111C02 DKD1111P02	DKD1111C06 DKD1111P06	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF
DKD1111C03 DKD1111P03	DKD1111C07 DKD1111P07	<b>100 - 1000pF</b>	100, 120, 150, 180, 200, 220, 240, 270, 300, 330, 390, 470, 560, 680, 820, 1000pF
DKD1111C04 DKD1111P04	DKD1111C08 DKD1111P08	<b>1000 - 10000pF</b>	1000, 1100, 1200, 1500, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2700, 3000, 3300, 3900, 4700, 5100, 5600, 10000pF



**⚡ EIA Low ESR Design Kits**

<b>Kit Number</b>	<b>Value Range</b>	<b>Values</b>
DKD0201N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 1.9, 2.0pF
DKD0201N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.3, 1.5, 1.7, 1.9, 2.0, 2.2, 2.7, 3.0, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 7.5, 8.2, 10pF
DKD0201N03	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 27, 30, 39, 47, 56, 68, 75, 82, 91, 100pF
DKD0402N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF
DKD0402N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF
DKD0402N03	<b>10 - 33pF</b>	10, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33pF
DKD0603N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF
DKD0603N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF
DKD0603N03	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 100pF
DKD0805N01	<b>0.1 - 2.0pF</b>	0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0pF
DKD0805N02	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF
DKD0805N03	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF
DKD0805N04	<b>10 - 220pF</b>	10, 15, 18, 20, 24, 27, 30, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100, 120, 150, 180, 220pF
DKD1111N01	<b>1.0 - 10pF</b>	1.0, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.0, 2.2, 2.4, 2.7, 3.0, 3.3, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 6.8, 8.2, 10pF
DKD1111N02	<b>10 - 100pF</b>	10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 27, 30, 33, 39, 47, 56, 68, 82, 100pF
DKD1111N03	<b>100 - 1000pF</b>	100, 120, 150, 180, 200, 220, 240, 270, 300, 330, 390, 470, 560, 680, 820, 1000pF

## Custom Kits

According to the customer's demand, PPI can provide many kinds of tool kits for engineers to design and debug the circuit. All our products satisfy the requirement of RoHS instruction.

Passive Plus will develop a custom kit using the engineer's specific requirements for the engineer's projects (case size, temperature coefficient, value range, tolerances, voltages, and quantities per value). Once these requirements are determined, PPI will then provide customer with a price. Please contact PPI directly to start this process.

All kits are RoHS Compliant.





Custom & Engineering Design Kits

# Custom Kits





X7R RF By-Pass Capacitors

**0505X (0.055" x 0.055")**

**≠ Product Features**

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
470pF to 10000pF

**≠ Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications:**

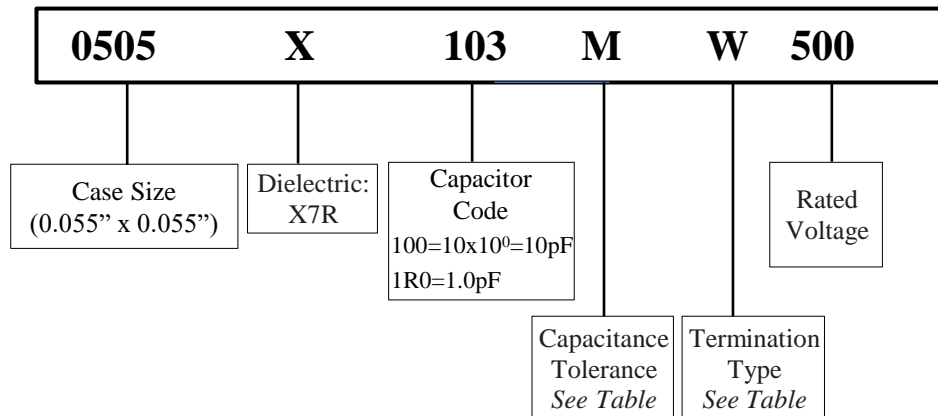
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

**Typical Circuit Applications:**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



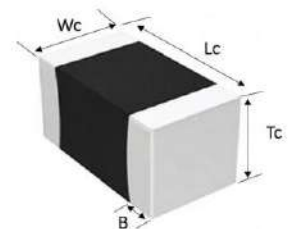
**≠ Part Numbering**



**≠ Capacitor Dimensions**

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap
Lc	Wc	Tc	B
0.055 + 0.015 to -0.010 (1.40 +0.38 to -0.25)	0.055 ± .010 (1.40 ±0.25)	0.057 (1.45 max)	0.014 ± 0.006 (0.356 ± 0.152)





**≠ 0505X Capacitance Values**


Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
470	471	K,M	50V	1500	152	K,M	50V	4700	472	K,M	50V
560	561			1800	182			5000	502		
680	681			2200	222			5600	562		
820	821			2700	272			6800	682		
1000	102			3300	332			8200	822		
1200	122			3900	392			10000	103		

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.

**≠ Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	K	M
Tol.	±10%	±20%

**≠ Termination Types**

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier
P (Non-Magnetic) 	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
C	100% Silver Solder over Palladium Barrier

Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.

**≠ Electrical Specifications**

Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Insulation Resistance (IR)	Insulation Resistance @ +25°C > 1000ΩF Insulation Resistance @ +125°C > 100ΩF
Temperature Voltage Coefficient	+15/-25% ΔC (-55°C to +125°C)
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	2.5x WVDC, 5 seconds
Max Dissipation Factor	0.025 (2.5%) max
Test Parameters	1kHz, 1.0 VRMS, 25°C

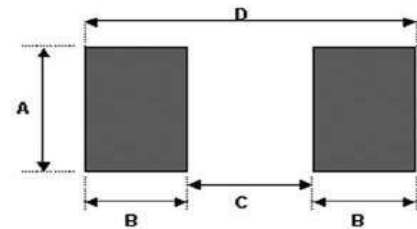
### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

- 1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.
- 2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.

#### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C	D
2.03	1.27	0.76	3.3

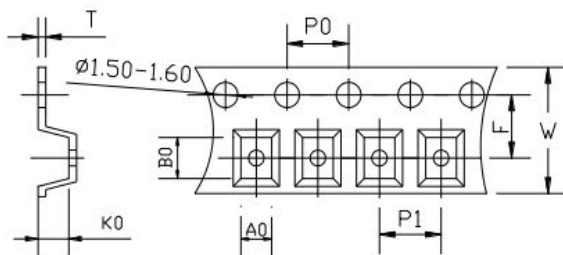


#### ⚡ Vertical Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C	D
1.78	1.27	0.76	3.3

### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications (mm)

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Min. Qty per Reel	Std. Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.32	0.16	0.16	0.01	0.14	500	4000	Plastic
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.30	3.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



**≠ Product Features**

- High Q
- High Power
- Low ESR/ESL
- Low Noise
- High Self-Resonance
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
4700pF to 100nF

**≠ Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications:**

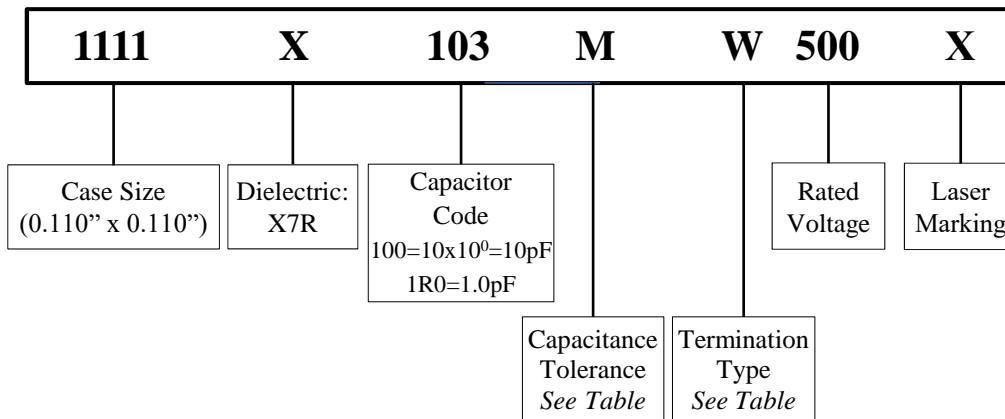
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- Feedback • D.C. Blocking
- Impedance Matching

**Typical Circuit Applications:**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Mixers • Oscillators • Filter Networks
- Low Noise Amplifiers • Timing Circuits and Delay Lines



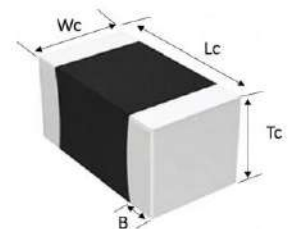
**≠ Part Numbering**



**≠ Capacitor Dimensions**

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap
Lc	Wc	Tc	B
0.110+0.025~ -.010 (2.79+0.64~ -0.25)	0.110±0.015 (2.79±0.38)	0.102 (2.59 max)	0.020 ± 0.010 (0.508 ± 0.250)





**≠ 1111X Capacitance Values**


Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. pF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
4700	472	K,M	50V	15000	153	K,M	50V	47000	473	K,M	50V
5600	562			18000	183			50000	503		
6800	682			22000	223			56000	563		
8200	822			27000	273			68000	683		
10000	103			33000	333			82000	823		
12000	123			39000	393			100000	104		

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.

**≠ Capacitance Tolerance Codes**

Code	K	M
Tol.	±10%	±20%

**≠ Termination Types**

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier
P (Non-Magnetic) 	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
C	100% Silver Solder over Palladium Barrier

Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.

**≠ Electrical Specifications**

Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Insulation Resistance (IR)	Insulation Resistance @ +25°C > 1000ΩF Insulation Resistance @ +125°C > 100ΩF
Temperature Voltage Coefficient	+15/-25% ΔC (-55°C to +125°C)
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	2.5x WVDC, 5 seconds
Max Dissipation Factor	0.025 (2.5%) max
Test Parameters	1kHz, 1.0 VRMS, 25°C

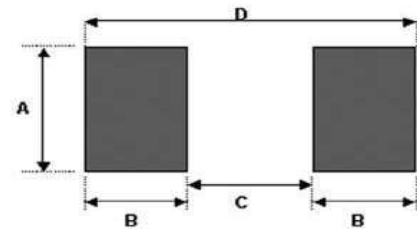
### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

- 1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.
- 2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.

#### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C	D
3.3	1.27	1.91	4.45

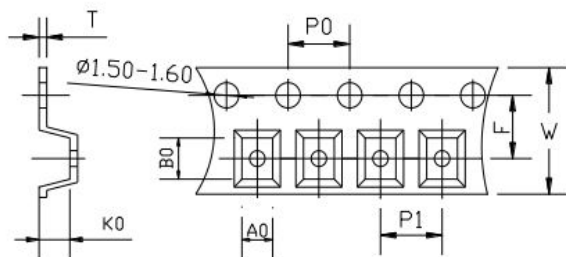


#### ⚡ Vertical Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C	D
3.05	1.27	1.91	4.45

### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications (mm)

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Min. Qty per Reel	Std. Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.32	0.16	0.16	0.01	0.14	500	2000	Plastic
	mm	8.00	4.00	4.00	0.30	3.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



X7R RF By-Pass Capacitors

**2225X (0.220" x 0.250")**

**≠ Product Features**

- High Q
- High RF Current/Voltage
- Ultra Stable Performance
- Capacitance Range:  
10nF to 1μF

**≠ Product Applications**

**Typical Functional Applications:**

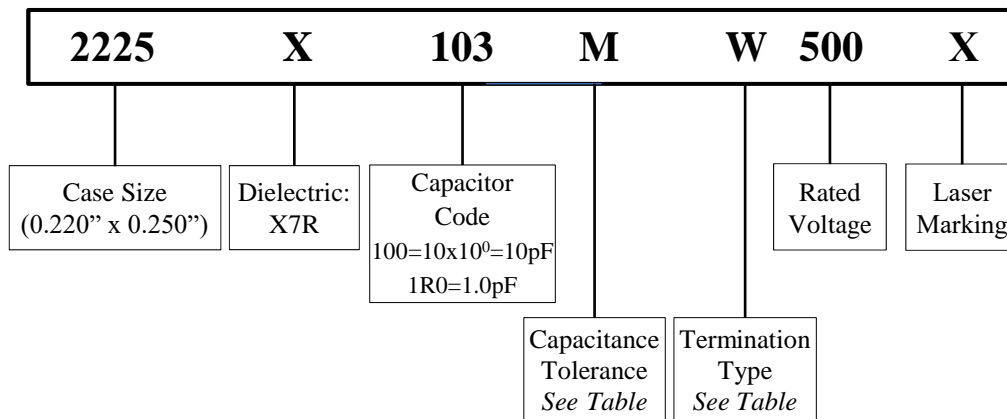
- Tuning • Bypass • Coupling
- D.C. Blocking • Impedance Matching

**Typical Circuit Applications**

- UHF/Microwave RF Power Amplifiers
- Antenna Tuning • Plasma Chambers
- Medical Equipment



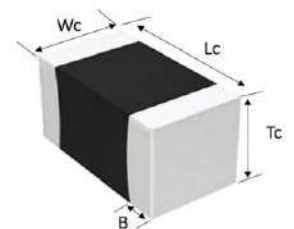
**≠ Part Numbering**



**≠ Capacitor Dimensions**

Unit: inch (millimeter)

Length	Width	Thickness	Overlap
Lc	Wc	Tc	B
0.230+0.020 ~ -0.012 (5.84+0.51 ~ -0.30)	0.250 ± 0.015 (6.35 ± 0.38)	0.165 (4.19 max)	0.030 ± 0.015 (0.762 ± 0.380)





≠ 2225X Capacitance Values


Cap. uF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. uF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC	Cap. uF	Cap Code	Tol.	Rated WVDC
0.010	103	K,M	300V	0.082	823	K,M	200V	0.560	564	K,M	150V
0.012	123			0.100	104			0.680	684		
0.015	153			0.120	124			0.820	824	K,M	100V
0.022	223			0.150	154			1.000	105		
0.033	333	K,M	250V	0.220	224	K,M	150V				
0.047	473			0.330	334						
0.068	683			0.470	474						

Special capacitances, tolerances and WVDC are available. Please contact PPI.

≠ Capacitance Tolerance Codes

Code	K	M
Tol.	±10%	±20%

≠ Termination Types

Termination Code	Termination
W	100% Tin Solder over Nickel Barrier
L	90%Tin/10%Lead Solder over Nickel Barrier
P (Non-Magnetic) 	100% Tin Solder over Copper Barrier
C	100% Silver Solder over Palladium Barrier

Note: "Non-Magnetic" means no magnetic materials.

≠ Voltage Codes ≠ Electrical Specifications

Voltage	Code	Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
100V	101	Insulation Resistance (IR)	Insulation Resistance @ +25°C > 1000ΩF Insulation Resistance @ +125°C > 100ΩF
150V	151	Temperature Voltage Coefficient	± 15% Maximum
200V	201	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (DWV)	2.5x WVDC, 5 seconds
250V	251	Max Dissipation Factor	0.025 (2.5%) max
300V	301	Test Parameters	1kHz, 1.0 VRMS, 25°C

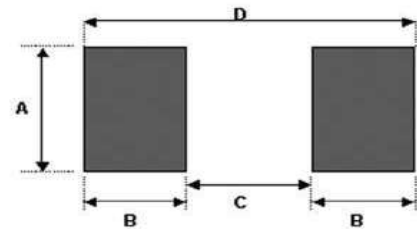
### ⚡ Recommended Land Pattern Dimensions

When mounting the capacitor to substrate, it's important to carefully consider that the amount of solder (size of fillet) used has a direct effect upon the capacitor once it's mounted.

- 1) The greater the amount of solder, the greater the stress to the elements. This may cause the substrate to break or crack.
- 2) In the situation where two or more devices are mounted onto a common land, be sure to separate the device into exclusive pads by using soldering resist.

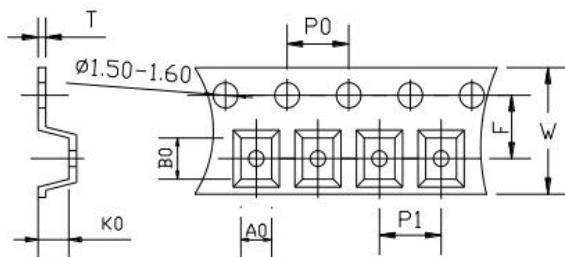
### ⚡ Horizontal Mounting Dimensions: mm

A	B	C	D
7.112	1.27	5.08	7.62



### ⚡ Tape & Reel Specifications (mm)

Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Min. Qty per Reel	Std. Qty per Reel	Tape Material
H	in.	0.47	0.16	0.16	0.02	0.22	500	4000	Plastic
	mm	12.00	4.00	4.00	0.40	5.50			



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is: .50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.

## ≠ Hand Soldering Chip Capacitors

Among the most common reasons multilayer ceramic chip capacitors (MLCCs) fail is improper hand soldering to printed circuit boards. Typically, one or more hairline cracks develop in the ceramic, defects that may even have an imperceptible effect on initial performance, but that manifest with time, circuit board flexure, or temperature excursions. Herein are a few tips, suggestions, and caveats to be aware of in performing a reliable hand soldering attachment.

**Solders.** Before selecting a solder, one should know the metallization on the chip. Starting at the component ceramic surface from which the electrodes protrude (typically < 1 mil), a contacting “termination” is applied that most often contains silver (Ag) or nickel (Ni). Over this is plated a barrier metal, typically nickel or copper (for non-magnetic applications), followed by a finishing metallization of tin (Sn) or lead (Pb)-tin. Other finishes may include palladium- silver (Pd/Ag), Ag, or gold (Au).

For finishes that include Ag, a silver bearing solder such as Sn62 is recommended to combat leaching of the component’s silver into the solder joint. Silver bearing solders also improve resistance to thermal fatigue. For finishes that include Au, a solder such as In50 is suggested to avoid gold scavenging that may cause embrittlement (which occurs when gold comprises approximately 3% or greater by weight of the solder joint). For finishes that do not contain noble metals, SN63 is often used, or Sn95.5 or Sn96 where there is a no-lead, e.g. ROHS, requirement.

**Fluxes.** An appropriate flux helps to clean the surfaces to be soldered and facilitates solder spread; it may also remove oxidation. Check with the solder manufacturer for a recommended flux. Rosin based fluxes are most common but require post solder cleaning.

Fluxes are available both separately as pastes and as internal cores within wire solder. Each form has advantages and disadvantages. Use of an external flux permits precise placement in exact quantities, but consideration must be given to the activation temperature of the flux, which will be lower than that of the solder liquidus, and the time spent at this temperature. Too long at the latter will result in boiling off the flux and reducing its effectiveness. Flux core solder is easy and convenient to use but may require more solder than desirable to have sufficient flux for good coverage.

In practice, external flux seems to work best for parts of size 0603 or 0505 and below, while flux core solder appears satisfactory for larger component sizes.

**Soldering iron.** A temperature-controlled iron of suitable wattage is strongly recommended. The iron temperature should typically be set 20-30°C above the solder liquidus temperature. Tip size is important; it should be about the same size as the part. Too small a tip (corresponding to an iron of insufficient wattage) will take too long to heat the printed circuit board land and part, while too large a tip (too high a wattage iron) may damage the board or component.

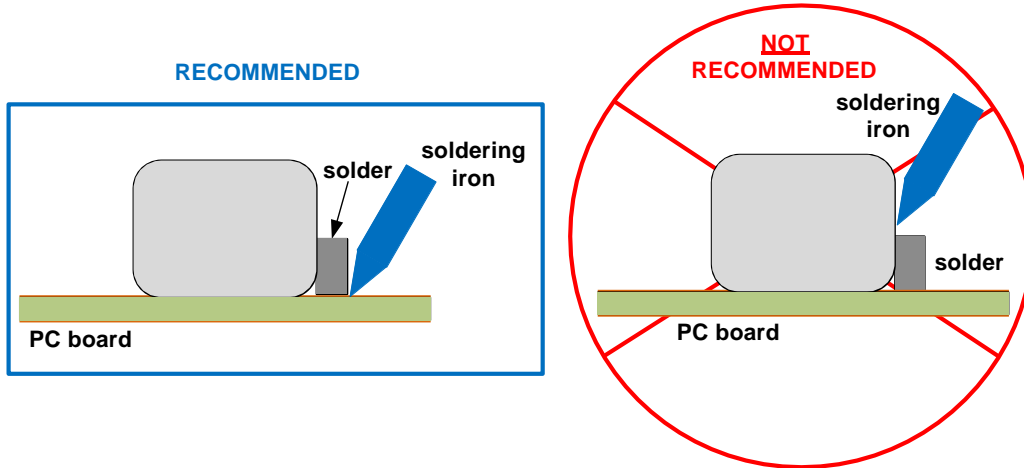
## ⚡ Soldering Procedure

The initial consideration is which end of the capacitor to solder first. The choice can generally be decided by recognizing that it is desirable to minimize the heat flowing directly through the component. Thus, it is best to start from the end that has the poorest heat conduction (equals highest thermal resistance) to a heat sink. (Were one to start from the opposite end, a good heat path would have been created through the capacitor to the heat sink when one soldered the second joint.) If it is not apparent which land has the poorer connection to a heat sink, begin with the one having the smallest area.

Follow these steps in soldering:

1. Pre-heat the substrate. Where possible, it is very desirable to gradually pre-heat the substrate, e.g. on a hotplate, to about 30°C below the solder liquidus temperature. Two steps are usually sufficient: Start the hotplate at a temperature about halfway to the desired pre-heat temperature, place the board on it and wait till the board temperature stabilizes, then increase the hotplate temperature to the desired final pre-heat value.
2. Pre-“tin” the traces. Select one of the PC board lands and clean it with isopropyl alcohol. If the solder you are using does not contain its own flux, place a small quantity of flux on the land, and a small amount of solder into the flux. (A razor may be used to cut a tiny custom preform from solid wire.) Place the iron on the printed circuit trace adjacent to the flux (but not touching) and heat the land until the solder melts into a flat, shallow pool. Remove the iron, then clean off any remaining flux with isopropyl alcohol. Repeat the procedure for the second land, then add fresh flux and a fresh solder preform (if not using flux-core solder) to each tinned land. (The preform should have sufficient mass to create a proper fillet – see step 5 – on the component.)
3. Pick up the component with either a hand tweezer or vacuum tweezer. (Stainless steel or ceramic- tipped tweezers are preferred.)
4. Place the component so that it straddles the circuit board lands, and make sure it lies flat on the board. As shown in **Fig. 1**, **Do not touch the component directly with the soldering iron.** Rather, touch the iron to the land adjacent to the capacitor until the solder begins to flow; then move the iron slowly toward the component.

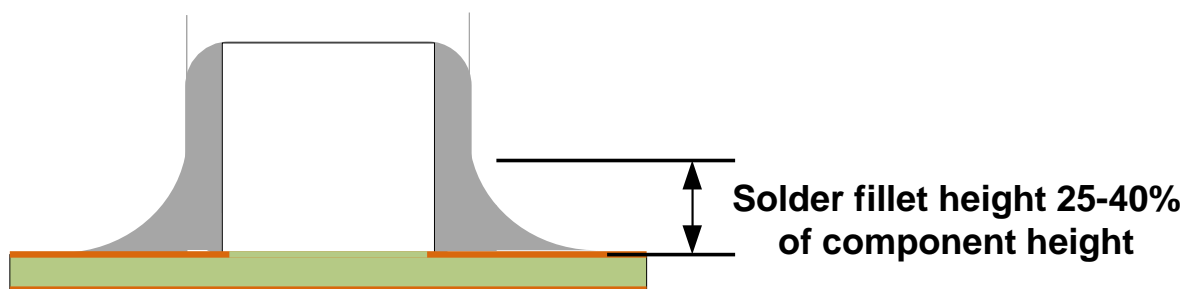
Fig. 1



5. When a fillet forms, remove the iron. As shown in **Fig. 2**, solder fillets should occupy about 25-40% of the component's height, have a concave profile, and be free of peaks and voids.

6. Repeat steps 1-5 for the second joint, then let the board cool gradually to room temperature. Use isopropyl alcohol to remove any residual flux from each joint.

Fig. 2



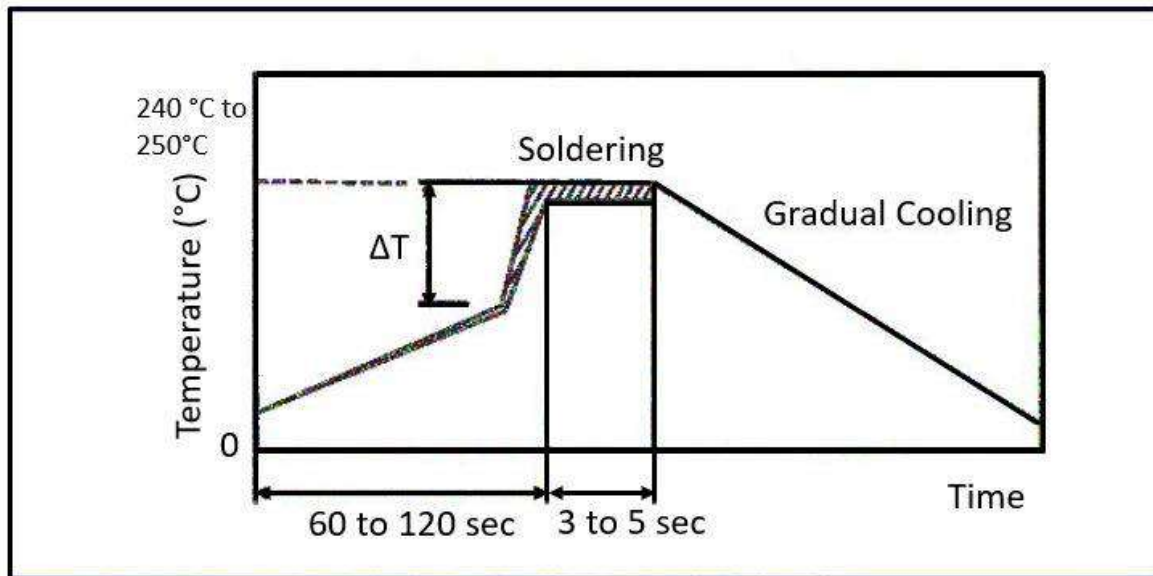
## ⚡ Wave Soldering

When sudden heat is applied to the elements, the mechanical strength of the components should decrease because remarkable temperature change can cause deformity of components inside. Also, long soldering time or high soldering temperatures, result in leaching by the external electrodes, causing poor adhesion or a reduction in capacitance value due to loss of contact between electrodes and end termination.

In order to avoid mechanical damage in the elements, preheating should be requested for both of the components and the PCB board. Preheating conditions are given in the table below. It is requested to keep the temperature gap between the soldering and the elements surface (.T) as small as possible.

When elements are submerged in solvent after mounting, be sure to maintain the temperature gap (.T) between the element and solvent within the range shown in the table below.

Do not apply the flow soldering to capacitors not listed in the table below.

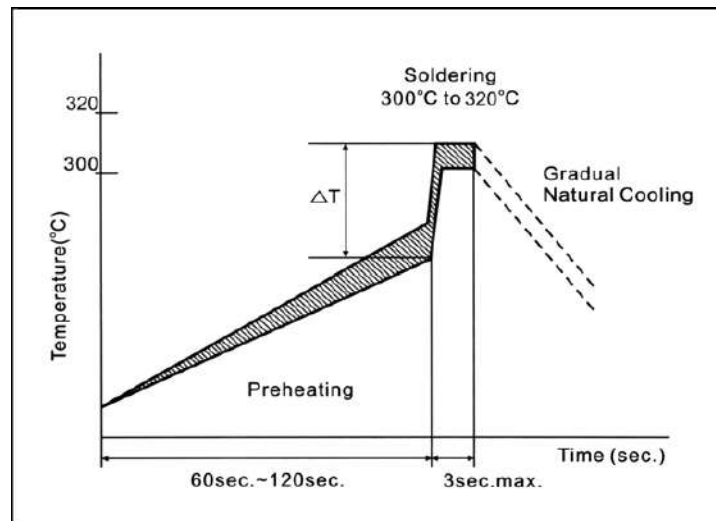


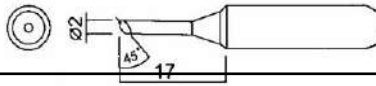
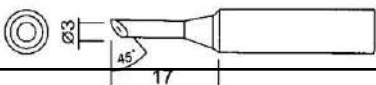
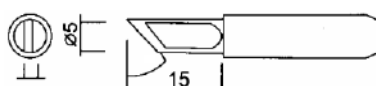
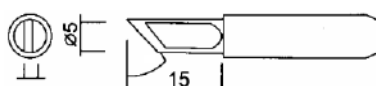
Chip Capacitor	01005/0201/0402/0603/0505/0805
Preheating	$\Delta T \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$

PPI does not recommend flow soldering for its 1111P/1111C, 2225P/2225C, 3838P/3838C.

## ≠ Soldering Iron

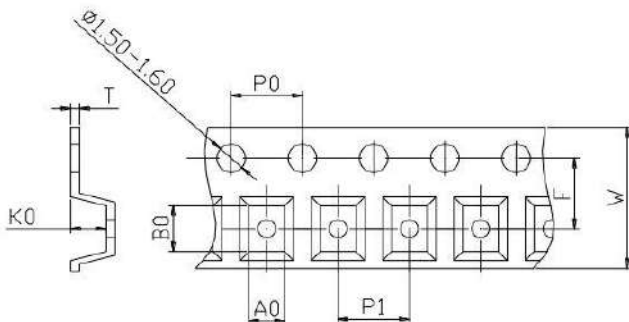
When sudden heat is given to the elements by soldering iron, the mechanical strength of the components should weaken because sharp temperature change can cause deformity of components inside. In order to avoid mechanical damage in the elements, preheating should be requested for both of the components and the PCB board. Preheating conditions are given in the below table. It is requested to keep the temperature gap between the soldering and the elements surface ( $\Delta T$ ) as small as possible. After the soldering, it should not be allowed to cool down suddenly.



Size	Soldering Iron	Temperature	Soldering Iron head Size	Solder
0505/0805	70W Thermostat Iron	330°C		63Sn/37Pb, 95.5Sn/3.8Ag /0.7Cu
1111		350°C		
2225		370°C		
3838		370°C		

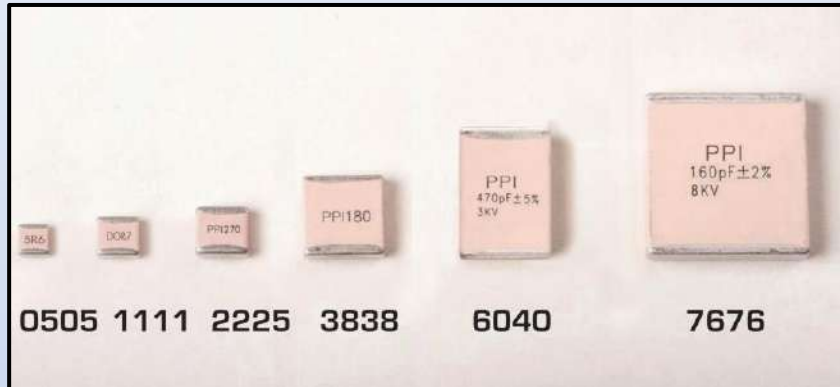
**High-Q Low ESR Capacitor Tape & Reel Specifications**

Case Size	Orientation	Measurement Unit	W	P0	P1	T	F	Minimum Qty per Reel	Std Qty per Reel	Tape Material
0201N	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.079 2.00	0.017 0.42	0.138 3.50	1000	15000	Paper
0402N	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.079 2.00	0.003 0.07	0.138 3.50	1000	10000	Paper
0603N	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.004 0.10	0.138 3.50	500	4000	Paper
0805N	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.009 0.22	0.138 3.50	500	3000	Plastic
	V	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.009 0.22	0.138 3.50	500	1000	
1111N	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.010 0.25	0.138 3.50	500	2000	Plastic
	V	in. mm	0.472 12.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.016 0.40	0.217 5.50	500	1500	
0505CP	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.009 0.22	0.138 3.50	500	3000	Plastic
	V	in. mm	0.472 12.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.012 0.30	0.217 5.50	500	2000	
1111CP	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.009 0.22	0.138 3.50	500	2000	Plastic
	V	in. mm	0.472 12.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.016 0.40	0.217 5.50	500	1500	
2225CP	H	in. mm	0.630 16.00	0.157 4.00	0.472 12.00	0.012 0.30	0.295 7.50	500	500	Plastic
	V	in. mm	0.630 16.00	0.157 4.00	0.315 8.00	0.020 0.50	0.295 7.50	500	500	
3838CP	H	in. mm	0.630 16.00	0.157 4.00	0.630 16.00	0.012 0.30	0.295 7.50	50	200	Plastic
0505X	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.012 0.30	0.138 3.50	500	4000	Plastic
1111X	H	in. mm	0.315 8.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.012 0.30	0.138 3.50	500	2000	Plastic
2225X	H	in. mm	0.472 12.00	0.157 4.00	0.157 4.00	0.016 0.40	0.217 5.50	500	500	Plastic



A<sub>0</sub>B<sub>0</sub>K<sub>0</sub>

- Determined by component size. Typical clearance between the cavity and the component is:  
.50 (.002) min to .65 (.026) max for 12mm tape.
- The component cannot rotate more than 20° within the determined cavity.



Marking shown for illustration purposes only.  
Actual marking may differ.

